SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 8 December 2023

Version : 2.15

Europe

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	:	SIGMATHERM 540
Product code	:	000001020161
Other means of identification	on	

00218772; 00218773

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.			
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.			
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.			

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the subs	tance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according to	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	
STOT SE 3, H335	
STOT RE 2, H373	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
The product is classified as ha	azardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text	t of the H statements declared above.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P260, P305 + P351 + P338, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	 Wene Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propy]trimethoxysilane
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
kylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Wollastonite	EC: 237-772-5 CAS: 13983-17-0	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	-	[2]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥5.0 - ≤8.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) propyl]trimethoxysilane	REACH #: 01-2119513212-58 EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	≥5.0 - ≤10	Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	CAS: 9022-96-2	≤1.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg	[1]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

methanol	REACH #: 01-2119433307-44 EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	≤0.23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l STOT SE 1, H370: C \geq 10% STOT SE 2, H371: 3% \leq C < 10%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	leasures
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important symptor Potential acute health effe	ns and effects, both acute and delayed <u>cts</u>

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	watering redness	
Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain 	
Over-exposure signs/sy		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Fotential acute health el		

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	· No specific treatment

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and materials fo	r c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
6.4 Reference to other	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
sections		See Section o for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
x ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	ACGIH TLV (United States).
cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	TWA: 100 ppm
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.
,	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
methanol	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring	
procedures	Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure
	by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement
	strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the
	application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and
	biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General
	requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical
	agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination
	of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
x ylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	DIVEL		550 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	71 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
, ,	DNEL	Short term Dermal	21 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	70.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	26400 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m^3	Workers	Local
toluono	DNEL	Long term Oral		General population	
toluene		0	8.13 mg/kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m ³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m ³	General population	•
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
methanol	DNEL	Short term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	26 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	26 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	26 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	26 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	130 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	130 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
kylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
-methoxy-2-propanol	-	Fresh water	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
5 1 1	-	Marine water	1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	41.6 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	4.17 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.47 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] rimethoxysilane	-	Fresh water	1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
, ,	-	Marine water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.36 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	0.14 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
thylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
5	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
oluene	-	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-		13.61 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Fresh water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	-
	_	Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Assessment Factors
nethanol				

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	 Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment Soil 	100 mg/l 77 mg/kg 7.7 mg/kg 100 mg/kg	Assessment Factors Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Assessment Factors		

Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated childing. Wash contaminated childing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers, in the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of gloves: Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrite rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA	8.2 Exposure controls	
Hyglene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166. Skin protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves are and bo minutes according to EN 374 is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the riskis involved and should be approved by a speci		or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Chemical-plash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166. Skin protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cancot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. Gloves For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butly lrubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistic protection class the instatic overalis, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requiments and test methods. Ap	Individual protection meas	
Skin protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection lime of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brie forntact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of gloves: Biody protection For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wera antistic protective clothing. For the greatest protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Respiratory protection Respiratory protection Respiratory protection Respirator selection mast and design requirements and test methods. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be aperoved by a specialist before handling this pr	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
wom at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the skies involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated		: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.Other skin protection: Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type A) and particulate filter P3	Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use,
Other skin protectionbeing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.Other skin protectionAppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type A) and particulate filter P3	Gloves	May be used: nitrile rubber
 Respiratory protection Respiratory protection Respiratory protection Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type A) and particulate filter P3 	Body protection	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN
hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type A) and particulate filter P3	Other skin protection	based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by
English (US) Europe 10/19	Respiratory protection	hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type A) and
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance								
Physical state	1	Liquid.						
Color	:	Colorless.						
Odor	1	Aromatic.						
Odor threshold	:	Not available.						
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-60°C (<-76°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy. Weighted average: -89.92°C (-129.9°F)						
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C						
Flammability	:	Not available.						
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known ran	ge: Lower	1.48%	Upper: 13.74	% (1-met	hoxy-2-pr	opanol)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 20°C						
Auto-ignition temperature	:							
		Ingredient name		°C	°F	N	Nethod	
		Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, isoalkanes, cyclics, aron		>230	>446			
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recom	mended s	orage a	nd handling c	onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
рН	:	Not applicable. inso	luble in wa	ter.				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >	21 mm²/s					
Viscosity	:	30 - <40 s (ISO 6mr	n)					
Solubility(ies)	:							
Media		Result						
cold water	Not soluble							
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1 :	Not applicable.						
Vapor pressure	:							
			Vapo	r Pressu	ire at 20°C	Vap	or press	ure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method

Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Relative density	: 1.19
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 8.1 (Air = 1) ([3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane).

ethylbenzene

9.30076 1.2

: Highest known value: 8.1 (Air = 1) ([3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane). Weighted average: 4.28 (Air = 1)

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Explosive properties	 The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapor or dust with air is possible.
Oxidizing properties	: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
9.2 Other information	
No additional information.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
soalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5300 mg/m ³	4 hours
rimethoxysilane	mists			
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient	name	Result	t	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ylene [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl trimethoxysilane]	Skin - Moderate Eyes - Cornea		Rabbit Rabbit	- 11.8	24 hours 500 mg 1 minutes	- 24 hours
Conclusion/Summary		i				-	
Skin	: There a	are no data available	e on the m	ixture itself	f.		
Eyes	: There a	are no data availabl	e on the m	nixture itself	f.		
Respiratory	: There a	are no data available	e on the m	nixture itself	f.		
Sensitization							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There	are no data availab	le on the n	nixture itsel	lf.		
Respiratory	: There	are no data availab	le on the m	nixture itsel	lf.		
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary							
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary							
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	onclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Teratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There	are no data availab	le on the n	nixture itsel	lf.		
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single (</u>	<u>exposure)</u>					
Broduct/inc	prodient na	me	Categor	rv F	Poute of	Target	organs

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methanol	Category 1	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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SECTION 11: Toxico	ological information
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	s : Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	s : Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

: Not available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Chronic NOEC 0.097 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
methanol	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	OECD 301 F 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low
methanol	-0.77	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging	I		
Methods of disposal	5	of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste Ild be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when feasible.	
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging	
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out.		

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: None identified.		
Tunnel code	: (D/E)		
ADN	DN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.		
IMDG	: None identified.		
IATA	: None identified.		
14.6 Special precuser	 Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. 		

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO**

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Explosive precursors

: This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Full text of abbreviated H statements

English (US)	Europe	18/19	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
	exposure.		
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	
H372	a b	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H370	Causes damage to organs.		
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H332	Harmful if inhaled.		
H331	Toxic if inhaled.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.		
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H301	Toxic if swallowed.		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.	

Code : 000001020161 SIGMATHERM 540	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8 December 2023
SECTION 16: Other information		

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] Acute Tox. 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1 **ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eve Dam. 1 Eve Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam, Liq, 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 **TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2** Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -Category 1 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -STOT SE 1 Category 1 SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -STOT SE 3 Category 3

: 8 December 2023
: 27 October 2023
: EHS
: 2.15

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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