# SAFETY DATA SHEET

: 3.02 Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 16 January 2024



### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: PITT-CHAR NX BASE WHITE **Product name** 

: 000001176643 **Product code** 

Other means of identification

00424801: 00471806

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Numéro de téléphone d'appel d'urgence : 01 45 42 59 59 (Association ORFILA, organisme agréé prévu au 4ème alinéa de l'article L231-7 du code du travail)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit, 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word Warning

**Hazard statements** Causes skin irritation.

> May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the

environment. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : Collect spillage. **Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P202, P280, P273, P261, P391, P501

**Hazardous ingredients** : hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Cashew, nutshell liq.

2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

**Containers to be fitted** with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers   | % by<br>weight | Classification  | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs            | Туре |
|--|---|----------------|---|--|------|
| hexaboron dizinc<br>undecaoxide  | REACH #:<br>01-2119691658-19<br>EC: 235-804-2<br>CAS: 12767-90-7                        | ≥10 - ≤25      | Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Repr. 2, H361d (oral)<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411   | M [Acute] = 1  | [1]  |
| Borate(5-), bis[µ-<br>oxotetraoxodiborato(4-)]-,<br>ammonium tetrahydrogen,<br>dihydrate, (T-4)- | REACH #:<br>01-2119970312-43<br>EC: 234-521-1<br>CAS: 12046-04-7                        | ≥10 - ≤25      | Repr. 2, H361d  | Repr. 2, H361d: C ≥ 4.8%                                   | [1]  |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane  | REACH #:<br>01-2119456619-26<br>EC: 216-823-5<br>CAS: 1675-54-3<br>Index: 603-073-00-2  | ≥10 - ≤25      | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  | Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5%<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%  | [1]  |
| phosphorous oxychloride,<br>reaction products with<br>propylene oxide                            | REACH #:<br>01-2119486772-26<br>EC: 807-935-0<br>CAS: 1244733-77-4                      | ≥5.0 - ≤10     | Acute Tox. 4, H302  | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/<br>kg                                 | [1]  |
| triphenyl phosphate  | EC: 204-112-2<br>CAS: 115-86-6  | ≥5.0 - ≤10     | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1                           | [1]  |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)   | REACH #:<br>01-2119456619-26<br>EC: 500-033-5<br>CAS: 25068-38-6                        | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0    | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  | Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5%<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%  | [1]  |
| Cashew, nutshell liq.  | EC: 232-355-4<br>CAS: 8007-24-7   | ≥1.0 - <3.0    | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317   | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/<br>kg<br>ATE [Dermal] = 1100<br>mg/kg | [1]  |
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) butyl acrylate  | REACH #:<br>01-2119489896-11<br>EC: 239-701-3<br>CAS: 15625-89-5<br>Index: 607-111-00-9 | ≥1.0 - ≤4.2    | Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410                    | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1                           | [1]  |
| Quaternary ammonium<br>compounds, benzylbis<br>(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)<br>methyl, chlorides  | EC: 263-082-9<br>CAS: 61789-73-9  | ≤0.30          | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1                           | [1]  |

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# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 000001176643 Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 January 2024

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### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed

- get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. \\

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

: None known.

