SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMAFAST 278 BASE (TINTED)

Product code : 00345820

Product description

Product type : Liquid. Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311

Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361fd STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response : Collect spillage.
Storage : Not applicable.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P260, P391, P501

Supplemental label

elements

Disposal

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and

cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|---|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane | REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) 4-nonylphenol, branched | EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7 REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8 | ≥5.0 - <10 ≥5.0 - ≤10 | STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) | [1] [2] [1] [3] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| xylene | EC: 215-535-7 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | [1] [2] |
|--|---|-------------|--|---------|
| Ayiene | CAS: 1330-20-7 | 25.0 - 210 | Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, | [1][2] |
| | | | H412 | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy) methyl] derivs. | REACH #: 01-2119485289-22 EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 Index: 603-103-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 | ≤1.0 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] |
| Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated | REACH #: 01-2119978273-29 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2 | ≤0.30 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | [1] |
| maleic anhydride | REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9 | ≤0.10 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 | [1] [2] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----|
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

ishing : Do not use water jet.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--|---|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | respirable crystalline respirable fraction] |
| xylene | TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,p-or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. |
| | STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| maleic anhydride | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| xylene | XYLENES |

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|----------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 12.25 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 12.25 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 8.33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 8.33 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.571 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 3.571 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day | [Consumers] General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day | [Consumers] General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 89.3 µg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.87 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 4.93 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.08 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| SECTION 6: Exposur | e cont | rois/personal pro | dection | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.4 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.8 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.8 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 7.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 15 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| xylene | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| Aylene | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 12.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | - |
| | | | | | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 12.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 33 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 43.9 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 78 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 183 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 369 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 553.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 553.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| ethylbenzene | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 77 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Long term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Short term Inhalation | 884 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| oxirane, mono[| DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | | | | | , |
| derivs. | | | | | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.87 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 3.6 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| Eatty acids C14 19 and | | | | | - |
| Fatty acids, C14-18 and | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| C16-18-unsatd., maleated | DNIE | Long torm Dormal | 1 5 malles builder | Conoral partieties | Cyctor: |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DVICI | Long torm Dormal | | | |
| moleje opkydride | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| maleic anhydride | DNEL DNEL DNEL | Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation | 0.4 mg/m³ 0.4 mg/m³ | Workers Workers Workers | Systemic Systemic Local |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.081 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.081 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.2 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.05 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.06 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.08 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.2 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.2 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | Fresh water | 0.006 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.001 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.996 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.1 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 0.196 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 10 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Secondary Poisoning | 11 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| xylene | Fresh water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 6.58 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 2.31 mg/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Fresh water | 10 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 41.6 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 4.17 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 2.47 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| ethylbenzene | Fresh water | 0.1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| • | Marine water | 0.01 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 9.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 13.7 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 1.37 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 2.68 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Secondary Poisoning | 20 mg/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Fresh water | 20.6 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Marine water | 6.1 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 μg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 117.8 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Marine water sediment | 56.5 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 35.6 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| maleic anhydride | Fresh water | 0.1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.01 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.334 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.033 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 0.042 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Aromatic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: 8 to 12°C (46.4 to 53.6°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane.

Weighted average: -25.93°C (-14.7°F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: liquid

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|----------------------|-----|-----|--------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 270 | 518 | |

Decomposition temperature

pΗ Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

| | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vap | our pressui | re at 50°C |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|-------|-------------|------------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| et hylbenzene | 9.3 | 1.2 | | | | |

Relative density 1.62

Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane). Vapour density

Weighted average: 8.34 (Air = 1)

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| sis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 23000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15000 mg/kg | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >7000 ppm | 6 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.2 g/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | LD50 Oral | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.7 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| maleic anhydride | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2620 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 400 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| SGMAFAST 278 BASE (TINTED) | 18590.0 | 24847.9 | N/A | 144.5 | N/A |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | 15000 | 23000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 1300 | 2140 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 5200 | 13000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | N/A |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 17100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| maleic anhydride | 400 | 2620 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|------------------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - |
| | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit | 0.4 | 24 hours | - |
| | Skin - Oedema | Rabbit | 0.5 | 4 hours | - |
| | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 0.8 | 4 hours | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 4 | - | - |
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Skin Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory Sensitisation There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | skin | Mouse | Sensitising |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| maleic anhydride | Category 1 | inhalation | respiratory system |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| xylene ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness

cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - Water flea - Moina macrocopa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Goldfish | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| oxirane, mono[| LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Trout | 96 hours |

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------|----------|
| derivs. | | | |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l | Fish | 30 days |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| e thylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| sis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane | - | - | Not readily |
| xylene ethylbenzene | - | | Readily Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|-------------|-----------|
| | 5.4 | 251.19 | Low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 3.77 | - | Low |
| maleic anhydride | -2.78 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Waste catalogue

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) |
| 14.4 Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane, 4-nonylphenol, branched) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **IMDG**

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation IATA

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|---|--|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Substance of equivalent concern for environment | 4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof | Candidate | - | 12/19/2012 |

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category | |
|-----------|--|
| P5c E1 | |
| E1 | |

National regulations

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------|-------|
| 1 / | Exposure Limits EH40 | silica, respirable crystalline respirable fraction | Carc. | - |

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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SECTION 16: Other information

| Classification | Justification | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data | |
| Skin Corr. 1B, H314 | Calculation method | |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method | |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method | |
| Repr. 2, H361fd | Calculation method | |
| STOT RE 2, H373 | Calculation method | |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Calculation method | |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | Calculation method | |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H361fd | Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Full text of classifications

| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
|-------------------|---|
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Resp. Sens. 1 | RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| Skin Sens. 1B | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B |
| STOT RE 1 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

<u>History</u>

Date of issue/ Date of : 23 October 2023

revision

Date of previous issue : 9 November 2022

Prepared by : EHS

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SECTION 16: Other information

Version : 1.01

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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