SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision6 February 2024Version 5

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00387727	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 256S BASE 2.5PB 9/1	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	<u>S</u>

Section 2. Hazards identification

protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot es, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid e to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. spillage. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. Take off ninated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES:
inated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of
sy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or on.
olicable.
olicable.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

|--|

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Fpoxy Resin		20 - <25	SUB110652
crystalline silica, respira	able powder (<10 microns)	5 - <10	14808-60-7
xylene		5 - <10	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing as	bestiform fibres	5 - <10	14807-96-6
trizinc bis(orthophospha	ate)	5 - <10	7779-90-0
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 70	0)	5 - <10	25068-38-6
Solvent naphtha (petrol	eum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		1 - <3	95-63-6
ethylbenzene		1 - <3	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol		1 - <3	107-98-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of neces	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 2/14
-----------	--------------	------------

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important symptoms/c	110	<u>sis, acute and delayed</u>
Potential acute health effect	:ts	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	tor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med Notes to physician		I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
		quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments		No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Singapore	English (US)		
-----------	--------------	--	--

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.		

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm fibres	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Trimethyl benzene] PEL (long term): 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		 PEL (long term): 25 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol		Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Propylene glycol monomethyl ether] PEL (short term): 553 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 369 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	■ Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.	
 Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbo contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explimits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. 		ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls r or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked t they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 6/14
-----------	--------------	------------

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Odor	: Characteristic.
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)
Evaporation rate	 Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.78compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Vapor pressure	 Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.66 kPa (4.95 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 7/14
-----------	--------------	------------

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 4.1 3.74 (Air = 1)	(Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average:	
Relative density	:	1.52		
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result	
Solubility(les)		old water	Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours

Page: 8/1

Product code 00387727 Product name SIGMACOVER 256S BASE 2.5PB 9/1 Version 5

Narcotic effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

	J						
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral			labbit lat	13 g 5.2		-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data availat						gring	_
rritation/Corrosion	There are no ua	la avaliable			1.		
Product/ingredient name	Result		Specie		core	Exposure	Observation
	Skin - Moderat	o irritont	Rabbit	, U		24 hours 5	
kylerie	Skill - Modelat		Rabbit	-		mg	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit	-		-	-
			Rabbit	Rabbit -		-	-
Conclusion/Summary							
	There are no da						
	There are no da						
	There are no da	ta available	on the mi	xture itsel	f.		
Sensitization							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Species		Resu	Result	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse	Mouse		Sens	Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary							
-	There are no da	ta available	on the mi	xture itsel	f.		
Respiratory :	There are no da	ta available	on the mi	xture itsel	f.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no da	ata available	on the m	ixture itse	lf		
Carcinogenicity							
	There are no da	ata available	on the m	ixture itse	lf		
Reproductive toxicity							
	There are no da	ata available	on the m	ixture itse	lf		
<u>Feratogenicity</u>					····		
	There are no da	ata available	on the m	ixture itee	lf		
Specific target organ toxicity					/II.		
	Jangie exposi				Dent	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-
Name			Categ	ory	Route exposi		Target organs
xylene			Catego	ory 3	-		Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres			Catego	ory 3	-		Respiratory tract
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic			Catego	ory 3	-		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			Catego	ory 3	-		Respiratory tract
1			0-1-1				N

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 9/14
-----------	--------------	------------

Category 3

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-
	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate e	ffects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 10/14
-----------	--------------	-------------

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	10182.83 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	50.47 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.99 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

ż

Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure	
Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days	
Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days	
Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-	
	Daphnia	48 hours	
Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	
-	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/lFishChronic NOEC 0.026 mg/lFishAcute LC50 1.8 mg/lDaphniaChronic NOEC 0.3 mg/lDaphniaAcute LC50 8.2 mg/lFishAcute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh waterDaphniaChronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh waterDaphniaAcute LC50 23300 mg/lDaphnia	

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
onclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 11/14

Section 12. Ecological information

			1
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
kylene Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	- -	-	Readily Not readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	3	31	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Singapore English (U	IS)		Page: 12/1

Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	<pre>(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))</pre>	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6 February 2024
Date of previous issue	: 7/4/2021
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS

Singapore	English	(US)
-----------	---------	------

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.