# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 9 January 2024 Version 2

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B
Product code	: 00473936
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
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### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

### Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.</li> <li>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.</li> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 5.4% (oral), 33.4% (dermal), 94.9% (inhalation)</li> </ul>

#### Version 2

Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n > 6)	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)- omega - (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; .alpha.,.omega Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Jeffamine 400; Jeffamine D 600; polyoxypropylenediamine; Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Poly(oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)-omega- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; poly (oxypropylene)diamine; Poly(oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)), .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	30 - 60*	9046-10-0
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N- (1-methylpropyl)-; 4,4'-Bis(sec-butylamino) diphenylmethane; N,N'-di-sec-butyl-4,4'- methylenedianiline; 4,4'-Methylenebis N- (1-methylpropyl)benzenamine; Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N- (1-methylpropyl-; 4, 4'-Bis (sec- butylamino) diphenyl-methane; 4,4'- Methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl) benzenamine]; ANILINE, 4,4'- METHYLENE BIS [N- (1-METHYLPROPYL)-; N-(butan-2-yl)-4- ({4-[(butan-2-yl) amino]phenyl}methyl) aniline	10 - 30*	5285-60-9
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Benzenediamine, ar,ar-diethyl-ar-methyl-; 3,5-diethyl-(2,4- or 2,6-)toluenediamine; mixture of isomers of 3,5-diethyltoluenediamine; Diethyltoluenediamine; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar- methylbenzenediamine; TOLUENE, DIAMINE-, DIETHYL-; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar- methylphenylenediamine	5 - 10*	68479-98-1
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha hydroomegahydroxy-; Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-; Polypropylene glycol; α-hydro-ω- hydroxypoly(oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene;	1 - 5*	25322-69-4

### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

1.2-ethaned(y)): propylene give) polyci poly(12-epoxypropylene oxide polycis: PO polycis: poly(propylene oxyde): poly(propylene oxyde): poly(propylene oxyde): poly(propylene ive): Polycis: PO polycis: polycis: PO polycis: polycis: PO polycis: polycis: PO polycis: polycis: Polycis: polycis: Polycis:				1
a*-1,2,3-propanetrilytris[u- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-       alpfa*:1,2,3-propanetrilytris[u- omega(2-aminomethylethoxy): Poly[oxy (methyl+1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.         Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated       Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.         Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated       Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.         Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.       1 - 5*         Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.       1 - 5*         Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediy]], a,1,a*.       1 - 5*         Polypropylene glycol: a-hydro-u- hydroxypoly(oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxinare: polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol: poly(oxymethane- 1,2-ethanediy]]; popylene glycol polyor       1 - 5*         titanium dioxide       Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutlie; Cl. Polypropylene glycol 150       1 - 5*       13463-67-7         titanium dioxide       Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); Cl 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutlie; Cl. Polypropylene glycol 150       1 - 5*       13463-67-7         Zeolites       ZEOLITE: Zeolite, MeO.Al2O3.2SiO2. NH2O, methyl = NN 18282-10-5; Itanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7)		poly(1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO polyols; poly(propylene oxyde); poly(propene oxide); poly (oxypropylene); α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Laprol 702;		
Image: Section 2016       hydro-omega-hydroxy: Polyfoxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl), a-hydro-u-hydroxy: Polypropylene glycol; a-hydro-u- hydroxypoly(axypropylene); POO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol; poly(foxy(methane- 1,2-ethanediyl)); propylene glycol poly(); poly(1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO Polyols; poly(propylene oxide); poly(propene oxide); poly (oxypropylene); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (oxypropylene); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-hydroxypolydroxypoly (a-hydro-u-hydroxypoly); a-hydro-u-	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α', α"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	alpha.',.alpha."-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[. omega(2-aminomethylethoxy)-; Poly[oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ ,', $\alpha$ "- 1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ $\omega$ -(2-aminomethyl- ethoxy)-; Poly(propyleneglycol)triamine;	1 - 5*	64852-22-8
77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; ittanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytianium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but nore than 10 µm, and — coated with ittanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 001 - 5*1318-02-1ZeolitesZEOLITE; Zeolite, MeO.AI2O3.2SiO2. NH2O, methyl = Na,K,Ca; aluminosilicates; Type-a Zeolite; Zeolite particles; Crystal structure types, zeolite; Aluminosilicate, spothetic, non- fibrous; zeolite dust; dioxosilane oxo (oxoalumanyloxy)alumane1 - 5*1318-02-1	Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	hydroomegahydroxy-; Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-; Polypropylene glycol; α-hydro-ω- hydroxypoly(oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol; poly[oxy(methane- 1,2-ethanediyl)]; propylene glycol polyol; poly(1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO polyols; poly(propylene oxyde); poly(propene oxide); poly (oxypropylene); α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Laprol 702;	1 - 5*	25322-69-4
NH2O, methyl = Na,K,Ca; aluminosilicates; Type-a Zeolite; Zeolite particles; Crystal structure types, zeolites; Aluminosilicates, zeolites; Zeolite, cuboidal, crystalline, synthetic, non- fibrous; zeolite dust; dioxosilane oxo (oxoalumanyloxy)alumane	titanium dioxide	77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 $\mu$ m or more but not more than 10 $\mu$ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206	1 - 5*	13463-67-7
Canada Page: 4/1	Zeolites	NH2O, methyl = Na,K,Ca; aluminosilicates; Type-a Zeolite; Zeolite particles; Crystal structure types, zeolites; Aluminosilicates, zeolites; Zeolite, cuboidal, crystalline, synthetic, non- fibrous; zeolite dust; dioxosilane oxo	1 - 5*	1318-02-1
			Cai	nada Page: 4/16

