# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 17 February 2024

Version 8.11

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOWGREEN
- : 00202390
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG INDUSTRIES CHILE S.A.</li> <li>Puerto Madero 9710, Of. 23</li> <li>Pudahuel - Chile</li> <li>Teléfono: +56 (2) 2571 0750</li> <li>Fax: +56 (2) 2571 0752</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: +56 (2) 2777 1994 (RITA CHILE)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
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Section 2. Hazard	s identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 52.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 59.3%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 60.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Chile

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not	: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and
result in classification	cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).
Classification according to	: 3

NCh382: Label according to

NCh2190:



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS	number	:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - &lt;20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3
xylene	12.5 - <15	1330-20-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - <5	7429-90-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	3 - <5	64742-94-5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	3 - <5	78-83-1
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	2 - <3	64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	2 - <3	107-98-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1 - <2	14808-60-7
4-nonylphenol, branched	1 - <2	84852-15-3
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	1 - <2	68002-19-7
naphthalene	0.5 - <1	91-20-3
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with run water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medi attention.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxyget trained personnel.		
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Section 4. First aid measures		
Skin contact	emove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and ater or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	d
Ingestion	swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label eep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	Ι.
Indication of immediate med	ttention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments	a case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be dela he exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 ho o specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriat mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person roviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothin moroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	ite on
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	auses serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	armful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	lay be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the ski lay cause an allergic skin reaction.	n.
Ingestion	orrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	<ul> <li>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</li> </ul>
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent

Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been		
opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

Date of issue

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 1.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable fraction	
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< th=""><th>Not regulated.</th><th></th></mw<=1100)<>	Not regulated.	
xileno	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). [Xyl	ene]
	STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	-
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).	
	TWA: 0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable fraction	
Aluminio en polvo (estabilizado)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).	
	TWA: 8.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dust	
	TWA: 4.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respir	able
	dust	
Nafta disolvente (petróleo), fracción aromática pesada	Not regulated.	
2-Metilpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).	
	TWA: 133 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 44 ppm 8 hours.	
Etilbenceno	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).	
	STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%	Not regulated.	
aromatics	-	
1-Metoxi-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).	
	STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).	
	TWA: 0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable fraction	
4-nonilfenol, ramificado	Not regulated.	
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	Not regulated.	
Naftaleno	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).	
	Absorbed through skin.	
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Tolueno	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 87 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
	contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion proof ventilation equipment
Environmental exposure	<ul><li>limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li><li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure</li></ul>
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
controls	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
	showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be</li> </ul>
	approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	4	Various		
Odor	1	Aromatic.		
рН	1	Not applicable.		
Melting point	:	Not available.		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	:	1.41		
Solubility/ice)		Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	200°C (392°F)		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)		

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

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Product name	SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOWG	REEN			

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽poxy Resin (700 <mw< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>&gt;2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
<=1100)			0.0	
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,				
< 2% aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
nanhthalana	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>20 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	490 mg/kg 49 g/m³	- 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	
		i lat	cooo mg/kg	

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
vlene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data availa	able on the mi	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data avail	able on the mi	xture itself.		

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Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<b>x</b> ylene	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
naphthalene toluene	-	2B 3	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
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1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects	
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects	

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	ses serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	nful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting cause an allergic skin reaction.	to the skin.
Ingestion	osive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Eye contact	nemical and toxicological characteristics erse symptoms may include the following: ering ess	
Inhalation	erse symptoms may include the following: iratory tract irritation phing ced fetal weight ease in fetal deaths etal malformations	

Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	;	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
		English (US) Chile 12/16

Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity
- : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOWGREEN	6289.2	2791.8	N/A	29.7	3.8
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

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g(00)		

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Product/ingredient n	ame LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF		Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5		Low
Solvent naphtha (petro heavy arom.	oleum), 2.8 to 6.5	-		High
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-		Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43		Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-		Low
4-nonylphenol, branch	ned 5.4	251.19		Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11		Low
toluene	2.73	8.32		Low

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
			English (US) Chile	14/16

Code 00202390 Product name	) SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELL	Date of issue OWGREEN	17 February 2024	Version	8.11	
Section 14. Transport information						
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not appli	cable.	

#### **Additional information**

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.		
Brazil	: None identified.		
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30		
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.		
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.		
Special precautic	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	<ul> <li>NCh 382 - Hazardous substances - General terminology and classification.</li> <li>NCh 2245 - Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemicals - Contents and section order.</li> <li>D. S. 148 - Sanitary regulations on hazardous waste management.</li> </ul>
specific for the product	D. S. 298 - Transport of dangerous goods by road.
	D. S. 374 – Limit for Lead content in paints.
	D. S. 594 - Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental conditions at workplace.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of previous issue	:	4/12/2023
Version	:	8.11
		EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
		ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
		ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
		1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
		RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
		English (US) Chile 15/16

### Section 16. Other information

#### References

by Rail UN = United Nations : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (US)	Chile	16/16