SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024 Version : 6



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

Product code : 00328968

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paints Egypt Villa#8, street 279 New Maadi, Cairo

Egypt

Tel: 00202 516 223 797 Fax: 00202 516 38 04

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number

: +20 2 6840902

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

English (GB)	Egypt	1/16
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SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Fammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not

breathe vapour.

Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

280, P210, P260, P308 + P313, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients : Fydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

2-ethylhexanoic acid butanone oxime

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Supplemental label elements

Cicinonic

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

English (GB) Egypt 2/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024 SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Flydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Limits, M-factors	Туре
hydrotreated heavy Nota(s) CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6 Index: 649-327-00-6 EUH066 EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X ES: 01-21 ES:	alkanes, isoalkanes,	01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5	≥10 - <20	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304		[1]
(petroleum), medium aliph. Index: 649-405-00-X (ndex: 649-405-00-X) (nd	hydrotreated heavy Nota(s)	CAS: 64742-48-9	≥10 - <20	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
01-2119488942-23 EC: 205-743-6 CAS: 149-57-5 Index: 607-230-00-6 1-methoxy-2-propanol		CAS: 64742-88-7	≥5.0 - <10	STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1] [2]
01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	2-ethylhexanoic acid	01-2119488942-23 EC: 205-743-6 CAS: 149-57-5	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1] [2]
Calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	1-methoxy-2-propanol	01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2	≥1.0 - ≤5.0		-	[1] [2]
zirconium salt 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 Index: 607-230-00-6 calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate) REACH #: 01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6 Index: 607-230-00-6 butanone oxime REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0 REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	(petroleum), heavy arom.	01-2119451097-39 EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5	≥1.0 - ≤4.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
(2-ethylhexanoate) 01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6 Index: 607-230-00-6 Dutanone oxime REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0 Repr. 1B, H360D Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360D ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	•	01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	≤1.0	Repr. 1B, H360D	-	[1] [2]
01-2119539477-28		01-2119978297-19 EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6	<0.30		-	[1]
<u> </u>	butanone oxime	01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100	[1] [2]

English (GB)

3/16

Egypt

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024 SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system)		
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7 Index: 607-230-00-6	<0.30	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	M [Acute] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact**

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

English (GB)	Egypt	4/16
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Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

English (GB) Egypt 5/16

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

English (GB) Egypt 6/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024
SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers

or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Manium dioxide	Law Number 4 of 1994, Environmental Law, Annex 8 - Maximum limits for air pollutants inside workplaces (Egypt, 8/2011).
	[titanium dioxide]
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States).
(реженения), посмени стр	TWA: 400 ppm
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: 1996 Adoption
	Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. Respirable fraction; see
	Appendix C, paragraph C.
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Inhalable fraction.
	See Appendix C, paragraph A. Inhalable Particulate Mass TLVs
	(IPM-TLVs) for those materials that are hazardous when
	deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract. Vapor and aerosol
	2002 Adoption.
4 " 0 1	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 104 flight 6 flours.
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English (GB)	Egypt	7/16

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

Body protection

: butyl rubber

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection Environmental exposure controls ٠.

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

English (GB) Egypt 8/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available. Characteristic. Odour **Odour threshold** Not available.

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -49°C (-56.2°F) This is based on Melting point/freezing point

data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph...

Weighted average: -63.72°C (-82.7°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

: Not available.

Ingredient name

Flammability

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

°F

Method

Flash point Closed cup: 44°C

Auto-ignition temperature

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy ASTM E 659 220 to 250 428 to 482

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

°C

Decomposition temperature

Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
<mark></mark>	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

pН

Vapour pressure

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				

: 0.814 (1-methoxy-2-propanol) compared with butyl acetate **Evaporation rate**

Relative density 1.14

Highest known value: 5 (Air = 1) (2-ethylhexanoic acid). Weighted average: 4.06 Vapour density

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

: Not applicable. Median particle size

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

English (GB)	Egypt	9/16
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Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
⊮ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics				
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
, , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
aliph.				
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	3640 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
, , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
, , ,	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
, -	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

English (GB) Egypt 10/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Nota(s) P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths

English (GB) Egypt 11/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

English (GB) Egypt 12/16

Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024 SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
√ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	21 days 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	-	80 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
√ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	-	10 to 2500	High
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.7	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s)	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (GB)	Egypt	13/16
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Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code Waste designation

08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to

2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

IMDG: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

English (GB)	Egypt	14/16
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Code : 00328968 Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 January 2024

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA : None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations. **Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements

. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Toxic if swallowed. H301

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child. H360D

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

English (GB) 15/16 Egypt

SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

SECTION 16: Other information

H370	Causes damage to organs.
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H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 6

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English (GB) Egypt 16/16