SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 6 February 2024

Version5

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00384424
Product name	: SIGMADUR 550 BASE REDBROWN VN2740-69
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's details	: PT PPG Coatings Indonesia JI. Rawagelam III No.1 13930 Jakarta Indonesia Tel +62 21 4605710 PMC.Safety@PPG.com
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC 001-803-017-9114 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 35.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 33.9%

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

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Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Warning

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	:	Fammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	20- <25	1330-20-7
n-butyl acetate	5- <10	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	3- <5	100-41-4
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1- <3	14807-96-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1- <0.3	41556-26-7
toluene	0.1- <0.3	108-88-3

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symp Potential acute healt	toms/effects, acute and delayed h effects

—
: Causes serious eye irritation.
: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>oms</u>
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	n case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, sympto The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveil	
Specific treatments	lo specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	To action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without su s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wea nask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangero providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	ar an appropriate

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Ammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	-	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	E Vit on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational	exposure	limits
occupational	CAPOSUIC	

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
x ylene	Minister of Labor of the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018). [Xylene (o,
	m,p-isomers)]
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 BDS 8 hours.
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 BDS 15 minutes.
	Ministry of Employment and Labor

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		-
		(Indonesia, 2/1997). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 150 BDS 15 minutes.
n-butyl acetate		Minister of Labor of the Republic of
		Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018).
		TWA: 50 BDS 8 hours.
		STEL: 150 BDS 15 minutes.
		Ministry of Employment and Labor
		(Indonesia, 2/1997).
		STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 200 BDS 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene		Minister of Labor of the Republic of
		Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018).
		TWA: 20 BDS 8 hours.
		Ministry of Employment and Labor
		(Indonesia, 2/1997).
		STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 125 BDS 15 minutes.
Talc , not containing asbestiforr	n fibres	Minister of Labor of the Republic of
		Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018).
		TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
		particles
toluene		Minister of Labor of the Republic of
		Indonesia (Indonesia, 4/2018).
		TWA: 20 BDS 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring :		
procedures		riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous
procedures	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. U ventilation or other engineering contro contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust	hods for the determination of hazardous lse process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommender also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	hods for the determination of hazardous lse process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive n equipment.
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommender also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro-	hods for the determination of hazardous lse process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive n equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls Environmental exposure : Individual protection measures	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. U ventilation or other engineering contro contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engine equipment will be necessary to reduc	hods for the determination of hazardous lse process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive n equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls Environmental exposure : Individual protection measures	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommender also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engine equipment will be necessary to reduct Wash hands, forearms and face thore	hods for the determination of hazardous Use process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive in equipment. occess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls Environmental exposure : Individual protection measures	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi- equipment will be necessary to reduce Wash hands, forearms and face thore eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use	hods for the determination of hazardous Use process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive in equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls Environmental exposure : controls Individual protection measures Hygiene measures :	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pri- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi- equipment will be necessary to reduct Wash hands, forearms and face thore eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Wash contaminated clothing before re- safety showers are close to the works	hods for the determination of hazardous Use process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive in equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls Individual protection measures Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. U ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pro- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi- equipment will be necessary to reduce Wash hands, forearms and face thoro appropriate techniques should be use Wash contaminated clothing before re-	hods for the determination of hazardous Use process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive in equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.
procedures Appropriate engineering : controls Environmental exposure : controls Individual protection measures Hygiene measures :	national guidance documents for met substances will also be required. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use ventilation or other engineering contro- contaminants below any recommende also need to keep gas, vapor or dust limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation Emissions from ventilation or work pri- they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi- equipment will be necessary to reduct Wash hands, forearms and face thore eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Wash contaminated clothing before re- safety showers are close to the works	hods for the determination of hazardous Use process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive in equipment. ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process e emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately
	estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brownish-red.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability/Combustible properties (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.34

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies)		Media Result
Solubility(les)	Ċ	old water Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acut	<u>e tox</u>	icity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data ava	ilable on the m	ixture itself.		
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>				

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects	2			
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.		
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	f <u>ects</u>
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
☑ermal	7131.07 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	26.98 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.47 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia	96 hours 48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 d	days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 c	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
xylene	-		-		Readily
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily
toluene	-	1	-		Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group		III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- UN: None identified.IMDG: None identified.
- IATA : None identified.
- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Law No. 74/2001 - Banned

None of the components are listed.

Law No. 74/2001 - Restricted

Ingredient name	Status	
Ethylene Oxide	Listed	

Law No. 74/2001 - : Not determined

Chemicals that may be used

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6 February 2024
Date of previous issue	: 4/22/2021
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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