SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23 October 2023

Version

: 14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking		
1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199	
Product code	: 00322213	
Other means of identificati	on	
Not available.		
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	
1.3 Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet	
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lto	i.	
PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472		
Saudi Arabia		
Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34		
Fax. 00900 130 47 17 34		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa	
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture **Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Code : 00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision : 23 October 202			
SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 419				
SECTION 2: Hazards	Jentification			
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statements	Fammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away free heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Average release to the environment.			
Response	Collect spillage.			
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.			
Disposal	 Spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. 280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501 			
Hazardous ingredients	Fydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Nota(s) P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt butanone oxime			
Supplemental label elements	Contains butanone oxime and 2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt. May produce an aller reaction.			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Restricted to professional users.			
Special packaging requirem	<u>its</u>			
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.			
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.			
2.3 Other hazards				
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vP			
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.			

Code : 00322213

3.2 Mixtures

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23 October 2023

SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
₩ydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Nota(s) P	EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119473977-17 EC: 919-164-8 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 Index: 607-230-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	REACH #: 01-2119451097-39 EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6 Index: 607-230-00-6	<0.30	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1]
butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/ kg	[1] [2]
		English	(GB) United Arab E	mirates	3/16

 Code
 <th::00322213</th>
 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 23 October 2023

 SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199
 SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			igioaionto		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0 EC: 237-015-9 CAS: 13586-82-8	≤0.30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg -	[1] [2]
			4.00101		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

in Beeenption of mot ala m	
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	ifects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

	00000040	Deterring (Deterring)	
Conforms to 2020/878	Regulation (EC) No.	1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission I	Regulation (EU)

Code : 00322213 Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23 October 2023

SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Code : 00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision : 23 October 2023
SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 419	9
SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Acciden	tal release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

 Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). An obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnal handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. D or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined special adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved a from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explore electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container 	egnancy. Do not d. Do not get in eyes est. Avoid release to opriate respirator when ed spaces unless ved alternative made Store and use away explosion-proof Use only non-sparking rges. Empty containers
--	--

English (GB)

United Arab Emirates

6/16

Code : 00322213 SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 Date of issue/Date of revision :

: 23 October 2023

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
parium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: The value is for total dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 400 ppm		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] Notes: as Zr STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.		
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
nonane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
procedures Standard EN 689 by inhalation to o strategy) Europe application and u biological agents requirements for	d be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European 9 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement ean Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and b) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical nee to national guidance documents for methods for the determination		

English (GB) United Arab Emirates

Code : 00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision : 23 October 2023		
SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199			
	of hazardous substances will also be required.		
8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.		
Gloves	: F ∕or prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:		
	Recommended: natural rubber (latex), nitrile rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton ${}^{\otimes}$		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	:		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		

Code	: 00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23 October 2023
SIGMADUR	ONE GREEN 4199		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>								
Physical state	: Liquid.							
Colour	: Various	Various						
Odour	: Aromatic.	Aromatic.						
Odour threshold	: Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point	data for the follo	May start to solidify at the following temperature: -49°C (-56.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph Weighted average: -60.53°C (-77°F)						
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C	>37.78°C						
Flammability	: Not available.							
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known heavy arom.)	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)						
Flash point	: Closed cup: 44°	С						
Auto-ignition temperature	: Ingredient nar	ne	°C	°F		Method	d	
	So lvent naphtha (p arom.	etroleum), heavy	220 to 250	428 to 4	.82	ASTM E 659		
Decomposition temperature	: Stable under red	commended sto	rage and h	andling co	nditions	s (see Sec	tion 7).	
рН	: Not applicable.	Not applicable. insoluble in water.						
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm ² /s						
Solubility(ies)	:							
Media	Result							
Media cold water	Result Not soluble							
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	Not soluble							
Pold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not soluble : Not applicable.		r Pressure	at 20°C	Vap	pour press	sure at 50°C	
Pold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not soluble : Not applicable.			at 20°C lethod	Var mm Hg	oour press	sure at 50°C	
Pold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not soluble : Not applicable.	ne mm Hg I	kPa N		mm		- <u>†</u>	
Fold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized h 0.415 (nonane)	n), 3.7503075 (kPa N 0.5	lethod	mm		- t	
Øold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate Relative density	 Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized fi 0.415 (nonane) 1.08 	n), eavy 3.7503075 (compared with	kPa N 0.5 butyl aceta	lethod te	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Fold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate Relative density Vapour density	 Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized field) 0.415 (nonane) 1.08 Highest known ymage 	ne mm Hg mm Hg n), n), 3.7503075 (compared with value: 4.4 (Air =	kPa N 0.5 butyl aceta = 1) (nonar	lethod te ne). Weigł	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate Relative density Vapour density Explosive properties	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized fill 0.415 (nonane) 1.08 Highest known The product itse vapour or dust v	ne mm Hg s.7503075 (compared with value: 4.4 (Air = elf is not explosiv vith air is possib	kPa N 0.5	lethod te ne). Weigl formation	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate Relative density Vapour density Explosive properties Oxidising properties	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized f 0.415 (nonane) 1.08 Highest known The product itse	ne mm Hg s.7503075 (compared with value: 4.4 (Air = elf is not explosiv vith air is possib	kPa N 0.5	lethod te ne). Weigl formation	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure Evaporation rate Relative density Vapour density Explosive properties	Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient nar Maphtha (petroleur hydrodesulfurized fill 0.415 (nonane) 1.08 Highest known The product itse vapour or dust v	ne mm Hg s.7503075 (compared with value: 4.4 (Air = elf is not explosiv vith air is possib	kPa N 0.5	lethod te ne). Weigl formation	mm Hg	kPa	5 (Air = 1)	

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

Code: 00322213Date of issue/Date of revision: 23 October 2023SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

English (OD) United Arch 5
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Code<th: 00322213</th>Date of issue/Date of revision: 23 October 2023SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

- _____
- Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Nota(s) P	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butanone oxime	Category 1 Category 3	-	upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Nota(s) P	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy Nota(s) P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to	o the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Code	: 00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23 October 2023
SIGMADUF	R ONE GREEN 4199		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

Code : 00322213 SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199 Date of issue/Date of revision

: 23 October 2023

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Chronic NOEC 0.097 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Chronic NOELR 0.28 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	OECD 301 F 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	74.7 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s)	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Code: 00322213Date of issue/Date of revision: 23 October 2023SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 4199

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.
European waste catalogue	(E	WC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)			
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging			
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma Do not cut, v	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. veld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly void dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

English (GB) United Arab Emirates

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878						
Code :	00322213	Date of issue/Date of revision : 23 October 2023				
SIGMADUR ON	IE GREEN 419					
SECTION 1	4: Transp	ort information				
Tunnel code IMDG IATA	: The enviro	(D/E) The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.				
14.6 Special pr user	ecautions for	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		: Not applicable.				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 May cause cancer.

SIGMADUR ONE GREEN 419 SECTION 16: Other in					
SECTION 16: Other i	nformation				
Full text of classifications	H360D May damage H361f Suspected of H370 Causes dama H372 Causes dama H373 May cause da H411 Toxic to aqua H412 Harmful to ac	 H360D May damage the unborn child. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. 			
CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B Repr. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1E SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cate REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 3	IC HAZARD - Category 3 1 3 ITATION - Category 1 3 egory 1B egory 2 Category 2 1 CITY - REPEATED CITY - REPEATED CITY - SINGLE		
History					
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 23 October 2023				
Date of previous issue	: 1 March 2022				
Prepared by	: EHS				
Version	: 14				

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.