SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 22 November 2023 Version 3

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00445112
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S BROWN
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	 Antifouling products Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	: PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal
	toxicity: 17.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 24.4%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	 Fammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	1	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not		Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Copper oxide rosin zinc oxide 4-methylpentan-2-one Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene zineb (ISO) xylene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine copper oxide copper cumene	25 - <50 10 - <20 10 - <20 5 - <10 5 - <10 3 - <5 3 - <5 1 - <3 1 - <3 0.3 - <1 0.3 - <1 0.1 - <0.3	1317-39-1 8050-09-7 1314-13-2 108-10-1 64742-95-6 95-63-6 12122-67-7 1330-20-7 220926-97-6 1317-38-0 7440-50-8 98-82-8

Product code 00445112 Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S BROWN

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	stomach pains
Indication of immediate m	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dícopper oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[Copper Fume]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [resin
	acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8
	hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
zinc oxide	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
4-methylpentan-2-one	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene]

Philippines

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, i 1,3-benzenedimethanamine ar		TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable particle TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (inhalable dust) Form:
copper oxide		Respirable particle ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Copper Fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
copper		TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Copper Dusts and mists] TLV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Copper fume]
cumene		TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TLV: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TLV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		ropriate monitoring standards. Reference to nethods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering co contaminants below any recomme	. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne nded or statutory limits. The engineering control ust concentrations below any lower explosive tion equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or e	process equipment should be checked to ensur of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process luce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measures	2	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lave Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing shoul	noroughly after handling chemical products, before atory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing d not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety on location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necesi gases or dusts. If contact is possi unless the assessment indicates a	approved standard should be used when a risk ssary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ble, the following protection should be worn, higher degree of protection: chemical splash lation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be
Skin protection	·	
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves a should be noted that the time to be different for different glove manufa	oves complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicate parameters specified by the glove manufacturer re still retaining their protective properties. It eakthrough for any glove material may be acturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>									
Physical state	1	Liquid.							
Color	÷	Brown.	rown.						
Odor		Aromatic.							
Odor threshold		Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)							
Flammability	1	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.							
Flash point	4	Closed cup: 35°C (9	95°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	4	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		zineb (ISO)		149		300.2			
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.							
рН	:	Not applicable.							
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
• • • • • • • • •		Media Result							
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water	No	t soluble	Э				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapor pressure	:		Vapor	Pressu	ure at :	20°C	Va	por press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Met	hod	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75	2.1					
Relative density	:	1.63	I					1	
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate

: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
• •	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic			0.0	
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
· · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.56 mg/l	4 hours
acid, reaction products with			0	
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine				
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	

Philippines

Toxicological information Section 11

Section 11. Toxic	ological information	1		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summany	There are no date evailable	on the mixture iter	lf	

Conc	lusio	n/Sumr	nary
Irritati	on/Co	orrosio	n

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	•	Exposure	Observation	
xylene	Skin - Moderate ir	ritant	Rabbit	-		24 hours 500 mg	-	
Conclusion/Summary				·				
Skin	: There are no da	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Eyes	: There are no da	ata availa	able on the mix	kture itse	lf.			
Respiratory	: There are no da	ata availa	able on the mix	kture itse	lf.			
<u>Sensitization</u>								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposureSpeciesF		Resu	lt				
zineb (ISO)	skin Guinea pig			Sens	itizing			
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
zineb (ISO)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
P-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2	inhalation	lungs
cumene	Category 2	-	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking an or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	nd/
Carcinogenicity	\overline{M} ay cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral	1547.81 mg/kg	
Dermal	3429.6 mg/kg	
Inhalation (vapors)	63.45 mg/l	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.03 mg/l	

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
light aromatic			
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
acid, reaction products with		subcapitata (microalgae)	
1,3-benzenedimethanamine			
and hexamethylenediamine			
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
		(Water flea)	
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
		(rainbow trout)	
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
		(Water flea)	
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine		83 % - Readily - 28 days 9 % - Not readily - 29 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4-methylpentan-2-one xylene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
osin 4-methylpentan-2-one 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene zineb (ISO) xylene	1.9 to 7.7 1.9 3.63 1.3 3.12	- - 120.23 - 7.4 to 18.5	High Low Low Low Low
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine cumene	>6 3.55	- 35.48	High Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			III

Philippines

Section 14. Transport information

	•		
Environmental	Yes. The environmentally	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally
hazards	hazardous substance mark is not required.		hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22 November 2023
Date of previous issue	: 2/27/2023
Version	: 3
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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