### media

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs**

| Product/ingredient name   | Type                                 | Exposure   | Value  | Population  | Effects  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide  | DNEL                                 | Long term Inhalation   | 0.12 mg/m³   | General population  | Local  |
|   | DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL                 | Long term Oral<br>Long term Inhalation<br>Long term Inhalation                               | 0.507 mg/kg bw/day<br>0.69 mg/m³<br>0.88 mg/m³   | General population<br>Workers<br>General population   | Local  |
|   | DNEL                                 | Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal  | 2.48 mg/m³<br>25.35 mg/kg bw/day   | Workers General population  | Systemic   |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)   | DNEL<br>DNEL                         | Long term Dermal<br>Long term Inhalation   | 35.49 mg/kg bw/day<br>12.25 mg/m³  | Workers<br>Workers  | Systemic<br>Systemic                                     |
| phenyl]propane  | DNEL<br>DNEL                         | Short term Inhalation<br>Long term Dermal  | 12.25 mg/m³<br>8.33 mg/kg bw/day   | Workers<br>Workers  | Systemic<br>Systemic                                     |
|   | DNEL                                 | Short term Dermal<br>Long term Dermal  | 8.33 mg/kg bw/day<br>3.571 mg/kg bw/day  | Workers<br>General<br>population  | Systemic<br>Systemic                                     |
|   | DNEL                                 | Short term Dermal  | 3.571 mg/kg bw/day   | [Consumers] General population  | Systemic   |
|   | DNEL                                 | Long term Oral   | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day  | [Consumers] General population  | Systemic   |
|   | DNEL                                 | Short term Oral  | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day  | [Consumers] General population [Consumers]  | Systemic   |
|   | DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL | Long term Dermal Long term Oral Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation   | 89.3 µg/kg bw/day<br>0.5 mg/kg bw/day<br>0.75 mg/kg bw/day<br>0.87 mg/m³<br>4.93 mg/m³ | General population<br>General population<br>Workers<br>General population<br>Workers            | Systemic<br>Systemic<br>Systemic<br>Systemic<br>Systemic |
| phosphorous oxychloride,<br>reaction products with<br>propylene oxide | DNEL                                 | Long term Oral   | 0.52 mg/kg bw/day  | General population  | Systemic   |
| F F. 1.00 S. 1.00   | DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL | Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Short term Oral Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation | 1.04 mg/kg bw/day<br>1.45 mg/m³<br>2 mg/kg bw/day<br>2.91 mg/kg bw/day<br>5.6 mg/m³    | General population<br>General population<br>General population<br>Workers<br>General population | Systemic<br>Systemic<br>Systemic                         |

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|                            | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 8.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Systemic |
|----------------------------|------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
|                            | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 22.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers            | Systemic |
| triphenyl phosphate        | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.525 mg/kg bw/day     | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.525 mg/kg bw/day     | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 0.91 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 1.05 mg/kg bw/day      | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 3.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Systemic |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)     | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 12.25 mg/m³            | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 12.25 mg/m³            | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 8.33 mg/kg bw/day      | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Short term Dermal     | 8.33 mg/kg bw/day      | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 3.571 mg/kg bw/day     | General            | Systemic |
|                            |      |                       |                        | population         |          |
|                            |      |                       |                        | [Consumers]        |          |
|                            | DNEL | Short term Dermal     | 3.571 mg/kg bw/day     | General            | Systemic |
|                            |      |                       |                        | population         |          |
|                            |      |                       |                        | [Consumers]        |          |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day      | General            | Systemic |
|                            |      |                       |                        | population         |          |
|                            |      |                       |                        | [Consumers]        |          |
|                            | DNEL | Short term Oral       | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day      | General            | Systemic |
|                            |      |                       |                        | population         |          |
|                            |      |                       |                        | [Consumers]        |          |
| Cashew, nutshell liq.      | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day      | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.75 mg/kg bw/day      | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 1.31 mg/m³             | General population | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 2.1 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers            | Systemic |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Systemic |
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl) | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 17.1 mg/m³             | Workers            | Systemic |
| butyl acrylate             |      |                       |                        |                    |          |
|                            | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 404 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers            | Systemic |

### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name                     | Type | Compartment Detail     | Value           | Method Detail            |
|---|------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]<br>propane | -    | Fresh water            | 0.006 mg/l      | Assessment Factors       |
| p p s s                                     | _    | Marine water           | 0.001 mg/l      | Assessment Factors       |
|   | -    | Fresh water sediment   | 0.996 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|   | -    | Marine water sediment  | 0.1 mg/kg dwt   | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|   | -    | Soil                   | 0.196 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|   | -    | Sewage Treatment Plant | 10 mg/l         | Assessment Factors       |
|   | -    | Secondary Poisoning    | 11 mg/kg        | Assessment Factors       |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)                      | -    | Fresh water            | 0.006 mg/l      | Assessment Factors       |
|   | -    | Marine water           | 0.001 mg/l      | Assessment Factors       |
|   | -    | Sewage Treatment Plant | 10 mg/l         | Assessment Factors       |
|   | -    | Fresh water sediment   | 0.996 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|   | -    | Marine water sediment  | 0.1 mg/kg dwt   | Equilibrium Partitioning |

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Individual protection measures** 

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

polyethylene butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : White.

Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 8 to 12°C (46.4 to 53.6°F) This is

based on data for the following ingredient: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane.

Weighted average: 7.64°C (45.8°F)

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

**Flammability** 

Upper/lower flammability or

: Not available. Not available.

**explosive limits** 

Flash point

Closed cup: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

| Ingredient name                          | °C  | °F  | Method  |
|--|-----|-----|---------|
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate | 385 | 725 | EU A.15 |

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

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Not applicable. insoluble in water.

: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

|   | Vapour Pressure at 20°C |        |          | Vapour pressure at 50°C |     |        |  |
|---|-------------------------|--------|----------|-------------------------|-----|--------|--|
| Ingredient name                                 | mm Hg                   | kPa    | Method   | mm<br>Hg                | kPa | Method |  |
| 2,2-bis<br>(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl<br>acrylate | 0.00075                 | 0.0001 | OECD 104 |                         |     |        |  |

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Relative density** 

Vapour density

: Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane).

**Explosive properties** 

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** 

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

: 1.56

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

: The product is stable. 10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

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### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                          | Species | Dose            | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-----------------|----------|
| hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide   | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5 mg/l         | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg     | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg     | _        |
| Borate(5-), bis[µ-oxotetraoxodiborato(4-)]-, ammonium tetrahydrogen, dihydrate, (T-4)- | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >2000 mg/kg     | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4200 mg/kg      | _        |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 23000 mg/kg     | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 15000 mg/kg     | -        |
| phosphorous oxychloride, reaction  | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and       | Rat     | >7 mg/l         | 4 hours  |
| products with propylene oxide  | mists                           |         |                 |          |
|  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >2000 mg/kg     | _        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 630 to 2000 mg/ | _        |
|  |                                 |         | kg              |          |
| triphenyl phosphate  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >7900 mg/kg     | _        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg      | _        |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >2 g/kg         | _        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >2 g/kg         | _        |
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 5170 mg/kg      | _        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5.19 g/kg       | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                 | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide             | Eyes - Cornea opacity  | Rabbit  | 33    | 24 hours 0.083g | 74 hours    |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane  | Eyes - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours        | -           |
|  | Eyes - Redness of the  | Rabbit  | 0.4   | 24 hours        | -           |
|  | conjunctivae           |         |       |                 |             |
|  | Skin - Oedema          | Rabbit  | 0.5   | 4 hours         | -           |
|  | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit  | 8.0   | 4 hours         | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 4 hours         | -           |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)                   | Eyes - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | -               | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | -               | -           |
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate | Skin - Irritant        | Rabbit  | -     | -               | -           |

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species                  | Result                                    |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)  | skin              | Mouse<br>Mouse<br>Rabbit | Sensitising<br>Sensitising<br>Sensitising |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

| Product/ingredient name         | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Developmental toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure                       |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------|------|--------------------------------|
| hexaboron dizinc<br>undecaoxide | Positive          | Positive  | Positive            |         |      | 90 days; 7<br>days per<br>week |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                          | Species                    | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide   | Acute EC50 76 mg/l              | Daphnia - Daphnia<br>magna | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 2.17 mg/l            | Fish - Salmo<br>gairdneri  | 96 hours |
| Borate(5-), bis[µ-oxotetraoxodiborato(4-)]-, ammonium tetrahydrogen, dihydrate, (T-4)- | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l            | Fish                       | 96 hours |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane  | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - daphnia<br>magna | 48 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l           | Daphnia                    | 21 days  |
| phosphorous oxychloride, reaction products with  | EC50 82 mg/l                    | Algae                      | 72 hours |

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# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 000001176643 Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 January 2024

