SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 10 January 2024

Version 8

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMACOVER 350 BASE GREY 5177
- : 00220295
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG INDUSTRIES CHILE S.A. Puerto Madero 9710, Of. 23 Pudahuel - Chile Teléfono: +56 (2) 2571 0750 Fax: +56 (2) 2571 0752
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: +56 (2) 2777 1994 (RITA CHILE)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

<u> </u>			
	English (US)	Chile	1/15

Section 2. Hazards	Section 2. Hazards identification		
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 52% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 65.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 62.1% 		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 		
Precautionary statements			
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.		
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. result in classification

Classification according to : 3 NCh382: Label according to : NCh2190:



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	15 - <20	14807-96-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	15 - <20	14808-60-7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>12.5 - <15</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	12.5 - <15	25036-25-3
xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	5 - <7	1675-54-3
benzyl alcohol	3 - <5	100-51-6
2-methylpropan-1-ol	3 - <5	78-83-1
titanium dioxide	3 - <5	13463-67-7
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1 - <2	14808-60-7
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	1 - <2	55349-01-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	ry first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

English (US)

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medi	<u>ca</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

N	
<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).

Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

	-	-
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

▼alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 1.75 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
	TWA: 0.08 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>Not regulated.</td></mw<=1100)<>	Not regulated.
xileno	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). [Xylene]
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 380 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.
Bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)fenil]propano	Not regulated.
Alcohol bencílico	Not regulated.
2-Metilpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
	TWA: 133 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
diávido do titorio (on forma do notvo v contoniondo un 10/ o más do	TWA: 44 ppm 8 hours.
dióxido de titanio (en forma de polvo y conteniendo un 1% o más de partículas con un diámetro < 10um)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
particulas con un diametro < rouni)	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Etilbenceno	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
Elibericeno	STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 380 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
	TWA: 0.08 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	Not regulated.
Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appro procedures : national guidance documents for me substances will also be required.	priate monitoring standards. Reference to those for the determination of hazardous

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

English (US)	Chile	6/15

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Section 6. Exposi	re controls/personal protection
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>35</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection Hand protection	. Chemical registent impensious glaves complying with an enproved standard should
	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this i necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.

		•	•		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	1	1.46			
Solubility(ies)	:	Media	Result		
oolubility(ics)		cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	ture : Not available.				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			
Viscosity	1	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	lients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	ur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reaction oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	IS:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following n carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	naterials

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽́роху Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-

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2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation V LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral					24.6 2460 2830	mg/l mg/kg mg/kg	4 hours -
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation E LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	ousts and mists Rat Rabbit Rat			>6.82 >500 >500	2 mg/l 0 mg/kg 0 mg/kg	4 hours - -	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral			Rat Rabbit Rat		17.8 g/kg -		4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There are no d	ata availa	able on	the mixt	ure itsel	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Score)	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate i	rritant	Rabb	Rabbit -			24 hours 50 mg	0 -
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	5			Rabbit -			24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness c conjunctivae Skin - Edema	ss of the Rabbit Rabbit			0.4 0.5		24 hours 4 hours	-
	Skin - Edema Skin - Erythema/E Skin - Mild irritant		schar Rabbit		0.8		4 hours 4 hours 4 hours	-
Conclusion/Summary Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Eyes Respiratory Sensitization	 There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. 							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure Species Result							
bís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse			Sensitizing			
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available.	 There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. 							
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<pre>prystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)</pre>	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

: Not available.
<u>s</u>
: Causes serious eye damage.
: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
 cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated

Section 11. Toxicological information

	oregioar mermation
	exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short- term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

	or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or			
	dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when			
	subsequently exposed to very low levels.			
Carcinogenicity :	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			

- **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMACOVER 350 BASE GREY 5177	5692.9	2878.1	N/A	27.8	2.7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Other information

: Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

	-		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia	4 4 4

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life)	Photolysis		Biodeg	, gradability
xylene bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene	- - -		- - -		Readily Not rea Readily Readily	adily /

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mo	bil	lity	in	soil	
		_			

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

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English (US)	Chile	13/15
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	Ш	III	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	: NCh 382 - Hazardous substances - General terminology and classification.
environmental regulations	NCh 2245 - Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemicals - Contents and section order.
specific for the product	D. S. 148 - Sanitary regulations on hazardous waste management.
	D. S. 298 - Transport of dangerous goods by road.
	D. S. 374 – Limit for Lead content in paints.
	D. S. 594 - Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental conditions at workplace.

English	(US)	Chile

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 11/8/2022
Version	: 8 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.