SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 8 December 2023

Version 4

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	
Product code	
Other means of identification	
Product type	

: SIGMATHERM 175

- : 000001011215
- : 00136663; 00136664
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin.

Code 000001011 Product name	215 SIGMATHERM 175	Date of issue	8 December 2023	Version	4
Section 2. H	azards identif	ication			
		ge of the mixture consist nvironment: 53%	ing of ingredient(s) of unk	nown hazards	s to the
GHS label elements	<u>1</u>				
Hazard pictograms	s : F		>		
Signal word	: Danger	• •			
Hazard statements	Causes n May caus Causes s May caus Suspecte May dam	le liquid and vapor. nild skin irritation. e an allergic skin reactic erious eye irritation. e respiratory irritation. d of causing cancer. age fertility or the unborr o aquatic life with long la	n child.		
Precautionary stat		1			
Prevention	and eye o flames ar ventilating	or face protection. Keep nd other ignition sources. g or lighting equipment.	use. Wear protective glo away from heat, hot surfa No smoking. Use explo- Use non-sparking tools. o the environment. Avoid	aces, sparks, c sion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	POISON wash it be rash occu water for	CENTER or doctor if you efore reuse. IF ON SKIN Irs: Get medical advice of several minutes. Remov	dical advice or attention. a feel unwell. Take off co l: Wash with plenty of wa or attention. IF IN EYES: re contact lenses, if prese persists: Get medical advi	ntaminated clo ter. If skin irrit Rinse cautious nt and easy to	othing and ation or sly with o do.
Storage			eep container tightly close		
Disposal		of contents and containe national regulations.	r in accordance with all lo	cal, regional, r	national

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	00136663; 00136664

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	20 - <30	64742-48-9
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	15 - <20	7429-90-5
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	7 - <10	64742-48-9
xylene	2 - <3	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	0.2 - <0.5	100-41-4
nonane	0.2 - <0.5	111-84-2
octane	0.1 - <0.2	111-65-9
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.1 - <0.2	136-52-7

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Noid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into
	sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Muminium powder (stabilized)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
xylene		fraction Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
nonane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
octane cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Octane all isomers] TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		nade to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to iments for methods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other eng contaminants below ar also need to keep gas	e ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne by recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventila they comply with the recases, fume scrubbers	tion or work process equipment should be checked to ensure equirements of environmental protection legislation. In some s, filters or engineering modifications to the process essary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing	and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. s should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing thing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ne workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash gogg	es.

Brazil

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: Þutyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α	p	p	e	а	r	a	n	С
	_							

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Gray.	
Odor	1	Aromatic.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F	·)
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.01	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	

English (US)

Brazil

Code 00000	1011215	Date of issue	8 December 2023	Version	4
Product name	SIGMATHERM 175				
Section 9.	Physical and c	hemical prope	rties		
Viscosity	: Kinemati	c (40°C (104°F)): >21 m	m²/s (>21 cSt)		
Section 10). Stability and r	eactivity			

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides	3:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
· · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg	4 hours -
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3.5 g/kg 3200 ppm	- 4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m ³	4 hours
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118000 mg/m ³	4 hours
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

English (US) Brazil 8/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary			
Skin :	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Eyes :	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory :	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization			
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin :	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory :	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity			
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary : Carcinogenicity Not available.	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary : <u>Classification</u>	There ar	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
x ylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	<u>-</u>
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Carcinogen Classification co	de:		
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4			

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
nonane octane	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central
nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,
lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene ethylbenzene nonane octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	♥auses mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

Brazil

Section 11. Toxic	ol	ogical information
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	fect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Frolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMATHERM 175	172151.8	38997.1	N/A	278.0	37.9
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
nonane	N/A	N/A	3200	16.79	N/A
octane	N/A	N/A	25260	118	N/A
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	3129	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
e thylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Dankaise Oseria dankaise da kis	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
kylene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
nonane	5.65	-	High
octane	5.18	-	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

8 December 2023

Version

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Section 16. Other information

н	ist	to	rv	
			.,	

Date of previous issue Version Prepared by	: 12/7/2023 : 4 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Date of issue

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.