SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 12/4/2023 (month/day/year)

Version 24.03

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56 WHITE
Product code	: 00154033

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222
Email Address	Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: +82-52-210-8222

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
This product is cleasified in a	accordance with the Industrial Sefery and Health Act and the Chemical Central Act

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements



Product code 00154033

Date of issue 12/4/2023 (month/day/year)

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 WHITE

Section 2.	Hazards	identification
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	Hazard statements	:	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Precautionary statements	5	
	Prevention	:	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Response	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
	Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
	Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
C.	Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

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Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 WHITE

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate	2-propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer	CAS: 25608-33-7	20 - <30
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-95-6	10 -<20
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	10 -<20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	10 -<20
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	10 -<20
3-ethyltoluene	Benzene, 1-ethyl-3-methyl	CAS: 620-14-4	5 - <10
chloroalkanes(C=14~17)	C14-C17 CHLÓRINATED HYDROCARBONS	CAS: 85535-85-9	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
mesitylene	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 108-67-8	1 - <5
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	•		•
Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

 A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
в.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene (all
	isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
	benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
mesitylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
	benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

			(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
В.	Appropriate engineering controls		Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
C.	Personal protective equip	me	nt
	Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Eye protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
			May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance								
	Physical state	÷	Liquid.						
	Color	:	White.						
В.	Odor	:	Aromatic.						
С.	Odor threshold	:	Not available.						
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.						
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.						
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93	3.2°F)					
н.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.						
Т.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.						
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known rang light aromatic)	e: Lower:	1.4% Uj	pper: 7.6% (S	olvent n	aphtha (pe	etroleum),
K.	Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	r Pressu	re at 20°C	Vap	or pressu	ire at 50°C
			Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method

Vapor pressure			Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Solubility(ies)		Media	Re	sult		•	·		
		cold water	No	t soluble					
Solubility in water	1	Not available.							
Vapor density	1	Not available.							
Relative density	1	1.08							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	:								

°F

536 to 878

°C

280 to 470

Q.	Decomposition
	temperature

L. Solubility(ies)

Μ.

Ν.

0.

Ρ.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

- Viscosity R. Flow time (ISO 2431)
- Molecular weight S.
- : Not available.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

Ingredient name

: Not applicable.

aromatic : Not available.

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Method

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions		The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition
C.	Incompatible materials		products. Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:
	Hazardous		oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
υ.	decomposition products		Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.							
Potential acute health effects								
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.							
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.							
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.							
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.							
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>							
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations							
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations							
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations							
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness							

Section 11. Toxicological information

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
chloroalkanes(C = $14 \sim 17$)	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>48.17 g/m ³	1 hours
χ = γ	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					•	
Skin	: T	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	elf.		
Eyes	: T	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	elf.		
Respiratory	: T	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	elf.		
<u>Sensitization</u> <u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory	• • • •	ere are no data available on ere are no data available on				
Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary	: Tł	nere are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.		
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary	: т	here are no data available or	n the mixture its	elf.		
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: Т	here are no data available o	n the mixture its	elf.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Xylene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene mesitylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Reproductive toxicity	· May cause name to breast-red children.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 WHITE

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl- 2-propenoate	CAS: 25608-33-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
titanium dioxide Xylene	CAS: 13463-67-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (DEFEATED EXPOSURE) Cotegory 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
3-ethyltoluene	CAS: 620-14-4	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
chloroalkanes(C=14~17)	CAS: 85535-85-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
mesitylene	CAS: 108-67-8	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
<mark>K</mark> ylene ethylbenzene ethanol	- -		-		Readily Readily Readily	

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
chloroalkanes(C= $14 \sim 17$)	4.7 to 8.3	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	Low
ethanol	-0.35	-	Low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **B.** Disposal precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN

IMDG

ΙΑΤΑ

: None identified.

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA				
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.
Exposure Limits of Chemi	ical Substances and Physical Factors
The following components Manium dioxide Xylene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ethylbenzene mesitylene ethanol	have an OEL:
Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	: None of the components are listed.
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, xylene, ethyl benzene
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	: The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene
Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, xylene, ethyl benzene
8. Regulation according to C	Chemicals Control Act
Article 11 (TRI)	: The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene
Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	: None of the components are listed.
Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	: None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	: None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	: Toxic
Korea inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	: The following components are listed: chloroalkanes(C=14~17)

Product code 00154033

Date of issue 12/4/2023 (month/day/year)

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 WHITE

C.	Dangerous Materials	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid
	Safety Management Act		Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
			Threshold: 1000 L
			Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
			Signal word. Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to	<u>oth</u>	ier foreign laws
	Safety, health and environmental	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
	regulations specific for the product		

A. References	 Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
B. Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/4/2023

- C. Version : 24.03 Prepared by : EHS
- D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.