SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 17 February 2024

Version 9.11

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOWGREEN
- : 00202390
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

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Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal
	toxicity: 52.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 59.3%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 60.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond result in classification its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
🔽 alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3
xylene	12.5 - <15	1330-20-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - <5	7429-90-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	3 - <5	64742-94-5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	3 - <5	78-83-1
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	2 - <3	64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	2 - <3	107-98-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	1 - <2	14808-60-7
4-nonylphenol, branched	1 - <2	84852-15-3
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	1 - <2	68002-19-7
naphthalene	0.5 - <1	91-20-3
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			

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Section 6. Accide	ental release measures			
For emergency responders	 If specialized clothing is required to information in Section 8 on suitable information in "For non-emergency p 	and unsuitable materials		
	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material an drains and sewers. Inform the releva environmental pollution (sewers, wat May be harmful to the environment if	ant authorities if the proc erways, soil or air). Wat	luct has cause ter polluting ma	d aterial.
Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move conta and explosion-proof equipment. Dilu Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, ab appropriate waste disposal container contractor.	te with water and mop ι sorb with an inert dry m	ip if water-solu aterial and plac	ble. ce in an
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move conta and explosion-proof equipment. App sewers, water courses, basements o effluent treatment plant or proceed a combustible, absorbent material e.g. and place in container for disposal ac Dispose of via a licensed waste dispo material may pose the same hazard emergency contact information and S	proach release from upw or confined areas. Wash s follows. Contain and c sand, earth, vermiculite ccording to local regulati osal contractor. Contam as the spilled product. N	rind. Prevent e spillages into collect spillage or diatomaced ons (see Sectioninated absorbe Note: see Sectioninated absorbe	entry into an with non- ous earth on 13). ent

Section 7. Handling and storage

in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not	Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
English (US) Colombia 5/1	including any	:	accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
F alc , not containing asbesti	form fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).			
		TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
xylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-			
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.			
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
crystalline silica, respirable p	oowder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica,			
		crystalline]			
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:			
		Respirable			
Aluminium powder (stabilize	d)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).			
		[Aluminum, metal and insoluble			
		compounds]			
		TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
2 methylpropen 1 el		fraction			
2-methylpropan-1-ol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
		TWA: 152 mg/m 8 hours.			
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).			
		Ototoxicant.			
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
1-methoxy-2-propanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).			
		STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
onvotalling ciliag, recepirable n	voudor (<10 microno)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
crystalline silica, respirable p		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]			
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:			
		Respirable			
Personwanded manitaring	. Deference chould be made to ener	opriate monitoring standards. Reference to			
Recommended monitoring procedures		nethods for the determination of hazardous			
procedures	substances will also be required.				
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation.	Use process enclosures, local exhaust			
controls		ntrols to keep worker exposure to airborne			
		nded or statutory limits. The engineering controls			
		st concentrations below any lower explosive			
En la contra la contra la contra da contr	limits. Use explosion-proof ventilat				
Environmental exposure		process equipment should be checked to ensure			
controls		of environmental protection legislation. In some ngineering modifications to the process			
		uce emissions to acceptable levels.			

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Expos	sure controls/personal protection
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.41

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies)		Media	Result	
Solubility(les)	1	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	: 200°C (392°F)		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
E∕poxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
· · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
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Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	LD50 Dermal		Rabbit			0 mg/kg	-		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rat : Rabbit		>6 g/kg >7000 ppm 13 g/kg 5.2 g/kg		-	δ hours	
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rabbit Rat		2.14		-		
naphthalene toluene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rabbit Rat Rat		>20 g/kg 490 mg/kg		-	4 hours	
loidene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral			Rat 49 g/m³ Rabbit 8.39 g/kg Rat 5580 mg			-	-	
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion	: There are no data avail	able on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spee	cies	Score)	Exposur	е	Observation	
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabl	bit	-		24 hours mg	500	-	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	bit 4 -				-			
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are no data avail	able on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.				
Eyes	: There are no data avail	able on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.				
Respiratory	: There are no data avail	able on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.				
<u>Sensitization</u>									
Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary									

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

OSHA	IARC	NTP
-	3	-
+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
-	2B	-
+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
-	2B 3	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
	- + -	- 3 + 1 - 2B + 1 - 2B

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Section 11. To	xicological	information			
Information on the likel routes of exposure	y : Not availa	able.			
Potential acute health e	effects				
Eye contact	: Causes s	erious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: Harmful i	f inhaled. May cause resp	iratory irritation.		
Skin contact		armful in contact with skin. e an allergic skin reaction.		. Defatting to th	ie skin.

Ingestion :	Corrosive to the digestive tract.	Causes burns.
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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected	Conclusion/Summary	Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects **Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Potential delayed effects** Potential chronic health effects Not available. General May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenicity**

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOWGREEN	6289.2	2791.8	N/A	29.7	3.8
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Eco	tovi	icity
ELU	ιυλι	icity
		-

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/I Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
▼ylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom.			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material

ſ	English (US)	Colombia	13/15

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.	

Additional information							
UN	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.2.						
Brazil	: None identified.						
Risk number	: 30						
IMDG	This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.						
IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.							
Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to the event of an accident or spillage.							
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumen	•						

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	4/12/2023	
Version	9.11	
	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangero Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemic IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ship 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Go by Rail UN = United Nations	cals os,
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.