SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 27 November 2023

Version 6.03

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMACOVER 456 BASE REDBROWN 6179
- : 00153975
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Uruguay SA Av. Italia 5846 esq. Ancona – Montevideo Uruguay Tel. +598 26000514 Fax. +598 26003032
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Hospital de Clinicas- CIAT- 1722

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Target organs	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
rarger organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Code00153975Product nameSIGMACOVI	ER 456 BASE RED	Date of issue DBROWN 6179	27 November 2023	Version	6.03
Section 2. Hazards	s identific	cation			
	Percentage toxicity: 27.		sting of ingredient(s) of unk	nown acute d	ermal
		e of the mixture consis	sting of ingredient(s) of unk	nown acute in	halation
		e of the mixture consis vironment: 66.2%	sting of ingredient(s) of unk	nown hazards	s to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statements	May be har Causes ski May cause Causes ser Harmful if in May cause May cause	an allergic skin react rious eye irritation. nhaled. respiratory irritation.	ion.		
Precautionary statements			C C		
Prevention	and eye or flames and ventilating o static disch	face protection. Kee other ignition source or lighting equipment.	e use. Wear protective glo p away from heat, hot surfa s. No smoking. Use explos Use non-sparking tools. T e to the environment. Avoid	ces, sparks, c ion-proof elec Fake action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	POISON C wash it befo unwell. Wa advice or a Remove co	ENTER or doctor if yo ore reuse. IF ON SK ash with plenty of wat ttention. IF IN EYES:	edical advice or attention. ou feel unwell. Take off cor IN: Call a POISON CENTEL er. If skin irritation or rash o Rinse cautiously with wate nt and easy to do. Continue attention.	ntaminated clo R or doctor if y occurs: Get m r for several r	othing and you feel edical ninutes.
Storage	: Store in a v	vell-ventilated place. I	Keep container tightly close	d. Keep cool.	
Disposal		contents and contain tional regulations.	er in accordance with all loo	cal, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged	or repeated contact n	nay dry skin and cause irrita	ition.	

2/14

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Resin	20 - <30	SUB110652
barium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7
xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7
Époxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	5 - <7	25068-38-6
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
carbon black	2 - <3	1333-86-4
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Description of necessary in	
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
Specific treatments	: quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

English (US)

Uruguay

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fig	ghting measures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Code Product nam	00153975 1e	SIGMACOVE	Date of issue R 456 BASE REDBROWN 6179	27 November 2023	Version	6.03
Sectio	n 6. A	cciden	tal release measures			
Small spill		:	Stop leak if without risk. Move conta and explosion-proof equipment. Dil Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, al appropriate waste disposal containe contractor.	ute with water and mop u bsorb with an inert dry ma	p if water-solu aterial and pla	uble. Ice in an
Large spill		:	Stop leak if without risk. Move conta and explosion-proof equipment. Ap sewers, water courses, basements of effluent treatment plant or proceed a combustible, absorbent material e.g and place in container for disposal a Dispose of via a licensed waste disp material may pose the same hazard emergency contact information and	proach release from upwi or confined areas. Wash as follows. Contain and c . sand, earth, vermiculite according to local regulation osal contractor. Contam as the spilled product. N	ind. Prevent e spillages into ollect spillage or diatomace ons (see Sect inated absorb lote: see Sect	entry into an with non- ous earth tion 13). pent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
<mark>ቓ</mark> arium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
xylene		fraction Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
carbon black		TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001).
2-methylpropan-1-ol		TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001). TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)		TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
Recommended monitoring procedures		propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering c contaminants below any recomm	n. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ontrols to keep worker exposure to airborne rended or statutory limits. The engineering control dust concentrations below any lower explosive lation equipment
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or	rk process equipment should be checked to ensure ts of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques should be Contaminated work clothing shou	thoroughly after handling chemical products, g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. e used to remove potentially contaminated clothing uld not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety tion location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	:	Various			
Odor	:	Aromatic.			
рН	:	lot applicable.			
Melting point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.5°C (81.5°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.4			
Solubility(ies)		Media Result			
Usidbinty (103)		cold water Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	430°C (806°F)			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			

Code 00153975 Product name SIGMAC	Date of issue OVER 456 BASE REDBROWN 6179	27 November 2023	Version	6.03
Section 9. Physi	cal and chemical proper	ties		
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): >40 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm			
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)			
Section 10. Stab	ility and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to rea	ctivity available for this pr	roduct or its in	gredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage	e and use, hazardous rea	actions will not	occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperature products.	es may produce hazardo	us decomposi	tion
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following mate oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, str		xothermic read	ctions:
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomp carbon oxides sulfur oxides halog 			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit -		-	-	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
•					

Uruguay

English (US)

8/14

27 November 2023

6.03

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Sensitization</u>					
	Route of exposure	S	pecies	Result	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	М	ouse	Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary		•			
Skin	: There are	e no data	available on the	nixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are	e no data	available on the	nixture itself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data	available on the	nixture itself.	
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are	e no data	available on the	nixture itself.	
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
x ylene	-	3	-		
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-		
carbon black	-	2B	-		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a	human carcinogen.	

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

English (US)	Uruguay	9/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	-	hearing organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,
lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous
system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	;	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary		silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by
Short term exposure		oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	-	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical management of toxic		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Code	00153975	Date of issue	27 November 2023	Version	6.03
Product nam	e	SIGMACOVER 456 BASE REDBROWN 6179			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMACOVER 456 BASE REDBROWN 6179	9102.9	3022.1	N/A	21.6	2.8
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
E_{poxy} resin (MW \leq 700)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
ylene - poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) - thylbenzene -			- -		Readily Not rea Readily	idily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	3	31	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (US) U

Uruguay

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	 This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.
Special precaution	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk	according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	8/9/2023	
Version	6.03	
	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Ca Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the Internation Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and La ATA = International Air Transport Association MDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient WARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Po 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage by Rail JN = United Nations	al Carriage of abelling of Chemicals ollution From Ships, e pollution)
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.