SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16 February 2024 Version



pPG

: 1.02

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER
Product code	: 000001190863
Other means of identificat	ion
00453615; 00454506; 00474	4152
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying, Application by non spray methods
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	f the safety data sheet
Sigma Coatings PTY 9 Arnold Street, Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng South Africa Tel: 0027 11 389 4800	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: +27 51 444 2134

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



Code	: 000001190863	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 February 2024
SIGMADUR 5	520/550 HARDENER		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P261, P304 + P312, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	: Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomerisation product (Biuret type) hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: As from August 24 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.
Special packaging requirem	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture					
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	L	Specific Conc. ∟imits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomerisation product (Biuret type)	REACH #: 01-2119970543-34 EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335		ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-		[1] [2]
		English	(GB)	South A	Africa	2/15

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulat	ion (EU)
2020/878	

Code : 000001 ⁴ SIGMADUR 520/550 HA		Da	te of issue/Date of revisi	on : 16 Februar	y 2024
SECTION 3: Con	nposition/informat	tion on ir	ngredients		
	Index: 607-195-00-7				
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - ≤7.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥5.0 - ≤7.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1	<0.50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 710 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.151 mg/ I Resp. Sens. 1, H334: $C \ge 0.5\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.5\%$	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

English (GB)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symp	ptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

English (GB) South Africa

Code: 000001190863Date of issue/Date of revisionSIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER

: 16 February 2024

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store
---------------------	---

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regula	tion (EU)
2020/878	

Code : 000001190863

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16 February 2024

SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
vylene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
ethylbenzene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

2020/878 Code : 000001190863	2	Data of incurs/Data of revision 46 February 2024
Code : 000001190863 SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDEN		Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 February 2024
Recommended monitoring procedures		Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves		butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type
		English (GB) South Africa 7/15

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Code : 000001190863 Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 February 2024 SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER A) and particulate filter P3 : Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease **Restrictions on use** should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>									
Physical state		Liquid.							
Colour	4	Clear.							
Odour	÷	Not available.							
Odour threshold	1	Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify a This is based on data oligomers (Biuret typ	a for the fo	ollowing i	ingredie	ent: Hex	amethy	lene diiso	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known rang	ge: Lower:	0.8% U	pper: 6	.7% (xyl	lene)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 41°C							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F	Ν	lethod	
		2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	acetate	333		631.4	DI	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recomm	nended st	orage ar	nd hand	ling con	ditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
рН	:	Not applicable. insolu	uble in wa	ter.					
Viscosity		Kinematic (room terr	noraturo)	· >100 m	m^2/a				
FIGUORY	-	Kinematic (40°C): >2		. 2400 11	1117/5				
	:		21 mm²/s´	. ~400 m	IIII-/S				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s´	. 2400 11	IIII-75				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s´	. 2400 11	im-75				
Viscosity Solubility(ies)	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm	21 mm²/s´	. 2400 11					
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble	21 mm²/s´	. ~400 m					
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	::	Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble Not applicable.	21 mm²/s ́ ı)	ır Press		20°C	Vapo	our press	sure at 50°C
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble	21 mm²/s ́ ı)	ır Press			Vapc mm Hg	our press kPa	sure at 50°C Method
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble Not applicable.	21 mm²/s n) Vapou	ır Press	ure at 2		mm		1
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble Not applicable.	21 mm²/s ́ 1) Vapou mm Hg 9.30076	Ir Press kPa 1.2	ure at 2 Meth	od	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Vapour pressure	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name Ethylbenzene Highest known value	21 mm²/s ́ 1) Vapou mm Hg 9.30076	Ir Press kPa 1.2	ure at 2 Meth	od	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Viscosity Solubility(ies) Media		Kinematic (40°C): >2 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm Result Not soluble Not applicable. Ingredient name Effylbenzene Highest known value butyl acetate	21 mm ² /s ⁻ 1) Vapou mm Hg 9.30076 2: 0.84 (eth 2: 4.6 (Air	Ir Press kPa 1.2 nylbenzel	ure at 2 Meth ne) We	od eighted a	mm Hg average	kPa : 0.8com	Method pared with

Code : 00000119086 SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDE		: 16 February 2024
SECTION 9: Physica	I and chemical properties	
Oxidising properties	: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
9.2 Other information		
No additional information.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (Biuret type)	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	151 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

English (GB)

South Africa

Code	: 000001190863	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	16 February 2024
SIGMADUR 5	20/550 HARDENER			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	-
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxi	<u>city (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomerisation product (Biuret type)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Prod	uct/ingredient name	Result	
xylene ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health e	ffects		
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause re	espiratory irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or c	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause reaction.	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or c	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to th	e physical, chemical and toxicological	<u>characteristics</u>	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Ingestion	: No specific data.	No specific data.	

Code : 000001190863	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 February 2024
SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	5
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.
Prolonged or repeated contac	t may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Code<th: 000001190863</th>Date of issue/Date of revision: 16 February 2024SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (Biuret type)	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>daphnia</i> <i>magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 da	ys -	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 da	ys -	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata available on the mixtu	re itself.	·
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
examethylene diisocyanate product (Biuret type)	, oligomerisation	-	-	Not readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ace	tate	-	-	Readily
xylene		-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene		-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomerisation product (Biuret type)	5.54	3.2	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Code : 000001190863 SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16 February 2024

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code		Waste designation
	08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	pe of packaging European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging
Special precautions	taken when h Empty contai residues may Do not cut, w	and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be nandling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. yeld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly youd dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	111	Ш
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC 2020/878	Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878					
Code : 00000119086	Date of issue/Date of revision : 16 February 2024					
SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDE	NER					
SECTION 14: Transp	port information					
2.2.3.1.5	2.2.3.1.5.1.					
Tunnel code : (D/E)						
IMDG : This class IATA : None ide	uss 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. lentified.					
14.6 Special precautions for user	r : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the					
	event of an accident or spillage.					
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO	: Not applicable.					
instruments						
SECTION 15: Regula	atory information					
15.1 Safety, health and envi	ronmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture					
EU Regulation (EC) No. 19	<u>07/2006 (REACH)</u>					
Annex XIV - List of substa	ances subject to authorisation					
Annex XIV						
None of the components a	ire listed.					
Substances of very high	concern					
None of the components a	ire listed.					
Annex XVII - Restrictions	: As from August 24 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional					
on the manufacture,	use.					
placing on the market						
and use of certain						
dangerous substances,						
mixtures and articles Other national and interna	tional regulations					
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.					
Ozone depleting substance						
Not listed.						
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.					
SECTION 16: Other	information					
Abbreviations and	has changed from previously issued version.					
acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.					
usionymo						
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level					
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement					
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration					
Full text of abbreviated H	RRN = REACH Registration Number					
statements	: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.					
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.					
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.					

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. H304

- - Causes skin irritation.
- H312 H315 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

English (GB)

South Africa

Code : 000001190863 SIGMADUR 520/550 HARDENER		Date of issue/Date of revision: 16 February 2024	
SECTION 16: Other	information		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	H330 Fatal if inhale H332 Harmful if inh H334 May cause a H335 May cause fe H336 May cause d H373 May cause d		
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 16 February 2024		
Date of previous issue	: 22 June 2023		
Prepared by	: EHS		
Version Disclaimor	: 1.02		

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.