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

			0500.00.0
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	Oxirane, 2-[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]	0.5 - 1.5*	2530-83-8
trimethoxysilane	methyl]-; Silane, trimethoxy[3-		
	(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-; 3-		
	(2,3-Epoxypropoxy)propyltrimethoxysilane;		
	(3-(2,3-Epoxypropoxy)propyl)		
	trimethoxysilane; mixture consisting of: —		
	64 % or more, but not more than 74 % by		
	weight of amorphous silica (CAS RN		
	7631-86-9) — 25 % or more, but not		
	more than 35 % by weight of butanone		
	(CAS RN 78-93-3) and — not more than		
	1 % by weight of 3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)		
	propyltrimethoxysilane (CAS RN		
	2530-83-8); Silane, 3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)		
	propyltrimethoxy-; 2,3-Epoxy propoxy		
	propyltrimethoxysilicane; Coupling agent		
	KH-560; Coupler KH-560; 2-{[3-		
	(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl}oxirane;		
	(Glycidyloxyalkyl) trialkoxysilane [alkyl		
	(C1-3),alkoxy (C1-2)]		

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symp	o <u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> <li>No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	itainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mo up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any	with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a
incompatibilities	dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>P</b> oly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n > 6)	None.
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	None.
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	None.
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	None.
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha,\alpha',\alpha''-1,2,3$ -propanetriyltris[ $\omega$ -2-aminomethylethoxy)-	None.
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	None.
itanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada
	6/2022). [Titanium dioxide]
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dus TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022) TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	Skin sensitizer.
	OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dus
Zeolites	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada
	6/2022). [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds Respirable]
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022)
	[aluminum and its compounds]
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Aluminum metal and insoluble
	compounds]
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	particulate matter.
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	None.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	-	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Grayish-white.
Odor	: Faint odor.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 110°C (230°F)

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### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	: Not availa	able.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not availa	able.	
Flammability	: Not availa	able.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not availa	able.	
Evaporation rate	: Not availa	able.	
Vapor pressure	: Not availa	able.	
Vapor density	: Not availa	able.	
Relative density	: 1.02		
Density(lbs / gal)	: 8.51		
Solubility/ico)	Media	Re	esult
Solubility(ies)	cold wate	er Sc	luble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applie	cable.	
Viscosity	: Kinematio	c (40°C (104°F)): >21	mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 0% (v/v),	0.043% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	: 99.957		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1555 mg/kg	-
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-				
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-				
(2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n >				
6)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1100 mg/kg	-
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
butylaniline]	LD50 Oral	Rat	172 mg/kg	
diethylmethylbenzenediamine Propane-1,2-diol,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	472 mg/kg >10000 mg/kg	-
propoxylated (MW<2000)		Rabbit	>10000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1000 mg/kg	_
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.5 g/kg	-
1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ ',				
α"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω-				
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-				
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Zeolites	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	11.8	1 minutes	24 hours

Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: The	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Eyes	: The	re are no o	data availal	ble on the mixture	itself.			
Respiratory	: The	re are no o	data availal	ble on the mixture	itself.			
Sensitization								
Skin	: The	re are no o	data availal	ble on the mixture	itself.			
Respiratory	: The	re are no o	data availal	ble on the mixture	itself.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Carcinogenicity								
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: The	re are no o	data availal	ble on the mixture	itself.			
<b>Classification</b>								
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP				
titanium dioxide		-	2B	-				
Zeolites		-	3	-				

Carcinogen Classification code:

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data as forming methanol if h or fatal or cause blin as a GHS Carcinoge products, TiO2 is util case, the TiO2 partic human exposure to the brush or roller. Sand harmful depending of appropriate personal 8). Exposure to com occupational exposu membrane and resp and central nervous fatigue, muscular we consciousness. Solve through the skin. The vapors in combination expected from expose cause irritation and re vomiting. This takes and also chronic effector	hydrolyzed or dness. This en Category 2 lized as a raw cles are boun unbound part ding the coation on the duration I protective en ponent solve iratory system system. Syn eakness, drow vents may can bere is some on with consta sure to noise reversible dar into account ects of compo	ingested. If s product conta based on its waterial in a d in a matrix icles of TiO2 ng surface of n and level of quipment and ent vapor con result in adve n irritation an nptoms and s vsiness and, use some of evidence that ant loud noise alone. If spla mage. Ingest t, where know onents from s	swallowed, m ains TiO2 wh a IARC 2B cla a liquid coatir with no mean when the pro- r mist from sp f exposure an d/or engineer centrations in rese health eff d adverse eff signs include in extreme ca the above eff t repeated ex e can cause of ashed in the tion may caus wn, delayed a short-term an	iethanol may ich has been assification. For any formulation bouct is application of a polication of require the ing controls (in excess of the fects such as fects on the k headache, di ases, loss of fects by abso posure to org greater hearin eyes, the liqu se nausea, di nd immediate d long-term e	be harmful classified for many n. In this cial for ed with a ons may be a use of see Section ne stated mucous cidneys, liver zziness, rption ganic solvent og loss than id may arrhea and e effects
<u>Short term exposure</u>							
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itse	elf.		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itse	elf.		
Long term exposure							
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itse	elf.		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itse	elf.		
Potential chronic health eff							
General		— May cause damage or repeated contact o dermatitis.					
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causine exposure.	g cancer.  Ri	sk of cancer	depends on o	duration and I	evel of
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant	t effects or cr	itical hazards	6.		
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant	t effects or cr	itical hazards	6.		
Numerical measures of toxic	itv	C C					
Acute toxicity estimates							
Product/ingredient name			Oral (mg/	Dermal	Inhalation	Inhalation	Inhalation
Product/ingredient name			kg)	(mg/kg)	(gases) (ppm)	(vapors) (mg/l)	(dusts and mists) (mg/l)

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B	1174.0	1765.2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	1100	1555	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- (r	>				
6)					
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	1400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	472	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α',	N/A	12500	N/A	N/A	N/A
α"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-					
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

-			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
diethylmethylbenzenediamine Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Acute EC50 0.5 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
titanium dioxide Zeolites	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >680 mg/l Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Daphnia	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
diethylmethylbenzenediamine Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000) Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	14.7 -0.68 to 0.01 -0.68 to 0.01	-	High Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	<b>UN3082</b>	VN3082	VN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
	Miethylmethylbenzenediamine, Oxazolidine, 3-butyl-2- (1-ethylpentyl)-)	✔diethylmethylbenzenediamine, Oxazolidine, 3-butyl-2- (1-ethylpentyl)-)	diethylmethylbenzenediamine, Oxazolidine, 3-butyl-2- (1-ethylpentyl)-)
Transport hazard class (es)	9	9	9
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	<mark>ℓ</mark> diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	Not applicable.

Additional in	Iformation
TDG	: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
IMDG	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special prec	autions for user : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in to IMO instru	bulk according : Not applicable. uments

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#### Version 2

### Product name SL85 JF JOINT FILLER LIGHT GRAY 1221 - B

### Section 14. Transport information

Proof of classification statement

: Froduct classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: At least one component is not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

## The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammabil	lity : 1 Instability : 0
Date of issue/Date of revision	9 January 2024
Organization that prepared : the SDS	EHS
Key to abbreviations :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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