# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 16 December 2023

Version 6

Date of issue 16 December 2023

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERSHIELD HARDENER
Product code	: 00289038
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
<b>Technical Phone Number</b>	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5         ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3         RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.5% (dermal), 2.6% (inhalation)     </li> </ul>
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms



Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H303 + H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.</li> <li>H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P284 - Wear respiratory protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	:	<ul> <li>P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	:	P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Son toxicological information	~ / (	Soction 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture
Product name

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- : AMERSHIELD HARDENER
- : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Rexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	≥90	28182-81-2
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤3.5	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤2.0	95-63-6
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	822-06-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
•	

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li></ul>
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. <li>No specific treatment.</li>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any	accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
incompatibilities	in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
	Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. $CO_2$ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.
	$()_2$ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurgation.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	IPEL (-). TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	None. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Trimethyl benzene, mixed isomers] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

С	= Ceiling Limit	•
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures** 

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	<ul> <li>Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Aromatic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.

Mexico Page: 7/14

#### Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Vapor pressure	: Not availa	ilable.	
Vapor density	: Not availa	ailable.	
Relative density	: 1.13		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 9.43		
	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	: pold wate	ater Not soluble	
Solubility in water	: Not availa	ilable.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applic	blicable.	
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Volatility		13% (v/v), 9.996% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 90.004		

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
(	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
<b>,</b>	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-

#### Date of issue 16 December 2023 Version 6

#### Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	151 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Mutagenicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Reproductive toxicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>			

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>oms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	<ul> <li>There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.</li> </ul>
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>cts</u>

#### Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERSHIELD HARDENER	2755.2	2721.9	N/A	1218.3	1.6
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	710	570	N/A	0.151	0.124

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Danio rerio (zebra fish)</i>	48 hours 96 hours
n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish Fish	96 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	\$	Biodegradability
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)			-		Not readily
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### Date of issue 16 December 2023 Version 6

#### Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)		3.2	Low
n-butyl acetate 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	2.3 3.63 0.02	- 120.23 -	Low Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information Mexico Classification** IMDG ΙΑΤΑ **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL PAINT RELATED MATERIAL PAINT RELATED MATERIAL **UN proper** shipping name Transport 3 3 3 hazard class(es) **Packing group** Ш Ш **Environmental** No. No. No. hazards Marine Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. pollutant substances

Mexico Page: 12/14

Product name AMERSHIELD HARDENER

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### **Additional information**

: None identified. Mexico : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to IMDG 2.3.2.5. ΙΑΤΑ : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Mexico**

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 0

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic

### effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	5/22/2022	
Organization that prepared the SDS	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient	

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.