# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 8 December 2023

Version 2.03

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1	S
Product code	1	C
Other means of identification	:	C
Product type	:	L

SIGMATHERM 540 000001020161

- 000001020161
- 00218772; 00218773
- : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eye, lens or cornea.</li> </ul>
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears.

Code 000001020161 Product name SIGMATHER	RM 540	Date of issue	8 December 2023	Version	2.03
Section 2. Hazards identification					
		tage of the mixture consis : 39.3%	sting of ingredient(s) of unl	known acute d	ermal
		tage of the mixture consis c environment: 50.9%	sting of ingredient(s) of unl	known hazards	s to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Dange	r ·	•		
Hazard statements	May be Causes Causes May ca May ca Suspec May ca nervou	flammable liquid and vapo e harmful in contact with sl s skin irritation. s serious eye damage. ause respiratory irritation. ause cancer. cted of damaging fertility o ause damage to organs the s system (CNS)) ul to aquatic life with long l	kin. r the unborn child. rough prolonged or repeat	ed exposure. (	(central
Precautionary statements					
Prevention	and ey flames ventilat static d	e or face protection. Keep and other ignition sources ting or lighting equipment.	e use. Wear protective glo o away from heat, hot surfa s. No smoking. Use explo Use non-sparking tools. to the environment. Do n	aces, sparks, o sion-proof eleo Take action to	open ctrical, o prevent
Response	POISO wash it unwell. severa	N CENTER or doctor if yo before reuse. IF ON SKI Wash with plenty of wate	edical advice or attention. ou feel unwell. Take off co N: Call a POISON CENTE er. IF IN EYES: Rinse cau at lenses, if present and ea ITER or doctor.	ntaminated clo R or doctor if tiously with wa	othing and you feel ater for
Storage	: Store in	n a well-ventilated place. k	Keep container tightly close	ed. Keep cool	
Disposal		e of contents and containe ernational regulations.	er in accordance with all lo	ical, regional, i	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolon	ged or repeated contact m	ay dry skin and cause irrit	ation.	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: 00218772; 00218773
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CAS number	: Not applicable

English (US)

Brazil

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	15 - <20	7429-90-5
Wollastonite	12.5 - <15	13983-17-0
1-methoxy-2-propanol	7 - <10	107-98-2
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	7 - <10	64742-82-1
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	5 - <7	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	1 - <2	9022-96-2
nonane	0.5 - <1	111-84-2
toluene	0.2 - <0.5	108-88-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	0.1 - <0.2	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	-	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	dica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Indestion	1.1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
	emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ministry of Labor and Employr 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- is TWA: 340 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.	
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
Wollastonite	fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	English (US) Brazil 5/15

			TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
			fraction
1-methoxy-2-propanol			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
			STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
			STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
			TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
			11/2001).
			TWA: $340 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
nonane			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
nonano			TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
			TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
toluene			Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
toldelle			11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
			TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
			TWA: 290 mg/m² 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
anyatalling ailing reasizable a	~	dar (>10 miarana)	
crystalline silica, respirable p	owo		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica
			crystalline]
			TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
			Respirable
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		priate monitoring standards. Reference to thods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	:	ventilation or other engineering conti	Use process enclosures, local exhaust rols to keep worker exposure to airborne
			ded or statutory limits. The engineering controls t concentrations below any lower explosive on equipment.
Environmental exposure			rocess equipment should be checked to ensure
controls		they comply with the requirements o	f environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process
dividual protection measur	<u>es</u>		
Hygiene measures	1	Wash hands, forearms and face tho	roughly after handling chemical products,
		before eating, smoking and using the	e lavatory and at the end of the working period.
			sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing
			reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
		safety showers are close to the work	station location.
Eye protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face s	hield.
Skin protection			
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling c	es complying with an approved standard should hemical products if a risk assessment indicates
		check during use that the gloves are	arameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It
		different for different glove manufact	akthrough for any glove material may be turers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
		several substances, the protection ti estimated.	me of the gloves cannot be accurately

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	4	Colorless.	
Odor	:	Aromatic.	
рН	:	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 20°C (68°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.19	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(les)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	30 - <40 s (ISO 6mm)	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5300 mg/m³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ylene [3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit Rabbit	- 11.8	24 hours 500 mg 1 minutes	- 24 hours
unneuroxysiiane					

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	
	. There are no data quailable on the mixture itself
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
₩ylene Wollastonite ethylbenzene	- - -	3 3 2B	
toluene crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	- +	3 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

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#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene toluene	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ethylbenzene nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

- pain
- watering
- redness

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMATHERM 540	9552.4	4374.7	N/A	46.7	6.0
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
nonane	N/A	N/A	3200	16.79	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		-		Readily Readily Readily	/

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

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Product nam	ne	SIGMATHERM 540				

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub> BCF		Potential
<b>xy</b> lene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
nonane	5.65	-	High
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT PAINT		
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	II	II	II	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

#### Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.			
Risk number	: 33			

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### Section 14. Transport information

IMDG	: None identified.	
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

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	40/07/0000
Date of previous issue	: 10/27/2023
Version	: 2.03
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods</li> </ul>
	by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Code 0000010	20161	Date of issue	8 December 2023	Version	2.03
Product name	SIGMATHERM 540				
Section 16. Other information					