SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2024 Version : 1



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

Product code : 00467601

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/ : Coating.

mixture

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

English (US) Europe 1/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment.

Response : Collect spillage.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal**

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients : Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|---|---|----------------|---|---|---------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | Carc. 1B, H350: C ≥ 10% EUH066: C ≥ 20% | [1] |
| n-butyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| hexamethylene-di- isocyanate | REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1 | <0.10 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Oral] = 710 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.151 mg/l Resp. Sens. 1, H334: C ≥ 0.5% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.5% | [1] [2] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

| English (IIC) | Europo | 3/17 |
|---------------|--------|------|
| English (US) | Europe | 3/1/ |

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

English (US) Europe 4/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

English (US) Europe 5/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Special provisions

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

English (US) Europe 6/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | IPEL (-). | | |
| | TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ | | |
| | STEL: 1 mg/m³ | | |
| n-butyl acetate | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). | | |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| | STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. | | |
| | TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. | | |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). | | |
| | TWA: 0.03 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| | TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. | | |

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|---|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| ŭ | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| n-butyl acetate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| • | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 12 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 35.7 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 48 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.035 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |

English (US) Europe 7/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL Short term Inhalation 0.07 mg/m³ Workers Local

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | - | Fresh water | 0.18 mg/l | - |
| - | - | Marine water | 0.018 mg/l | - |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 0.981 mg/kg | - |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 0.0981 mg/kg | - |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 35.6 mg/l | - |
| | - | Soil | 0.0903 mg/kg | - |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | - | Fresh water | 0.0774 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Marine water | 0.00774 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 8.42 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 0.01334 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 0.001334 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Soil | 0.0026 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this

product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use,

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

Gloves

butyl rubber

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

English (US) Europe 8/17

as included in the user's risk assessment.

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by

a specialist before handling this product.

Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed **Respiratory protection**

> respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapor (Type

A) and particulate filter P3

Restrictions on use Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease

should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color Not available. Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. Odor threshold

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average:

-58.07°C (-72.5°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flammability : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)

Flash point Closed cup: 33.33°C

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|-----------------|-----|-----|---------|
| n-butyl acetate | 415 | 779 | EU A.15 |

Decomposition temperature

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН : Not applicable. insoluble in water. : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Water Solubility at room

temperature

: 0.2 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

: 1.2 kPa (9 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

English (US) 9/17 **Europe**

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: 0.57 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate**

Relative density : 1

Vapor density : Highest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average:

4.04 (Air = 1)

The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties**

vapor or dust with air is possible.

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard. **Oxidizing properties**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water.

Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Female | >2500 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >3160 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Female | 3492 mg/kg | - |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 2000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 124 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 151 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 0.57 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.71 g/kg | - |

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary**

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes
There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory
There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene n-butyl acetate hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : No specific data.

English (US) Europe 11/17

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 00467601 Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2024

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Eve contact : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 00467601 Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2024

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish) | 96 hours |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | EC50 3.2 mg/l LC50 9.2 mg/l | Daphnia Fish | 48 hours 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | - | 75 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| n-butyl acetate | TEPA and OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | - | _ |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | - | - | Not readily |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | - | - | Readily |
| n-butyl acetate | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-----|-----------|
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. | 5.54 | 3.2 | Low |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | Low |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | 0.02 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Mobility

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (US) **Europe** 13/17

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation | |
|------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 08 01 99 | wastes not otherwise specified | |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

English (US) Europe 14/17

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 00467601 Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2024

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

14. Transport information

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c E2

15.2 Chemical Safety **Assessment**

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 16: Other information

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA = International Air Transport Association

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | T |
|--------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if |
| | inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 1 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
|---|---|
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3 |
| | - Catego. , C |

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 31 January 2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Prepared by : EHS Version : 1

Disclaimer

English (US) Europe 16/17

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Code : 00467601 Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2024

SIGMADUR 520 US CURE

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (US) Europe 17/17