SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 25 October 2023 Version : 1.01



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

Product code : 00281501

Product description :

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 1/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Fammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do

not breathe vapour.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P260, P308 + P313, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Restricted to professional users.

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

3.2 Mixtures

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | EC: 232-489-3 CAS: 8052-41-3 Index: 649-345-00-4 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine | EC: 217-164-6 CAS: 1760-24-3 | ≥1.0 - <3.0 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | [1] |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. Nota(s) P | EC: 265-192-2 CAS: 64742-89-8 Index: 649-267-00-0 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] |
| n-butyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | [1] [2] |

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 2/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| tetraethyl silicate | REACH #: | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | [1] [2] |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|---------|
| - | 01-2119496195-28 | | Acute Tox. 4, H332 | |
| | EC: 201-083-8 | | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | |
| | CAS: 78-10-4 | | STOT SE 3, H335 | |
| | Index: 014-005-00-0 | | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N-bis[3- | CAS: 74956-86-8 | ≤0.30 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | [1] |
| (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | | | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | |
| | | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | REACH #: | <0.25 | Skin Corr. 1C, H314 | [1] [2] |
| | 01-2119496068-27 | | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | |
| | EC: 201-039-8 | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | |
| | CAS: 77-58-7 | | Muta. 2, H341 | |
| | Index: 050-030-00-3 | | Repr. 1B, H360FD | |
| | | | STOT SE 1, H370 | |
| | | | (thymus) | |
| | | | STOT RE 1, H372 | |
| | | | (immune system) (oral) | |
| | | | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | |
| | | | (M=1) | |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 1, | |
| l | 55401111 | | H410 (M=1) | |
| butanone oxime | REACH #: | ≤0.30 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 | [1] |
| | 01-2119539477-28 | | Acute Tox. 4, H312 | |
| | EC: 202-496-6 | | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | |
| | CAS: 96-29-7 | | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | |
| | Index: 616-014-00-0 | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | |
| | | | Carc. 1B, H350 | |
| | | | STOT SE 1, H370 | |
| | | | (upper respiratory tract) | |
| | | | STOT SE 3, H336 | |
| | | | STOT RE 2, H373 | |
| proprietory eligement of | CAS: SUB128800 | ≤0.30 | (blood system) | [4] |
| proprietary oligomers of | CAS: SUB128800 | ≥0.30 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | [1] |
| aminoalkylmethoxysilanes methanol | DEACH #: | ≤0.30 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [4] [9] |
| memanoi | REACH #: 01-2119433307-44 | ≥0.30 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 | [1] [2] |
| | EC: 200-659-6 | | Acute Tox. 3, H311 | |
| | CAS: 67-56-1 | | Acute Tox. 3, H331 | |
| | Index: 603-001-00-X | | STOT SE 1, H370 | |
| | IIIdex. 003-001-00-X | | · · | |
| | | | See Section 16 for | |
| | | | the full text of the H | |
| | | | statements declared | |
| | | | above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 3/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 4: First aid measures

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water **Skin contact**

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep Ingestion

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

> is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

4/17 English (GB) United Kingdom (UK)

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Noid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 5/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| -butyl acetate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| tetraethyl silicate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). |
| | TWA: 44 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [tin |
| | compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO) as Sn] Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. |
| methanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices |

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.78 mg/cm ² | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7.56 mg/cm ² | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 10.56 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 22 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 22 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 30 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 40 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 44 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 44 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 50 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 60 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 80 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.1 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.6 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 4 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 5.36 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 50 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 8 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 50 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. Nota(s) P | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.41 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| iight diiphii 140td(6) 1 | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.9 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 178.57 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 640 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 837.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1066.67 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1152 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1286.4 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| n-butyl acetate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| In baryr doctate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 35.7 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic Local |
| | | <u> </u> | | | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 12 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 48 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| tetraethyl silicate | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |

7/17 **United Kingdom (UK)** English (GB)

