# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Date of issue 10/21/2023 (month/day/year)

Version 1.03

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product nan	: SIGMADUR 550H BASE RAL 9016	
Product cod	: 00467652	

### B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Use of the substance/ mixture	<ul><li>Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li><li>Coating.</li></ul>
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information Email Address	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: +82-52-210-8222

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

### B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 

Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

:				¥2
:	Warning			
:	H226 - Flamr	mable liquid a	and vapor.	

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

	Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
	Response	:	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> </ul>
	Storage	:	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
с.	Other hazards which do	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS** number

not result in classification

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	30 - <40
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	10 -<20
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-95-6	5 - <10
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	1 - <5
n-butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	1 - <5
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	1 - <5
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	ZINC ORTHOPHOSPHATE	CAS: 7779-90-0	1 - <5
3-ethyltoluene	Benzene, 1-ethyl-3-methyl	CAS: 620-14-4	1 - <5
aluminium hydroxide	ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE	CAS: 21645-51-2	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	0.1 - <1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	BIS(PENTAMETHYLPIPERIDYL)	CAS: 41556-26-7	0.1 - <1
sebacate	SEBACATE		
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	TITANIUM DIOXIDE (<10 microns)	CAS: 13463-67-7	0.1 - <1
propylidynetrimethanol	TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE	CAS: 77-99-6	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Ε.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
	Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products Special equipment for fire-fighting	Suitable extinguishing media:Unsuitable extinguishing media:Specific hazards arising from the chemical:Hazardous thermal decomposition products:Special equipment for fire-fighting:

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	СС	intainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
titanium dioxide		Ministry of Employment and Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
		with less than 1% of free SiO2
Talc, not containing asbes	stiform fibres	Ministry of Employment and Labor
-		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: fibers
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Ministry of Employment and Labor
-		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
		benzene (mixed isomers)]
		TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate		Ministry of Employment and Labor
Ş		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene		Ministry of Employment and Labor
, yiene		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene (all
		isomers)]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
aluminium hydroxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
aluminium nyuroxide		[Aluminum, metal and insoluble
		compounds]
		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction
		ACGIH TLV (United States).
		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
thulbonzono		
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Employment and Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide (<10 micro	ons)	Ministry of Employment and Labor
		(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
		with less than 1% of free SiO2
Recommended	: Reference should be made to ar	propriate monitoring standards. Reference to
nonitoring procedures		r methods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required	
	•	
Appropriate engineering		on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
		controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
controls		nended or statutory limits. The engineering controls
controis		
controis	also need to keep gas, vapor or	dust concentrations below any lower explosive
ontrois		
controis Environmental	<ul><li>also need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof vent</li><li>Emissions from ventilation or wo</li></ul>	ilation equipment. In process equipment should be checked to ensure
	<ul><li>also need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof vent</li><li>Emissions from ventilation or we they comply with the requirement</li></ul>	ilation equipment. In process equipment should be checked to ensure ts of environmental protection legislation. In some
Environmental	<ul><li>also need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof vent</li><li>Emissions from ventilation or we they comply with the requirement</li></ul>	ilation equipment. In process equipment should be checked to ensure

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

C.	Personal protective equi	pme	nt
	Respiratory protection		Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Eye protection	1	Chemical splash goggles.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
			Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	1	Liquid.
	Color	1	Not available.
В.	Odor	1	Characteristic.
C.	Odor threshold	1	Not available.
D.	рН	1	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
G.	Flash point	1	Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)
н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Ι.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

K. Vapor pressure	:		Vapor Pressure at 20°C					ure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		n-butyl acetate	11.25		DIN EN 13016-2			
Solubility(ies)		Media	Re	sult				
,, <b>,</b> (,		cold water	No	soluble				
Solubility in water	:	Not available.						
Vapor density	:	Not available.						
Relative density	:	1.47						
<ul> <li>Partition coefficier</li> <li>octanol/water</li> </ul>	it: n- :	Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	:							
				••	°F		Method	
		Ingredient name		°C				
		Solvent naphtha (petrole aromatic	um), light	280 to 470				
Decomposition temperature	:	Solvent naphtha (petrole	um), light					
<sup>d.</sup> temperature		Solvent naphtha (petrole aromatic		280 to 470	0 536 to 8			
<sup>2</sup> . temperature	:	Solvent naphtha (petrole aromatic Not available.		280 to 470	0 536 to 8			

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
- **Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

### **B. Health hazards**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		Ũ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
·,_, ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
5	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Kylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
rizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
aluminium hydroxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.09 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
itanium dioxide (<10 microns)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
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#### Section 11. Toxicological information mists LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg ->5000 mg/kg -LD50 Oral Rat propylidynetrimethanol LD50 Dermal Rabbit 10 g/kg 14000 mg/kg \_ LD50 Oral Rat **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		•			
Skin :	There are no data available o	n the mixture it	tself.		
Eyes :	There are no data available o	n the mixture it	tself.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available o	n the mixture i	tself.		
Sensitization Conclusion/Summary					
	There are no data available on	the mixture its	elf		
	There are no data available on				
Mutagenicity					
	There are no data available or	n the mixture its	self.		
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	n the mixture it	self.		
Reproductive toxicity					
	There are no data available o	n the mixture i	tself.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	n the mixture i	tself.		
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>(single exposure)</u>				

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate Xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Additional information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	CAS: 7779-90-0	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	CAS: 620-14-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	CAS: 21645-51-2	Not classified.
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	CAS: 41556-26-7	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
sebacate	0/10: 41000 20 7	Chine CENCITIE ATTENT Category TE
30,000,00		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
titenium dievide (<10 mienene)	CAS: 12462 67 7	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
titanium dioxide (<10 microns)	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
propylidynetrimethanol	CAS: 77-99-6	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

# Section 12. Ecological information

### A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>ti</b> tanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Solvent naphtha	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(petroleum), light aromatic			
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
titanium dioxide (<10	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
microns)			
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods
   The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- B. Disposal precautions
   This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IAI	Α		
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1	263		
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAI	PAINT		
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3		
D. Packing group	III					
I		1	Korea (GHS)	Page: 12/1		

# Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA			
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.		
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.		
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 1		

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL: Iffanium dioxide Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene n-butyl acetate Xylene aluminium hydroxide ethylbenzene titanium dioxide (<10 microns)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed. Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) 9.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, talc / soapstone, n-butyl acetate, xylene, aluminum and its compounds	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, Aluminum and its compounds	
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, n-butyl acetate, xylene, zinc and its compounds, aluminum and its compounds	
В.	Regulation according to 0	Ch	emicals Control Act	
	Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Zinc and its compounds, Aluminium and its compounds, Ethylbenzene	
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	1	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	1	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable	
	Korea inventory	:	Al components are listed or exempted.	
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	1	None of the components are listed.	
C.	<u>Dangerous Materials</u> <u>Safety Management Act</u>	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited	
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Ε.	Regulation according to other foreign laws			
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).	

### Section 16. Other information

A. References	<ul> <li>Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Inform Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.</li> </ul>	ation
B. Date of issue/ revision	ate of : 10/21/2023	
C. Version	: 1.03	
Prepared by	: EHS	

### D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.