# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 26 January 2024

Version 5

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMARINE 48 BASE L

- : 00393124
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

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Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eyes.
raiget organs	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, upper respiratory tract, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 40.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 42%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.</li> </ul>
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (upper respiratory tract)
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	30 - <60	64742-82-1
titanium dioxide	10 - <12.5	13463-67-7
2-butanone oxime	1 - <2	96-29-7
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	1 - <2	22464-99-9
ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.2 - <0.5	136-51-6
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	0.2 - <0.5	13586-82-8
2-ethylhexanoic acid	0.1 - <0.2	149-57-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Description of necessary ma	<del>si u</del>	
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin
Ingestion	<ul> <li>reaction.</li> <li>May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.</li> </ul>

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6	6. Accidental release measures
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name			Exposure	limits		
Manium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconiu	ım	salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to approp national guidance documents for meth substances will also be required.				
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure		Use only with adequate ventilation. U ventilation or other engineering contro contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro	ols to keep v ed or statuto concentration equipment ocess equip	worker exposure to airborne ory limits. The engineering cor ons below any lower explosive t. oment should be checked to er	isure	
controls		they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
ndividual protection measure	<u>es</u>					
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thord before eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no contaminated clothing before reusing showers are close to the workstation	lavatory and ed to remove ot be allowe . Ensure that	d at the end of the working per e potentially contaminated clot d out of the workplace. Wash	hing.	
Eye protection	÷	Chemical splash goggles.				
Skin protection Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break different for different glove manufactu several substances, the protection tim estimated.	emical proc rameters sp still retaining (through for rers. In the	lucts if a risk assessment indic becified by the glove manufact g their protective properties. It any glove material may be case of mixtures, consisting c	ates urer,	
Gloves	4	butyl rubber				
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the being performed and the risks involve before handling this product. When the wear anti-static protective clothing. For discharges, clothing should include an	d and shou here is a ris or the great	ld be approved by a specialist k of ignition from static electric est protection from static		
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any addition selected based on the task being perf approved by a specialist before handl	nal skin prot ormed and	ection measures should be the risks involved and should l	be	
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection
Respiratory protection

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	1	Not available.			
Odor	1	Aromatic.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.01			
Colubility/icc)		Media Result			
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity							
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure			
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-			
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	>6.82 mg/l >5000 mg/kg	4 hours -			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-			
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-			
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-			
zirconium salt							
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-			
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rabbit	17.8 mg/l	4 hours			
	LD50 Dermai	Rat	17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	-			
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3640 mg/kg	-			
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.				
Irritation/Corrosion							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	ry : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Sensitization							
Not available.							

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

	<u> </u>		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene 2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B 2B 2B	- - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy 2-butanone oxime	Category 3 Category 1		Narcotic effects upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2	-	blood system hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, upper respiratory tract, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result		
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on the likely	4	Not available.
routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Section 11. T	oxicological information
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human expo unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmfu depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of app personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the state occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mu membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidn and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizzir fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorpti through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organi vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing le	oropriate ed ucous neys, liver ness, ion ic solvent
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### Section 11. Toxicological information

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		expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	;	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMARINE 48 BASE L	4605.2	16190.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	100	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-ethylhexanoic acid	3640	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
irtanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis			Biodeg	radability
ethylbenzene	-	-		Readily		1

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
<ul> <li>butanone oxime</li> <li>ethylbenzene</li> <li>2-ethylhexanoic acid</li> </ul>	0.63	5.01	Low
	3.6	79.43	Low
	2.7	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group				III
			English (US) Colombia	12/14

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### Section 14. Transport information

	-			
Environmental	Yes. The	Yes. The	Yes.	Yes. The
hazards	environmentally	environmentally		environmentally
	hazardous substance	hazardous substance		hazardous substance
	mark is not required.	mark is not required.		mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Not applicable.
			heavy)	

#### **Additional information**

: None identified.
: None identified.
: 30
: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 3/23/2023
Version	: 5
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
	UN = United Nations

### Section 16. Other information

References

: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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