SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 24 November 2023 Version 8.02

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00393196
Product name	: SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Antifouling products Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	 PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 21% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 31.7% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 48.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 48.1%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	
Storage	: Store locked up.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
▶arium sulfate	20 - <25	7727-43-7
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	10 - <20	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5 - <10	107-98-2
pyrithione zinc	5 - <10	13463-41-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	3 - <5	122454-29-9
dimethyl carbonate	3 - <5	616-38-6

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Product code 00393196 Product name SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	Fatal if inhaled.
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
parium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
xylene		TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene] TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV-Ceiling: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TLV-Ceiling: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres		TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 20 mppf 8 hours. Form: Dust
Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 	
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be u Wash contaminated clothing before	oroughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. e reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and existation location
Eye/face protection	 safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. 	
Skin protection	•	
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves ar should be noted that the time to bre different for different glove manufac	ves complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicates parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, e still retaining their protective properties. It eakthrough for any glove material may be cturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance								
Physical state	4	Liquid.						
Color	4	Brownish-red.						
Odor	÷	Characteristic.						
Odor threshold	4	Not available.	ot available.					
Melting point/freezing point	4	Not available.	ot available.					
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
Flammability	1	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.						
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 28°C (8	2.4°F)					
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		1-methoxy-2-propanol		270	518			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.						
рН	1	Not applicable.						
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s					
Solubility(ies)		Media	dia Result					
Solubility(les)	1	old water Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.						
Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Press	ure at 20°C	Va	por press	ure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		dimethyl carbonate	56.78	7.6	OECD 104			
		L						

Philippines

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: 1.42
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingre- The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	
	cur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	cur.
When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	١
Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	ns:
Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated comport metal oxide/oxides	
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will n occur.	ot
:	 Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated comport metal oxide/oxides Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not support to the substant of the supervised storage and use.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
pyrithione zinc	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.14 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	177 mg/kg	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	<0.25 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	520 to 750 mg/ kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	28.7 mg/kg	-
dimethyl carbonate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.9 g/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
pyrithione zinc	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	mg 24 hours	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availa	ble on the mixt	ure itself.		

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
dimethyl carbonate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
pyrithione zinc	Category 1	-	-
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-	Category 1	oral	central nervous
(trifluoromethyl)-	Category 2	inhalation	system (CNS)

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Product code 00393196

Product name SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>8</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Fatal if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain
	watering
Inholotion	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
-	stomach pains
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	Skeletal manormations
	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.
top: canotico toxiony	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	453.03 mg/kg
Dermal	2100.07 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	33.33 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.37 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
e thylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl) -5-(trifluoromethyl)-	Acute EC50 0.012 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0015 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0013 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.00073 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0002 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.00017 mg/l	Fish	33 days
dimethyl carbonate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene pyrithione zinc	-	79 % - Rea 39 % - 28 c	idily - 10 days Jays	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
vlene ethylbenzene pyrithione zinc	-		- - 50%; < 28 day(s)		Readily Readily Not rea	y y

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
pyrithione zinc	0.9	0.9	Low
dimethyl carbonate	0.354	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)	(xylene, pyrithione zinc)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(pyrithione zinc, 1H-Pyrrole- 3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2- (4-chlorophenyl)-5- (trifluoromethyl)-)	Not applicable.

Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special pro	coutions for user . Transport within user's promised, shusys transport is sloped containers that are

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 24 November 2023
Date of previous issue	: 3/2/2022
Version	: 8.02
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Philippines

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.