SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision5 February 2024Version 10.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00316033	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 256S BASE N9.5 WHITE	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: ₩ear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Substance/mixture	1

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
EC number : Mixture.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Resin	20 - <25	SUB110652
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	5 - <10	14808-60-7
xylene	5 - <10	1330-20-7
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	5 - <10	7779-90-0
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	5 - <10	25068-38-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <3	107-98-2
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.3	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 	

Most important symptoms/e	effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	oton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Trimethyl benzene]		
ethylbenzene		 PEL (long term): 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 25 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 		
1-methoxy-2-propanol		PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act		
		(Singapore, 2/2006). [Propylene glycol monomethyl ether] PEL (short term): 553 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 369 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures		o appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to s for methods for the determination of hazardous red.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
invironmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to en they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In so cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 			

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	eating, s Appropri Contami contami	ands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before moking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. iate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemica	al splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn this is ne check du should b different	al-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates accessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, uring use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It he noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately and.
Gloves	: butyl rub	ber
Body protection	being pe before h wear ant	I protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task erformed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist andling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static les, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	selected	ate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be d by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	hazards workers appropri	or selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use ate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed or complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is rv

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Aromatic.
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)
Evaporation rate	 Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.78compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.66 kPa (4.95 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.1 3.74 (Air = 1)	(Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average:			
Relative density	1	1.51				
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result			
	1	cold water	Not soluble			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-	
light aromatic					
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours	

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Narcotic effects

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Section 11. Toxic	ological info	ormat	ion				
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rabbit Rat Rabbit Rat		13 g/kg 5.2 g/kg 10 g/kg 14000 n)	- - -
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available	on the mixture	itself.			
ritation/Corrosion							
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Species Score		cposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate i	rritant	Rabbit	-	24 mg	hours 500	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritan Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit Rabbit	-	- -	9	-
Conclusion/Summary					•		
Skin :	There are no data	available	on the mixture	itself.			
Eyes :	There are no data	available	on the mixture	itself.			
Respiratory :	There are no data	available	on the mixture	itself.			
ensitisation							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	es Result				
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	se Sensitising				
Respiratory:MutagenicityConclusion/SummaryCarcinogenicityConclusion/Summary:Reproductive toxicity	There are no data There are no data There are no data There are no data There are no data	available (available available	on the mixture on the mixture on the mixture	e itself. e itself. e itself.			
eratogenicity							
	There are no data	available	on the mixture	e itself.			
pecific target organ toxicit							
Name		-	Category		oute of xposure	Та	rget organs
xylene			Category 3	-		Re	spiratory tract
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres		Category 3	-		irri Re	tation spiratory tract
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	, light aromatic		Category 3 Category 3	-		Na Re	tation ircotic effects espiratory tract
1 mothers () normal			O ata man a			irri	tation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

1-methoxy-2-propanol

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate of <u>Short term exposure</u>	effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

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Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	10274.94 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	49.67 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.89 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
light aromatic				
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no o	data available on the mixture its	self.	· · · ·
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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
kylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene		-	Readily Not readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	3	31	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	=
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	<pre>(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))</pre>	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 February 2024
Date of previous issue	: 11/4/2022
Version	: 10.02
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.