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | | • | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 56 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 56 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 2.08 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.0031 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.0046 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.059 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.02 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.02 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.04 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.16 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.43 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 2.08 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| butanone oxime | DMEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 μg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DMEL | Long term Dermal | 4 μg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DMEL | Long term Inhalation | 4.82 μg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DMEL | Long term Inhalation | 28 μg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.43 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.9 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| methanol | DNEL | Short term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 20 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 20 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 26 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 26 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 26 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 26 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 130 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 130 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 130 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 130 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Fresh water | 0.18 mg/l | - |
| • | Marine water | 0.018 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.981 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.0981 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 35.6 mg/l | - |
| | Soil | 0.0903 mg/kg | - |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | Fresh water | 0.000463 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| · | Fresh water sediment | 0.05 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.005 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 0.0407 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.0000463 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| outanone oxime | Fresh water | 0.256 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 177 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| methanol | Fresh water | 20.8 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 2.08 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 77 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 7.7 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitionin |
| | Soil | 100 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 8/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

butyl rubber

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Not available.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 9/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-60°C (<-76°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.. Weighted

average: -79.83°C (-111.7°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

: liquid

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate)

Flash point : Closed cup: 32.78°C (91°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|--------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | 230 to 240 | 446 to 464 | |

Decomposition temperature

pH : Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Solubility in water : 5.5 g/l **Miscible with water** : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

•

Vapour pressure : 1.7 kPa (12.8 mm Hg) **Evaporation rate** : 0.89 (butyl acetate = 1)

Relative density : 1.19

Vapour density : Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 4.85

(Air = 1)

Explosive properties: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 10/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|---------------|----------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| etryleriediamine | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2413 mg/kg | - |
| Solvent naphtha | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >20 mg/l | 4 hours |
| (petroleum), light aliph. Nota (s) P | · | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 2000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| tetraethyl silicate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | 10 to 16 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 5.878 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6270 mg/kg | - |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2071 mg/kg | - |
| butanone oxime | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1100 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 100 mg/kg | - |
| methanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 64000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 15800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5600 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| SX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN | 34276.4 | 260421.0 | N/A | 693.2 | N/A |
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine | 2413 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| tetraethyl silicate | 6270 | 5878 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | 2071 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| butanone oxime | 100 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| methanol | 100 | 300 | 64000 | 3 | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Skin
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 11/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. Nota(s) P | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| n-butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| tetraethyl silicate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | Category 1 | - | thymus |
| butanone oxime | Category 1 | - | upper respiratory tract |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| methanol | Category 1 | - | - |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | Category 1 | - | central nervous system (CNS) |
| | Category 1 Category 2 | | immune system blood system |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. Nota(s) P | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

12/17 English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)**

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▼-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine | EC50 597 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate dibutyltin dilaurate methanol | Acute LC50 18 mg/l EC50 0.463 mg/l Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water | Fish Daphnia Fish - Trout | 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| r-butyl acetate | TEPA and OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| <mark>ଜ</mark> -butyl acetate | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 13/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|-----------|
| ≸toddard solvent Nota(s) P | 3.16 to 7.06 | - | High |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | Low |
| tetraethyl silicate | 3.18 | - | Low |
| dibutyltin dilaurate | 4.44 | - | High |
| butanone oxime | 0.63 | 5.01 | Low |
| methanol | -0.77 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- **Hazardous waste**
- : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

Waste catalogue

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| 08 01 99 | wastes not otherwise specified |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 14/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : None identified.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank **ADN**

vessels.

IMDG : None identified. : None identified. IATA

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not available.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

15/17 **United Kingdom (UK)** English (GB)

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5c

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Mam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Carc. 1B, H350 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 1, H372 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| ⊮ 225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H360FD | May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 16/17

PSX 892 HS ALUMINUM RESIN

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4**

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 1B **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B**

Eve Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eve Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Muta. 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2

Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B Skin Sens. 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 STOT SE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 25 October 2023

revision

: 7 November 2022 **Date of previous issue**

: EHS Prepared by Version : 1.01

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

17/17 United Kingdom (UK) English (GB)