# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

### Date of revision 19 February 2024

Version 5

Date of issue 19 February 2024

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553
Product code	: 00441090
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Categ Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxic 41.3% (oral), 69.2% (dermal), 49.7% (inhalation)	jory 2 city:
<u>GHS label elements</u>		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning	
	Mexico P	age: 1/15

# Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

:	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>(hearing organs)</li> </ul>
:	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
:	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
:	P405 - Store locked up.
:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.

### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	≥10 - ≤17	25068-38-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥10 - ≤12	14807-96-6
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤6.3	1330-20-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	7429-90-5
benzyl alcohol	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	100-51-6
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	107-98-2
Phenol, styrenated	≥0.10 - ≤2.2	61788-44-1
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	55349-01-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-94-5
ethylbenzene	≤1.1	100-41-4
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68609-97-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li></ul>
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. <li>No specific treatment.</li>
Protection of first-aiders	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.</li> </ul>

### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
wellious and materials for co	л	annient and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	1	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into

sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

# Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	-	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

None.
NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Talc (without asbestos fibres)] STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Respirable NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

aluminium powder (stabilised)       NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Moxico, 4/2016). [Aluminium metal and insoluble compounds]         benzyl alcohol       Imitianium metal and insoluble compounds]         1-methoxy-2-propanol       IPEL (). TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm 3 hours. Form: Respirable fraction         Phenol, styrenated Octadecenamide, N.N-1, 6-hexanediy(bis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphina (petroloum), heavy arom. ethylberzene exirane, monol(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Stort item exposure limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Stort item exposure limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Stort item exposure limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Stort item exposure limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         C       = 0 celling Limit IPEL       = Stort item exposure limit TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         Appropriate engineering procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documenting controls to keep worker exposure to althorne controls         Appropriate engineering procedures       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation to there appreenting controls to keep onvice responsive limits. Use explosion-proof ventitaline active any provement controls alson	SECTION 8: Exposu	ire controls/persor	nal p	rotection			
benzyl alcohol <sup>compounds]</sup> TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TwA: 1 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 100 pm/m <sup>2</sup> 8 hours. None. None. None. None. None. Catadecanamide, NN-1.6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphta (petroleum), heavy arom. ethylberzene oxirane, monol((C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. None. None. None. Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limit TW = Treshol Limit Value True Waighted Average Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits. Reforence should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to         national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.          Appropriate ongineering         controis controis controis Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust         ventilation or ofthe engineering ontrois to keep worker exposure to aibform         controis controis Use only with adequate ventilation or work process equipment.         Houry explosive         limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Houry explosive         limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	aluminium powder (stabilised)						
benzyl alcohol       TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction         Phenol, styrenated       TWA: 5 ppm         Octadecanamide, NN-1.6-hexanedlylbis[12-hydroxy-Solvent aphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       STEL: 150 ppm         Solvent aphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         None.       None.         Solvent aphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         oxtrane, monol(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       STEL:         oxtrane, monol(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       STEL:         C       = Celling Limit         IPEL = 1       Itemaal Permissible Exposure Limit         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.       None.         None.       None.         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate ongineering       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep way recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment, should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some casees, fure scubbers, filters or engineering outflications to the p				-			
benzyl alcohol       fraction         1-methoxy-2-propanol       ITWA: 5 ppm         1-methoxy-2-propanol       STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.         Phenol, styrenated       Octadecanamide, N.N*1,6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy-Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         Solvent naphta (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.       None.         oxtrane, morof(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.       None.         None.       None.       None.         VEL       * Calling Limit       TV       Tree Short tem exposure limit         IPEL       * Calling Limit       TV       Tree Short tem exposure limit         IPEL       * Calling Limit       TV       Tree Short tem exposure limit         IPEL       * Calling Limit       TV       Tree Should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls below any lower explosive limits.       Tree Should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls below any lower explosive limits.       Tree Should be used provinonmental protection flagstand using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.         Appropriate engineering controls also need to kepe gas, vapor							
benzyl alcohol       IPEL (-), TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm         1-methoxy-2-propanol       STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.         Phenol, styrenated Octadecanamide, NN-1,6-hexanediytbis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-aikyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-aikyloxy)methyl] derivs.       STEL: 50 pm 8 hours. None.         c       = Celling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       STEL: 50 pm 75 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous aubstances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls         Imitividual protection measures Hygiene measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, moxing the levels and out of the workplace. Wash hours are close to the workstation location. Contaminated before reusing: Ensure that end of the workplace. Wash contaminated before reusing: Ensure that end of the workplace. Wash contaminated before reusing: Ensure that of the down prod. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work plotes essary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Individual				<b>.</b>			
