SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 4 December 2023

Version 14.01

Date of issue 4 December 2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN
Product code	: 00383739
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

	Mexico Dere: 1/15
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard pictograms	
GHS label elements	
	Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 49.9% (oral), 53.8% (dermal), 42.3% (inhalation)
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
substance or mixture	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Product name AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	n (Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Product name	

- : Mixture
- : AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN
- Other means of identification
- : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	123-86-4
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
Wollastonite	≥5.0 - ≤10	13983-17-0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-65-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	<1.0	4083-64-1
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
n-butyl methacrylate	<1.0	97-88-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Moot important cumpto	ma/offects, south and delayed

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large guantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water.
	Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO ₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

С

IPEL

= Ceiling Limit

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 30 ppm STEL: 90 ppm
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	None. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene ethylbenzene	None. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate n-butyl methacrylate	None. IPEL (-). TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 75 ppm

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

Recommended monitoring procedures
 : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
 Appropriate engineering controls
 : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Product name AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
		equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure		
Hygiene measures	•	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	;	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves		butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	•	Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	:	Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)	
Melting point	: Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Color	: Green.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	

Product name AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

% Solid. (w/w)		76.388	
Viscosity Volatility		Kinematic (40°C (10 34% (v/v), 23.612%	04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) (w/w)
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.	
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	÷	cold water	Not soluble
Solubility(icc)		Media	Result
Density(lbs / gal)	1	10.68	
Relative density	1	1.28	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
(flammable) limits Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive	1	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

n-butyl acetate	LCEO Inhalation Vanar			
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	oologio							
acetate								
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral			Rat	6190 mg/kg	-		
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral			Rat	3.125 g/kg	-		
4-piperidyl) sebacate								
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene				Rat	2234 mg/kg	-		
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inha		or	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours		
	LD50 Dern	nai		Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-		
methyl	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral			Rat Rat	3.5 g/kg 3.125 g/kg	-		
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral			Ral	5.125 g/kg	-		
4-piperidyl sebacate								
n-butyl methacrylate	LC50 Inha	lation Gas		Rat	4910 ppm	4 hours		
	LC50 Inha			Rat	29000 mg/m ³	4 hours		
	LD50 Dern			Rabbit	10.2 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral			Rat	16 g/kg	-		
Conclusion/Summary	• There a	e no data	available on	the mixture itse				
Irritation/Corrosion								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin				the mixture itse				
Eyes		: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Sensitization</u>								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.			
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.			
Carcinogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	lf.			
Classification								
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-					
Wollastonite	-	3	-					
crystalline silica, respirable	+	1	Known to b	e a human carci	inogen.			
powder (<10 microns)								
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

-

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NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

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Reproductive toxicity

n-butyl methacrylate

carbon black

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

2B

2B

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxicity	v (sinale exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene n-butyl methacrylate	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2	inhalation - -	- hearing organs -
Target organs : Contains material whi nervous system (CNS	•	to the following or	gans: brain, central

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	m	<u>></u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black scontain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated o
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	cts	
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Number of the second seco		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl methacrylate	16000	10200	4910	29	N/A

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate titanium dioxide 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily -	28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily -	10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-li	fe	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-		-		Readily Readily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily

Mexico	Page: '	12/15
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	-	Low Low
ethylbenzene n-butyl methacrylate	3.6 2.99	79.43 -	Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Product code 00383739 Date of issue 4 December 2023 Version 14.07				
Product name AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN SECTION 14: Transport information				
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Additional informatior	1			
	one identified.			
IMDG : No	one identified.			
IATA : No	one identified.			
	the event of an ac	· · ·	ng the product know what to do i	
to IMO instruments	the event of an ac	cident or spillage.	ng the product know what to do i	
to IMO instruments	the event of an ac	cident or spillage.	ng the product know what to do i	
to IMO instruments SECTION 15: F	the event of an ac	cident or spillage.	ng the product know what to do i	
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to IMO instruments SECTION 15: F lexico Classification Flammability : 3	the event of an ac ording : Not applicable. Regulatory inform Health : 2 Read	cident or spillage.	ng the product know what to do i	
to IMO instruments SECTION 15: In lexico Classification Flammability : 3 International regulation	the event of an ac ording : Not applicable. Regulatory inform Health : 2 Read	cident or spillage.	ng the product know what to do i	
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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 12/4/2023
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS

Product name AMERCOAT 450H NYCDOT SAGE GREEN

SECTION 16: Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Indicates information	that has abayyout from providently issued version

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.