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| propylene oxide                          |                            |                   |          |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------|
|  | EC50 131 mg/l              | Daphnia           | 48 hours |
|  | LC50 56.2 mg/l             | Fish              | 96 hours |
|  | NOEC 32 mg/l               | Daphnia           | 48 hours |
| triphenyl phosphate                      | Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh | Daphnia - Daphnia | 48 hours |
|  | water                      | magna - Neonate   |          |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l      | Algae -           | 3 days   |
|  |                            | Desmodesmus       |          |
|  |                            | subspicatus       |          |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)                   | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l        | Daphnia           | 48 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l      | Daphnia           | 21 days  |
| 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate | Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l       | Fish              | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test      | Result        | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------------|------|----------|
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)  | OECD 301F | 5 % - 28 days | -    | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name                 | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)                  | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name   | LogPow        | BCF    | Potential   |
|---|---------------|--------|-------------|
| hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide                                    | -             | 60960  | High        |
| phosphorous oxychloride, reaction products with propylene oxide | 2.68          | -      | Low         |
| triphenyl phosphate   | 4.63          | 190.55 | Low         |
| epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)  | 3             | 31     | Low         |
| Cashew, nutshell liq. 2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate  | >4.78<br>0.67 | -      | High<br>Low |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation   |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) |                 |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Container         | 15 01 06                       | mixed packaging |

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

|                                  | ADR/RID  | ADN  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number      | UN3082   | UN3082   | UN3082   | UN3082   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name     | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide, bis-[4- |
|                                  | (2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane)  | (2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane)  | (2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane)  | (2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane)  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)  | 9  | 9  | 9  | 9  |
| 14.4 Packing group               | III  | III  | III  | III  |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes.   |
| Marine pollutant substances      | Not applicable.  | Not applicable.  | (hexaboron dizinc undecaoxide)   | Not applicable.  |

| English (GB) | France   | 15/18 |
|--------------|----------|-------|
|              | i iulioc | 10/10 |

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### 14. Transport information

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg,

provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Tunnel code : (-)

ADN : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg,

provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg,

provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

in Sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg,

provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

14.6 Special precautions for

usei

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Explosive precursors**: Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category

E1

**National regulations** 

Social Security Code, : 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis RG 51

Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

triphenyl phosphate RG 34 epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) RG 51

Reinforced medical

surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical

surveillance: not applicable

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

References

: Reinforced medical surveillance; Decree no. 2001-97 of 1 February 2001 establishing specific rules for the prevention of risks from carcinogens, mutagens and reprotoxics and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2003-1254 of 23 December 2003 relating to prevention of chemical risks and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2004-187 of 26 February 2004 on the placing on the market of biocidal products; Decree no. 88-1231 of 29/12/1988 relating to poisonous preparations and substances.; Decree no. 95-517 of 15 May 1997, relating to the classification of dangerous waste.; Labour code article: R231-53; Labour code: Occupational air (ventilation, air purification): Art. R 232-5 to R 232-5-14; Labour code: Prevention of chemical risk: Art.R231-51 and R 231-54 to R 231-54-9 : Labour code: Prevention of fires: Art.R232-12-13 to R 232-12-29 and R 233-30; Labour code: provisions applicable to women: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6; Labour code: provisions applicable to young workers: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6; Art: R234-16 ; Labour code: Sanitary installations: Art. R 232-2 à R 232-2-7 ; Law 76-663 of 19 July 1976 amending and implementing decree of 21 September 1977 relating to classified installations for the protection of the environment; Tables of anticipated professional diseases according to article R461-3 of the labour code

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification      |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315     | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319      | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317      | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351           | Calculation method |
| Repr. 2, H361d          | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400   | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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| H302  | Harmful if swallowed.                                 |
|-------|---|
| H312  | Harmful in contact with skin.                         |
| H315  | Causes skin irritation.                               |
| H317  | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                  |
| H318  | Causes serious eye damage.                            |
| H319  | Causes serious eye irritation.                        |
| H351  | Suspected of causing cancer.                          |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.               |
| H400  | Very toxic to aquatic life.                           |
| H410  | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411  | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.      |

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                     |
|-------------------|---|
| Aquatic Acute 1   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1  |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Carc. 2           | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                    |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  |
| Repr. 2           | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2              |
| Skin Irrit. 2     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2          |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                 |

#### **History**

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revision

Date of previous issue : 26 December 2023

Prepared by : EHS Version : 3.02

### **Disclaimer**

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