# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

pPG

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

Date of issue/Date of revision 25 October 2023

Version 1.07

Section 1. Chemic	cal product and company identification
Product code	: 00444824
Product name	: SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER
Product name	: SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 00 86 532 83889090

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview Liquid. Gray. Aromatic. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

#### Product name SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER

Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2         ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2      </li> <li>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2      </li> <li>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2     </li> </ul>
	26.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 26.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the
	aquatic environment: 54.1%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	<ul> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Health hazards	:	May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec	ts a	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Environmental hazards	:	Toxic to aquatic life.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	10 - <25	11099-06-2
ethylbenzene	10 - <25	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	10 - <25	107-98-2
xylene isomers mixture	1 - <10	1330-20-7
tetraethyl silicate	1 - <10	78-10-4
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1 - <10	14808-60-7
methanol	1 - <10	67-56-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important sympto	ms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protectiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency : personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders :	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Product name SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Environmental precautions</b>	1	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
		drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
		environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
		May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up **Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and • explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
ethylbenzene		GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019).
		PC-STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		PC-TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
5 1 1		STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene isomers mixture		GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019). [Xylene (all
		isomers)]
		PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		PC-TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
tetraethyl silicate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
tetraetry smoote		TWA: 85 mg/m <sup><math>3</math></sup> 8 hours.
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable p	owder (<10 microns)	GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019).
		PC-TWA: 0.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
		respirable dust, $10\% \le \text{free SiO2} \le 50\%$
		PC-TWA: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
		respirable dust, 50% $\leq$ free SiO2 $\leq$ 80%
		PC-TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
		respirable dust, free SiO2>80%
methanol		GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019). Absorbed
methanoi		through skin.
		-
		PC-STEL: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		•
Recommended monitoring		propriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		methods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required.	
A numerica consideration		
Appropriate engineering controls	. Use only with adequate ventilatic	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
	ventilation or other engineering of	controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
controis		controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
controis	contaminants below any recomm	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control
controis	contaminants below any recomm also need to keep gas, vapor or	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive
	contaminants below any recomm also need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo</li> </ul>	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur
	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requirement</li> </ul>	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some
Environmental exposure	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or</li> </ul>	nended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process
Environmental exposure	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or</li> </ul>	nended or statutory limits. The engineering contro dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof venti</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reduce the second second</li></ul>	nended or statutory limits. The engineering contro dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process
Environmental exposure	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or a limits. Use explosion-proof ventil</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the second sec</li></ul>	thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo
Environmental exposure controls ndividual protection measu	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or a limits. Use explosion-proof ventil</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the second sec</li></ul>	hended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels. thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo vatory and at the end of the working period.
Environmental exposure controls ndividual protection measu	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or a limits. Use explosion-proof ventil</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the second se</li></ul>	hended or statutory limits. The engineering contro dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels. thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo vatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing
Environmental exposure controls ndividual protection measu	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or a limits. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the seating, smoking and using the la Appropriate techniques should b Wash contaminated clothing before</li> </ul>	thoroughly after handling chemical products, beforvatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing or reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Environmental exposure controls <u>idividual protection measu</u> Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Use explosion-proof ventilities or workey comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the setting, smoking and using the late Appropriate techniques should be Wash contaminated clothing before safety showers are close to the vertice of the set of the</li></ul>	hended or statutory limits. The engineering contro dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment. rk process equipment should be checked to ensur ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels. thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo vatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Environmental exposure controls ndividual protection measu	<ul> <li>contaminants below any recommalso need to keep gas, vapor or a limits. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Use explosion-proof ventilities. Emissions from ventilation or wo they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or equipment will be necessary to reserve the seating, smoking and using the la Appropriate techniques should b Wash contaminated clothing before</li> </ul>	thoroughly after handling chemical products, beforvatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing or reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber
May be used: nitrile rubber
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>							
Physical state	1	Liquid.					
Color	1	Gray.					
Odor	1	Aromatic.	Aromatic.				
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100	)°F)				
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 21°	Closed cup: 21°C (69.8°F)				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known	range: Lower: 6% Upper: 44% (methanol)				
Relative density	1	1.14					
Solubility(ice)		Media	Result				
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C	C): >21 mm²/s				

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol tetraethyl silicate	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 1	- inhalation	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact		cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation
		pain or irritation watering
		redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Deleveral and immediate offer		

### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects	
General		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity		Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER	4108.6	5511.4	N/A	33.5	4.1
Silicic acid, ethyl ester	6270	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene isomers mixture	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	N/A	N/A
methanol	100	300	64000	3	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains methanol. Cannot be made nonpoisonous. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
methanol	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

## Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability						
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	I	noculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-	life	Photolysis		Biodegra	adability
ethylbenzene xylene isomers mixture	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
xylene isomers mixture	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
methanol	-0.77	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

Product name SIGMAGUARD 750 BINDER

### Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	П	П	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

References

: Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1) General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519) General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 25 October 2023
Date of previous issue	: 3/17/2023
Version	: 1.07
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.