# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013



Date of issue/Date of revision 12 January 2024

Version 12	.02
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Section 1. Chemical product and company identification			
Product code	: 00271139		
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56		
Product name	: PPG VIKOTE 56		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd 53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town, 215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 00 86 532 83889090		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

### Emergency overview

Liquid. Various Aromatic. [Strong] Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

### See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Product code 00271139

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56

Section 2.	Hazards	i	dentification	
Classification of	the			Cate

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal
	toxicity: 45%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 58.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the
	aquatic environment: 26.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	$ \land \land$
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Huzura statements	May be harmful in contact with skin.
	Causes skin irritation.
	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Harmful if inhaled.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	Toxic to aquatic life.
<b>_</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions
	have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and
	eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames
	and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static
	discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the
	environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF
	INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a
	POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off
	immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a
	POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin
	irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with
	water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Outitable autitativitabile	Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Suitable extinguishing	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
media	
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	Keep cool.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	:	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Health hazards	:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Environmental hazards	:	Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number : No	ot applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	25 - <40	64742-95-6
xylene isomers mixture	10 - <25	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	10 - <25	95-63-6
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	1 - <10	63449-39-8
ethylbenzene	1 - <10	100-41-4
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	1 - <10	108-67-8
n-propylbenzene	1 - <10	103-65-1
1,2,3-trimethyl benzene	1 - <10	526-73-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Potential acute health effects	<u>5</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any		accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not
		store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

controlsthey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measures	Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         ethylbenzene       GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.         1,3,5-trimethylbenzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         1,2,3-trimethyl benzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ndividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befer eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reu	ylene isomers mixture			isomers)] PC-STEL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 minute	
ethylbenzeneGBZ 2.1 (Čhina, 11/2022). PC-STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PC-STWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.1,3,5-trimethylbenzeneACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.1,2,3-trimethyl benzeneReference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controlsEnvironmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befreeting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to termove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			ACGIH TLV (United St	ates, 1/20	23).
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         1,2,3-trimethyl benzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering contra also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ndividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothir Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	ethylbenzene			GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/20 PC-STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<b>22).</b> 15 minute	s.
1,2,3-trimethyl benzene       ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         ndividual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befre eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothir Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	1,3,5-trimethylbenzene			ACGIH TLV (United St [trimethyl benzene, is	ates, 1/20 omers]	23).
proceduresnational guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controlEnvironmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	1,2,3-trimethyl benzene			ACGIH TLV (United St [trimethyl benzene, is	ates, 1/20 omers]	23).
<ul> <li>controls</li> <li>ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> <li>Environmental exposure controls</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> <li>Mash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothir Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>		nationa	guidance documents for r			
controlsthey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In som cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.ndividual protection measures		ventilat contam also ne	on or other engineering co nants below any recomme d to keep gas, vapor or d	ntrols to keep worker exposended or statutory limits. The ust concentrations below any	ure to airbo e engineer	orne ring controls
<ul> <li>Hygiene measures</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>	-	they co cases,	nply with the requirements ume scrubbers, filters or e	of environmental protection ngineering modifications to	legislatior	n. In some
eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	ndividual protection measure	<u>es</u>				
Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles.	Hygiene measures	eating, Approp Wash o	moking and using the lava iate techniques should be ontaminated clothing befor	atory and at the end of the w used to remove potentially o re reusing. Ensure that eyev	orking per	iod. ted clothing.
	Eye protection	: Chemio	al splash goggles.			

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	.iquid.	
Color	/arious	
Odor	Aromatic. [Strong]	
Boiling point	•37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 39.6°C (103.3°F)	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum ight aromatic)	ı),
Relative density	.02	
Solubility(ies)	Media Result	
oolubility(los)	cold water Not soluble	
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	
Viscosity	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/ oxides</li> </ul>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and	LD50 Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro				
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
n-propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-trimethyl benzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
vylene isomers mixture	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,3-trimethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely<br/>routes of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effectsEye contact<br/>Inhalation: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May<br/>cause drowsiness or dizziness.Skin contact<br/>Ingestion: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PG VIKOTE 56 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic xylene isomers mixture 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro ethylbenzene 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene n-propylbenzene 1,2,3-trimethyl benzene	10401.8 8400 4300 5000 26100 3500 5000 6040 11400	3308.5 3480 1700 N/A N/A 17800 N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	18.7 N/A 11 18 N/A 17.8 24 N/A N/A	2.1 N/A 1.5 1.5 N/A 1.5 N/A N/A N/A

### Other information

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
₩jlene isomers mixture ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
vylene isomers mixture	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Paraffin waxes and	7.46 to 11.48	-	High
Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro			
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	3.42	186.21	Low
n-propylbenzene	3.69	-	Low
1,2,3-trimethyl benzene	3.66	194.98	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	Ш	Ш	=
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

CN	: None identified.
UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

References	: Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China
References	· · · ·
	Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China
	Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China
	Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China
	Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals
	Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1)
	General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690) Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/ T16483)
	Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/ T17519)
	General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258) Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12 January 2024
Date of previous issue	: 3/17/2023
Version	: 12.02
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.