# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 4 December 2023

Version 11.01

Date of issue 4 December 2023

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERCOAT 450H BLUE RAL5005 RESIN
Product code	: 00333912
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 56.4% (oral), 56.4% (dermal), 43.9% (inhalation)</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
	H350 - May cause cancer.
	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	

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### Product name AMERCOAT 450H BLUE RAL5005 RESIN

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> </ul>
Response	:	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	:	P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERCOAT 450H BLUE RAL5005 RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤15	123-86-4
Wollastonite	≥10 - ≤20	13983-17-0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤4.9	108-65-6
titanium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13463-67-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
n-butyl methacrylate	<1.0	97-88-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects
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Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> <li>No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

tive equipment and emergency procedures
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
ntainment and cleaning up
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
n-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).		
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.		
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).		
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable		
	fraction		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin.		
	TWA: 30 ppm		
	STEL: 90 ppm		
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).		
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.		
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).		
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).		
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:		
	Respirable		
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.		
n-butyl methacrylate	IPEL (-).		
•	TWA: 50 ppm		
	STEL: 75 ppm		

C = Ceiling Limit

Key to abbreviations

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>	
Hygiene measures	·	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Recommended: butyl rubber May be used: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	:	Blue.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.27	
Density(lbs / gal)	1	10.6	
		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity Volatility	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 31% (v/v), 21.87% (w/w)	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
% Solid. (w/w)	:	78.13	

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhal LC50 Inhal LD50 Dern	ation Vap		Rat Rat Rabbit	>21.1 mg/l 2000 ppm >17600 mg/kg	4 hours 4 hours -
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhal		or	Rat Rat	10.768 g/kg 30 mg/l	- 4 hours
titanium dioxide	LD50 Dern LD50 Oral LC50 Inhal		ts and mists	Rabbit Rat Rat	>5 g/kg 6190 mg/kg >6.82 mg/l	- - 4 hours
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Dern LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	nal		Rabbit Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 3.125 g/kg	- - -
4-piperidyl) sebacate ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhal LD50 Dern LD50 Oral		or	Rat Rabbit Rat	17.8 mg/l 17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	4 hours - -
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Oral			Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
n-butyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhal LC50 Inhal LD50 Dern LD50 Oral	ation Vap		Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	4910 ppm 29000 mg/m³ 10.2 g/kg 16 g/kg	4 hours 4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin				the mixture itse		
Eyes				the mixture itse		
Respiratory	: There ar	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Sensitization						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There ar	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Respiratory	: There ar	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There ar	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
Carcinogenicity						
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There ar	e no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.	
<b>Classification</b>						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Wollastonite titanium dioxide ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable	- - - +	3 2B 2B 1	- - - Known to b	e a human carci	nogen	
powder (<10 microns) n-butyl methacrylate	+     1     Known to be a human carcinogen.       -     2B     -					

Carcinogen Classification code:

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There

y : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2		hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) n-butyl methacrylate	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation -	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

	Maxiao Bagai G
	irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Over-exposure signs/sym	oms
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information

SECTION 11: Toxi	gical information	
Ingestion	erse symptoms may include the following: uced fetal weight ease in fetal deaths etal malformations	
Delayed and immediate effe	also chronic effects from short and long term	<u>exposure</u>
Conclusion/Summary	te are no data available on the mixture itself. This a which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The ris- tion and level of exposure to dust from sanding su- ications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a ulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound nitial for human exposure to unbound particles of ied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating sur- ications may be harmful depending on the duratio ire the use of appropriate personal protective equ- rols (see Section 8). Exposure to component solves as mucous membrane and respiratory system irr kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Sympto dache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, dro- es, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause so orption through the skin. There is some evidence nic solvent vapors in combination with constant lo ing loss than expected from exposure to noise alco iquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. hea and vomiting. This takes into account, where ediate effects and also chronic effects of compone- exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of	sk of cancer depends on the urfaces or mist from spray raw material in a liquid coating d in a matrix with no meaningful TiO2 when the product is face or mist from spray n and level of exposure and ipment and/or engineering vent vapor concentrations in result in adverse health effects ritation and adverse effects on oms and signs include owsiness and, in extreme ome of the above effects by that repeated exposure to oud noise can cause greater one. If splashed in the eyes, Ingestion may cause nausea, e known, delayed and ents from short-term and long-
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	e are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	e are no data available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	e are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	e are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health effe		
General	onged or repeated contact can defat the skin and ermatitis.	lead to irritation, cracking and/
Carcinogenicity	cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on durati	on and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	pected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Numerical measures of toxi		
Acute toxicity estimates		

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	4910	29	N/A

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 96 hours
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours 48 hours -

#### Persistence and degradability

		1			
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily -	10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-li	fe	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-		-		Readily Readily
acetate ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	-	Low Low
ethylbenzene n-butyl methacrylate	3.6 2.99	79.43 -	Low Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Mexico: None identified.IMDG: None identified.IATA: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name AMERCOAT 450H BLUE RAL5005 RESIN

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Mexico**

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 2 Reactivity : 0

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic

#### effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.