# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 16 February 2024

Version 1.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 000001103630	
Product name	: SIGMARINE 49 BASE BASE L	
Product type	: Liquid.	
<b>Other means of identifica</b> 00142117; 00142118; 0014		
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	<ul> <li>Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li> </ul>	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	
Company/undertaking identification	: PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771	
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 44%</li> </ul>
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes mild skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	f s	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	a i ( r	F INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off mmediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye rritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: 8	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal		Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: F	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	20 - <25	64742-48-9
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	1 - <3	64742-48-9
calcium neodecanoate	1 - <3	27253-33-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <3	107-98-2
nonane	0.1 - <0.3	111-84-2
octane	0.1 - <0.3	111-65-9
propylidynetrimethanol	0.1 - <0.3	77-99-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
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### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid brea release to the environment. Use only with adequate v respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not ente spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the orig alternative made from a compatible material, kept tigh Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and mat Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary mea discharges. Empty containers retain product residue a reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and prof contaminated with the product may spontaneously sel avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials sho containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self- materials should be removed from the workplace at the and be stored outside.	athing vapor or mist rentilation. Wear ap r storage areas and inal container or an itly closed when not any other ignition so rerial handling) equip asures against elect and can be hazardo tective clothing, whi- f-ignite some hours ould be stored in pur- closing lids. Contar	. Avoid opropriate d confined approved in use. ource. Use pment. rostatic ous. Do not ch are later. To pose-built ninated
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in a handled, stored and processed. Workers should was eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated equipment before entering eating areas. See also Se information on hygiene measures.	h hands and face be clothing and protec	efore tive
	Phili	ippines	Page: 4/12

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any	ł	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

r methoxy-2-propanol nonane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
nonane		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
octane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
		TLV: 500 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures		propriate monitoring standards. Reference to methods for the determination of hazardous	
ppropriate engineering ontrols	ventilation or other engineering co contaminants below any recomm	n. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ontrols to keep worker exposure to airborne ended or statutory limits. The engineering controls ust concentrations below any lower explosive ation equipment	
nvironmental exposure ontrols	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measure	<u>es</u>		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lav Appropriate techniques should be	horoughly after handling chemical products, before atory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. re reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an assessment indicates this is nece gases or dusts. If contact is poss	a approved standard should be used when a risk ssary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ible, the following protection should be worn, a higher degree of protection: chemical splash	
Skin protection			

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance						
Physical state		Liquid.	uid.			
Color		Various				
Odor	:	Aromatic.	omatic.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.				
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flammability	:	Not available.	lot available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	ot available.			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
		Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	>230	>446		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
рН	:	Not applicable.				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s			
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)				
		Media Res	sult			
Solubility(ies)	:	cold water Not	soluble			

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

Vapor pressure	:		Vapo	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
		1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1					
Relative density	:	1.16							
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.							

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
Hazardous polymerization	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.</li> </ul>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), nydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-

Philippines

# Section 11. Toxicological information

	U			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Eyes	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data avai	lable on the mixture	e itself.	
Specific target organ tox	icity (single exposure)			

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
octane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nonane octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effec	<u>ts:</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	;	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

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#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
nonane	5.65	-	High
octane	5.18	-	High
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			

Philippines

Product code 000001103630 Product name SIGMARINE 49 BASE BASE L

# Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	<ul> <li>This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> </ul>
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.
Special pro	cautions for usor .: Transport within usor's promises: elways transport in closed containers that are

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

# Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16 February 2024
Date of previous issue	: 11/27/2023
Version	: 1.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Procedure used to derive the classification

### **Section 16. Other information**

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.