# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Date of issue 20 December 2023

Version 5

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1
Product code	1
Other means of identification	1
Product type	1

- : SIGMACOVER 456 US GREEN 4199 BASE
- : 00333341
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

### Section 2. Hazards identification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

English (US)	Brazil	

Santian 2 Horard	la idantification
Section 2. Hazard	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, testes, thyroid.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 63.9%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 70.2%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 61.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> </ul>
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. result in classification

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
🖉 ystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	15 - <20	14808-60-7
xylene	15 - <20	1330-20-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	5 - <7	1675-54-3
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - <5	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - &lt;5</td><td>67924-34-9</td></mw<=1100)<>	3 - <5	67924-34-9
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2 - <3	117-81-7
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	st a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

English (US) Brazil
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and mater	ials for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

English (US)

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
xylene		Respirable <b>Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil</b> <b>11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)]</b> TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable p	owder (>10 microns)	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
Talc , not containing asbesti	form fibres	Respirable <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
toluene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to or methods for the determination of hazardous d.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom	tion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering controls r dust concentrations below any lower explosive ntilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or w they comply with the requireme cases, fume scrubbers, filters of	ork process equipment should be checked to ensure ents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and usi Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing sh	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, ng the lavatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ould not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety tation location
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be</li> </ul>
p	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	1	Green.			
Odor	1	Characteristic.			
рН	1	Not applicable.			
Melting point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.22°C	C (81°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	0.62 (butyl acetate =	: 1)		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	0.85 kPa (6.4 mm H	g)		
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.34			
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result		
Solubility(les)	1	cold water	Not soluble		
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	0.2 g/l			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
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#### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
phenyl]propane	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	
athulhanzana			00	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	25 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
			English (US)	Brazil	8/

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	<u> </u>					
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Species	Result		
Interpretended by the set of	skin		Mouse	Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There ar	e no da	ata available on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no da	ata available on the mixt	ure itself.		
Mutagenicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Carcinogenicity       Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no da	ata available on the mixt	ure itself.		
<u>Classification</u>	I more a					
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a hum	an carcinogen.		
xylene	-	3	-			
crystalline silica, respirable	+	1	Known to be a hum	an carcinogen.		
powder (>10 microns)						
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-			
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	-	2B	Reasonably anticip	ated to be a human carcinogen.		
toluene	-	3	-			
Carcinogen Classification of	code:					
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -						
Reproductive toxicity						
Not available.						

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Brazil

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>x</b> ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	inhalation - - -	- hearing organs - -

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, testes, thyroid.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	$\mathbf{M}$ ay be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>5</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity

- : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 456 US GREEN 4199 BASE	8040.8	3318.3	N/A	15.8	2.0
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	30000	25000	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	21 days 48 hours -

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	-	Photolysis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Biodeg	radability
vylene bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Readily Not rea	
ethylbenzene toluene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	7.6	588.84	High
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Code	00333341	Date of issue	20 December 2023	Version	5
Product nam	e	SIGMACOVER 456 US GREEN 4199 BASE			

### Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of previous issue	: 1/16/2020
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.