# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



2/1/2024 (month/day/year) **Date of issue** 

Version 9

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name	: SIGMADUR 540 BASE RAL 9003
Product code	: 00292085

#### B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Use of the substance/ mixture	<ul><li>Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li><li>Coating.</li></ul>
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information Email Address	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: <b>⊮</b> 82-52-210-8331

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: 🗾 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

#### B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements ÷

**Symbol** 



Signal word

: Warning

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Product name SIGMADUR 540 BASE RAL 9003

# Section 2. Hazards identification

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	Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>(central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
	Precautionary statements		
	Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
	Response	:	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
	Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
	Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
с.	Other hazards which do not result in	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

classification

С

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

#### **CAS number**

#### : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	10 -<20
n-butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	10 -<20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	5 - <10
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 78-83-1	1 - <5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-95-6	1 - <5
aromatic	LIGHT AROMATIC		
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6	1 - <5
3-ethyltoluene	Benzene, 1-ethyl-3-methyl	CAS: 620-14-4	1 - <5
2-ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt, basic	Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	CAS: 85203-81-2	0.1 - <1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	BIS(PENTAMETHYLPIPERIDYL)	CAS: 41556-26-7	0.1 - <1
sebacate	SEBACATE		
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Product name SIGMADUR 540 BASE RAL 9003					
Section 3	. Composition/ir	nformation on ir	gredients		
Toluene		TOLUENE	CAS: 108-88-3	0.1 - <1	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Α.	A. Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	-	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
C. Methods and materials for	co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
tranium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
n-butyl acetate	Ministry of Employment and Labor
,	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene (all
	isomers)]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
-	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
	benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

# B. Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

substances will also be required.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
			equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
C.	Personal protective equip	pme	int
	Respiratory protection		Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Eye protection	1	Chemical splash goggles.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	- 1	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
			Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber May be used: nitrile rubber
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<b>A</b> .	Appearance	
	Physical state	: Liquid.
	Color	: White.
В.	Odor	: Not available.
<b>C</b> .	Odor threshold	: Not available.
D.	рН	: Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
G.	Flash point	: Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### H. Evaporation rate

- : Not available.
- I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.7% Upper: 10.9% (2-methylpropan-1-ol)
- J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits
- K. Va

Vapor pressure	1	Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor pressure a						ure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		p≁butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Solubility(ies)		Media	Re	sult					
••••• <b>·</b> (•••)		old water	No	t soluble					
Solubility in water	:	Not available.							-
Vapor density	1	Not available.							
Relative density	:	1.35							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	:								
		Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method		
		Solvent naphtha (petrole aromatic	um), light	280 to 4	70 536 to 8	378			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				-			
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (10	4°F)): >21	mm²/s (>	>21 cSt)				
Flow time (ISO 2431)	1	Not available.							
	Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Vapor density Relative density Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	Solubility(ies):Solubility in water:Vapor density:Relative density:Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water:Auto-ignition temperature:Decomposition temperature:Viscosity:	Ingredient nameSolubility(ies):MediaFold waterSolubility in water:Not available.Vapor density:Relative density:Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water:Mot applicable.Auto-ignition temperature:Ingredient nameSolvent naphtha (petrole aromaticDecomposition temperature:Viscosity:Kinematic (40°C (10)	Ingredient name       mm Hg         Impredient name       mm Hg         Impredient name       mm Hg         Impredient name       11.25096         Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Re         Impredient name       11.25096         Solubility in water       :         Vapor density       :         Not available.       Not available.         Relative density       :         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water       :         Auto-ignition temperature       :         Ingredient name       :         Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic       :         Decomposition temperature       :         Viscosity       :       :	Ingredient name       mm Hg       kPa         Improvement       Improvem	Ingredient name       mm Hg       kPa       Method         Impredient name       mm Hg       kPa       Method         Impredient name       11.25096       1.5       DIN EN 13016-2         Solubility(ies)       :       Media       Result         Fold water       Not soluble         Solubility in water       :       Not available.         Vapor density       :       Not available.         Relative density       :       1.35         Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water       :       Mot applicable.         Auto-ignition temperature       :       Mot applicable.         Decomposition temperature       :       Not available.         Viscosity       :       Not available.         Viscosity       :       Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	Ingredient name       mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm Hg         Poutyl acetate       11.25096       1.5       DIN EN 13016-2       1         Solubility(ies)       :       Media       Result       1         Solubility in water       :       Not available.       Not soluble         Solubility in water       :       Not available.       Not soluble         Vapor density       :       Not available.       Not available.         Relative density       :       1.35       Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water       Mot applicable.         Auto-ignition temperature       :       Mot applicable.       Ingredient name       °C       °F         Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic       :       280 to 470       536 to 878       536 to 878         Decomposition temperature       :       Not available.       :       Ingredient name       °C       °F         Viscosity       :       Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)       :>21 cSt)	Ingredient name       mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm Hg       kPa         Potyl acetate       11.25096       1.5       DIN EN       13016-2       1         Solubility(ies)       :       Media       Result       13016-2       1       1         Solubility in water       :       Not available.	Ingredient name       mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm       Hg       kPa       Method         Fbutyl acetate       11.25096       1.5       DIN EN 13016-2       1

