SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision20 December 2023Version 9.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW F/S 13538 RESIN	
Product code	: 00420817	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	 PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121 	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

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Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **Precautionary statements Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Photosensitive agents : In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed - get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed - get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact. : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Storage : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national Disposal and international regulations. **Supplemental label** : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent elements brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 22.8% (oral), 33.9% (dermal), 50.5% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name	: Mixture : AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW F/S 13538 RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Nepheline syenite	potassium, sodium, oxido-oxo- oxoalumanyloxysilane	10 - 30*	37244-96-5
heptan-2-one	methyl amyl ketone; 2-Heptanone; Methyl n-amyl ketone; METHYL (n-AMYL) KETONE; n-Amyl methyl ketone; Amyl methyl ketone; METHYL PENTYL KETONE; Methyl (namyl) ketone; KETONE C7; methyl-n-amyl-ketone; Ketone C-7	10 - 30*	110-43-0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol, acetate; 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane; Propylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; 1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate; 1-Methoxy- 2-propanol acetate; light stabiliser containing: — branched and linear alkyl esters of 3-(2H-benzotriazolyl)-5- (1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxybenzenepropanoic acid (CAS RN 127519-17-9), and — 1-methoxy- 2-propyl acetate (CAS RN 108-65-6); Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester 	7 - 13*	108-65-6
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl diacrylate; trimethylolpropane triacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo- 2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo- 2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester; Trimethylolpropane, triacrylate; 2,2-bis[(acryloyloxy)methyl]butyl prop- 2-enoate; 2-acryloyloxymethyl- 2-ethyltrimethylene diacrylate; Acrylic acid, triester with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol; trimethylolpropane triacrylate, technical grade; 2-Ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol	1 - 5*	15625-89-5

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	triacrylate; Acrylic acid 1,1,1- (trihydroxymethyl)propane triester		
butan-1-ol	n-butanol; 1-Butanol; n-BUTYL ALCOHOL; n-Propyl carbinol; 1-Hydroxybutane; Butyl alcohol; 1-Butanol (I); n-Butyl alcohol (I); METHYLOLPROPANE; Butyl hydroxide; 1-BUTYL ALCOHOL	1 - 5*	71-36-3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Kerosine - unspecified; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic; (Polyethyl) benzenes; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy arom ultra low naphthalene; Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Heavy solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom; AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; Solvent Naphtha (petroleum)	0.5 - 1.5*	64742-94-5
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	0.5 - 1.5*	123-86-4
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	hydroquinone; quinol; 1,4-Benzenediol; p- Dihydroxybenzene; Dihydroxybenzene; p- Benzenediol; 1,4-benezendiol; Hydroquinol; Eldopaque; Black and white bleaching cream; Aida	0.5 - 1.5*	123-31-9
titanium dioxide	Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00	0.1 - 1*	13463-67-7
naphthalene	White tar; Tar camphor; Naphthalin; naphthalene, pure; naphthalene, crude; MOTH FLAKES; Naphthalene (8CA & 9CA); naphthalene [PAH, POM];	0.1 - 1*	91-20-3
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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	NAPHTHALENE, REFINED; NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN; naphtalene		
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	0.1 - 1*	100-41-4
maleic anhydride	2,5-Furandione; Butenedioic anhydride, cis-; Dihydro-2,5-dioxofuran; Maleic acid, anhydride; Toxilic anhydride; Maleic acid anhydride; 2,5-Furanedione; cis- Butenedioic anhydride; maleicic acid anhydride; 2,5 FURANDIONE; Maleic anhydride and preparations containing it	<0.1*	108-31-6

*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	-	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	1	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	-	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth

and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Nepheline syenite	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
heptan-2-one	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
•	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWAEV: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	None.
butan-1-ol	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	C: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 60 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	None.
n-butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[butyl acetates, all isomers]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022) [butyl acotato, all isomore]
	6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	[butyl acetates (all isomers)]
	STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1,4-dihydroxybenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWAEV: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 4 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Titanium dioxide] TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer. OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
naphthalene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. OEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
maleic anhydride	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
······································	Skin sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapour.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWAEV: 0.01 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	inhalable dust and vapor fraction
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	OEL: 0.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 0.4 mg/m 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation
	sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Skin sensitizer.
	STEL: 0.3 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	1	polyethylene butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Yellow.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Flammability	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: 1.14		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 9.51		
Solubility/icc)	Media	Result	
	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.		
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (10	04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	
Volatility	: 41% (v/v), 31.357%	(w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 68.643		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	 When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Nepheline syenite	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
acetate			-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
butyl acrylate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	302 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LC50 Oral LC50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor	LD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRat	LD50 OralRat>5 g/kgLC50 Inhalation VaporRat>21.1 mg/lLC50 Inhalation VaporRat2000 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit>17600 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10.768 g/kgLD50 OralRat302 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>6.82 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat>20 g/kgLD50 OralRat>20 g/kgLD50 OralRat490 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat490 mg/kgLD50 OralRat17.8 mg/lLD50 DermalRat3.5 g/kgLD50 OralRat3.5 g/kgLD50 OralRat3.5 g/kgLD50 DermalRat3.5 g/kgLD50 DermalRat3.5 g/kgLD50 DermalRabbit2620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Eyes Respiratory

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Specie	S	Result
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	skin		Rabbit		Sensitizing
Skin	: The	re are no	data avail	able on the mixture itse	lf.
Respiratory	: The	re are no	data availa	able on the mixture itse	lf.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data avail	able on the mixture itse	lf.
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data avail	able on the mixture itse	lf.
Classification					
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP	
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl - 2		2B	-		
		3	-		
titanium dioxide - 2		2B	-		
naphthalene		-	2B	Reasonably anticipat	ed to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene		-	2B	-	

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

ARC: 1. 2A. 2B. 3. 4
-NO. 1, 2A, 2D, 3, 4
ITP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
TF. Known to be a numan carcinogen, Reasonably anticipated to be a numan carcinogen
DSHA: +
lot listed/not regulated: -
iot insteu/not regulated

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Category 2	-	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Product name AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW F/S 13538 RESIN

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 229T YELLOW F/S 13538 RESIN	4976.9	78014.6	N/A	61.1	5.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	5190	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	302	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Т	ox	С	ity	
			_	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
eptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence and degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Test Result			Dose	Inoculum	
Peptan-2-one	OECD 310	69 % - Readily - 28 days		-	-	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 2	8 days	-	-	
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 2	8 days	-	-	
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 1	0 days	-	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-lif	fe	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability	
peptan-2-one	-		-		Readily	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-		-		Readily	
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
peptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate	0.67	-	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	0.59	-	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Dispo with t and a recyc dispo all au landfi its co handl conta may o not cu intern	eneration of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. sal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply ne requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation ny regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- able products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be sed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of thorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or Il should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and ntainer must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when ing emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do it, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly ally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, ways, drains and sewers.
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Product name AMERCOAT 229T YELLOW F/S 13538 RESIN

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	(2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate)	(2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate)	Not applicable.

Additional information

TDG	: Th	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.				
IMDG	: Th	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.				
ΙΑΤΑ		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.				
Special precaution	ns fo	r user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
Transport in bulk to IMO instrument		rding	:	Not applicable.		
Proof of classifica statement	tion		:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).		
Section 15.	Re	gula	to	ory information		

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammabili Date of issue/Date of revision	ity: 3 Instability: 0 20 December 2023
Organization that prepared : the SDS	EHS
Key to abbreviations :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.