# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 18 January 2024

Version 1.01

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YEL/GREEN N4009
- : 00474401CO
- : Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Section 2. Hazards	dentification	
Target organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, bra bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidne lungs, the nervous system, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 54.9% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 65.3%	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothin and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Was thoroughly after handling.	t
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing ar wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).	J

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** 

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Falc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - &lt;20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	7 - <10	14808-60-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	7 - <10	14808-60-7
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
m-xylene	3 - <5	108-38-3
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - <5	7429-90-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	3 - <5	64742-94-5
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	2 - <3	64742-48-9
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <2	107-98-2
Phenol, styrenated	1 - <2	61788-44-1
o-xylene	1 - <2	95-47-6
p-xylene	1 - <2	106-42-3
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	1 - <2	68002-18-6
naphthalene	0.2 - <0.5	91-20-3
proprietary microcrystalline silica	0.2 - <0.5	SUB126659

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.</li> </ul>

Code00474401COProduct nameStGMAPRI	IME 200 BASE YE	Date of issue L/GREEN N4009	18 January 2024	Version	1.01
Section 4. First ai	id measu	ires			
Protection of first-aiders	is suspec mask or s providing	n shall be taken involving sted that fumes are still pr self-contained breathing aid to give mouth-to-mo ly with water before remo	resent, the rescuer shoul apparatus. It may be dar uth resuscitation. Wash	d wear an app ngerous to the	ropriate person
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes s	erious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: May caus	se respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact		armful in contact with ski se an allergic skin reactio		. Defatting to t	he skin.
Ingestion	: No knowr	n significant effects or cri	tical hazards.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders			

English (US)	Colombia	4/16
English (US)	Colombia	4/10

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for c	:on	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
,	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
m-xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
····· <b>································</b>	[xylene all isomers]
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Aluminum, metal and insoluble
	compounds]
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
o-xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[xylene all isomers]
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
p-xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
,	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

#### procedures

national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposi	ure controls/personal protection
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>Ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		English (US)	Colombia	7/16
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
Melting point	: Not available.			
рН	Not applicable.			
Odor	: Not available.			
Color	: Not available.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Appearance				

Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.9°C (82.2°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.39	
O a luch ill fu (i a a)		Media Re	sult
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water No	t soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21	mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	le sie el infermentie n	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following mate carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides	rials
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	3.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity 1.01

Section 11. I oxico	ological informatio	n			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose		Exposure
Zpoxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>200	0 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>200 1.7 g 4.3 g		-
m-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	2712 1212	4 mg/m³ 6 mg/kg	4 hours -
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mi		3523 >5 m	mg/kg g/l	- 4 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mi	sts Rat	>159 >5.2	00 mg/kg mg/l	- 4 hours
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	>5 g/ >500	'kg 0 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/	'ka	_
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	24.6 2460		- 4 hours -
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat		0 ppm kg	6 hours -
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>501	0 mg/kg mg/kg	-
o-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	2712 1212	4 mg/m³ 6 mg/kg	4 hours -
p-xylene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	2712 1212	mg/kg 4 mg/m³ 6 mg/kg mg/kg	- 4 hours - -
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 17.8 3.5 g	mg/l g/kg	4 hours - -
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/	'kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>5 g/ >20 g 490 r	g/kg	- - -
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There are no data available	on the mixtu	re itself.		
Product/ingredient name	Result S	pecies	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant R	abbit	-	24 hours 500	-
m-xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	abbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u>	: There are n	o data available on the r	nixture itself.	
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
Phenol, styrenated	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary	-			
Skin	: There are n	o data available on the r	nixture itself.	
Respiratory	: There are n	o data available on the r	nixture itself.	
Mutagenicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are n	o data available on the r	nixture itself.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are n	o data available on the r	nixture itself.	
<b>Classification</b>				

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
m-xylene	-	3	-
o-xylene	-	3	-
p-xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
proprietary microcrystalline silica	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
m-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
o-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
p-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

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#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
proprietary microcrystalline silica	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, ears.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
m-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
o-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
p-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	÷	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	

Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMAPRIME 200 BASE YEL/GREEN N4009	6643.2	2465.4	N/A	28.8	7.7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
m-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, styrenated	3550	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
o-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
p-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 3.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
m-xylene	OECD 301F	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Phenol, styrenated	OECD 301F	7 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
o-xylene	OECD 301F	94 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
p-xylene	OECD 301F	90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

English (L	S) Colombia	

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## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily
m-xylene	-	-	Readily
Phenol, styrenated	-	-	Not readily
o-xylene	-	-	Readily
p-xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
m-xylene	3.2	14.79	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom.			Ū.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
o-xylene	3.12	14.13	Low
p-xylene	3.15	14.79	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

Н	is	to	ry

Date of previous issue	: 10/30/2023
Version	: 1.01
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>EHS</li> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> </ul>

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## Section 16. Other information

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollut RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Da by Rail UN = United Nations	
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.