- Molecular weight S.
- : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability		The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section	11.	Toxico	logical	information
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Α.	Information on the like routes of exposure	Not available.
<u>P</u>	otential acute health eff	<u>cts</u>
	Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
	Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
	Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
<u>0</u>	ver-exposure signs/syn	<u>otoms</u>
	Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
	Ingestion	No specific data.
	Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
	Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

#### **B. Health hazards**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Manium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxicologic	al information					
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-		
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	49 g/m³ 8.39 g/kg 5580 mg/kg	4 hours - -		

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary						•
Skin	: T	here are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Eyes	: T	here are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory	: Т	here are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Sensitization Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: Th	ere are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.		
Respiratory	: Th	ere are no data available o	n the mixture its	self.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: Tł	nere are no data available o	on the mixture it	self.		
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Т	here are no data available o	on the mixture it	tself.		
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: т	here are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Torotogonicity						
Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary		here are no data available				

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
<mark>n-</mark> butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
₽-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Additional information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
<b>ti</b> tanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
Yulopo	CAS: 1330-20-7	EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Xylene	CAS. 1330-20-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	CAS: 78-83-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS: 64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
aromatic		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
3-ethyltoluene	CAS: 620-14-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
e ettyleidene	0,10.020111	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt, basic	CAS: 85203-81-2	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	0, 10, 00200 01 2	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	CAS: 41556-26-7	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
sebacate		
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Theres	0.400,000,00	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Toluene	CAS: 108-88-3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(petroleum), light aromatic			
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

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## Section 12. Ecological information

#### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	adily - 28 days	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily	1
Xylene	-		-		Readily	1
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	1
Toluene	-		-		Readily	1

#### C. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low	
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low	
Toluene	2.73	8.32	Low	

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
В.	Disposal precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	=
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA				
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.			
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.			
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.			

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	Manium dioxide n-butyl acetate Xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Toluene		
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	The following components are listed: toluene
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, n-butyl acetate, xylene, isobutyl alcohol, ethyl benzene
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, Isobutyl alcohol, Ethyl benzene
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, n-butyl acetate, xylene, isobutyl alcohol, ethyl benzene
В.	Regulation according to (	Che	emicals Control Act
	Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Barium and its compounds, Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	1	None of the components are listed.
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable
	Korea inventory	:	Kil components are listed or exempted.
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	1	None of the components are listed.
С.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	1	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
	ourory management Au		Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>

- Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product
- : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	2/1/2024
С.	Version	:	9
	Prepared by	:	EHS
-	Other		

D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.