1-methoxy-2-propanol       TWA: 5 ppm         1-methoxy-2-propanol       STEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.         Phenol, styrenated       Octadecanamide, N.N-1,6-hexaneditybis[12-hydroxy-Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       Nome.       Nome.         oxirane, monol(C12-14-aikyloxy)methyl) derivs.       Nome.       Nome.         oxirane, monol(C12-14-aikyloxy)methyl) derivs.       STEL: a Short term exposure limit       TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         IPEL       Interm Permissible Exposure Limit       TU: a Three Weighted Average         Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.       TWA: 3 Time Weighted Average         Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection degislation. In some cases, futures or the usorking period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove pot	benzyl alcohol						
1-methoxy-2-propanol       STEL: 10 ppm         1-methoxy-2-propanol       STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. None.         Phenol, styrenated Octadecanamide, N,N-1,6-hexanediybis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. ethytbenzene       None.         virane, monol[(C12:14-aikyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         cxirane, monol[(C12:14-aikyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         c       = Celling Limit IPEL       * to barbviations         C       = Celling Limit IPEL       * to barbviations         Recommended monitoring procedures       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosure, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, future scheduing below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation sout on the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Individual protection measures       : Wesh hands, forearms and face thorou							
1-methoxy-2-propanol       NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).         Phenol, styrenated       STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.         Octadecanamide, N.N-1,6-bexanediybis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         thylbenzene       Nome.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-aikyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Ceiling Limit       STEL         IPEL       = Note and the second the seco							
Phenol, styrenated       TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.         Octadecanamide, N,N'-1, 6-hexanediylbis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         ethylbenzere       None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Ceiling Limit         IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       STEL       = Short term exposure limit         TWA       The Work of the Adverage         Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.       Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor of dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the vocomply with the requirements of environmental protection begislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.         Individual protection       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using	1-methoxy-2-propanol						
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Octadecariamide, N,N*1,6-hexanediybis[12-hydroxy- Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         None.       None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Celling Limit       STEL         IPEL       Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       TVX = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Timeshold Limit Value TWA = Timeshold Limit Value         Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workistation location.         Eye/face protection       : Chemical splash goggles.         Skin protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when h							
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.       None.         ethylbenzene       None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Celling Limit       TWA : 20 ppm 8 hours.         IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       TUY = Threshold Limit Value         IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       TUY = Threshold Limit Value         Procedures       Recommended monitoring       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or stuttory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental products, before casing, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to termove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated vici ting should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to tenwove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated vici ting should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to termove potentially contamina							
ethylbenzeine       NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Celling Limit IPEL       Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       STEL TW       = Short term exposure limit TW       = Threshold Limit Value TWA         PPEL       Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       STEL TW       = Threshold Limit Value TWA       = Threshold Limit Value TWA         Procedures       :       Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       :       Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       :       Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should he used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyelface protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should mocontaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure th							
oxirane, mon0[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. None.         oxirane, mon0[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.       None.         C       = Celling Linit       Step to abbreviations         IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       TLY       = Threshold Limit Value TWA         IPEL       = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit       TLY       = Time Weighted Average         Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.       Recommended monitoring       : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         Appropriate engineering controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to aihorne controls       : Use only with adequate ventilation equipment.         Environmental exposure controls       : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental products, before easing, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyefface protection       : Chemical-resistant, imperviou		eavy alom.					
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Mexico Page: 6/15	Gloves	butyl rubber					
				Mexico Page: 6/15			

# Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	:	Not available.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
Molecular weight	4	Not applicable.
рН	÷	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Flammability	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.56
Density(lbs / gal)	:	13.02
		Media Result
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	:	20% (v/v), 10.039% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	;	<b>8</b> 9.961

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### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
esin	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	
A yielle	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	_
aluminium powder (stabilised)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3550 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
oxirane, mono[	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.				

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Scor	e	Exposure	Observation
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Milo	d irritant		Rabbit	-		100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mo	Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit						
	Skin - Moo			Rabbit	-		-	-
	Skin - Moo			Rabbit	-		24 hours 500 Ul	-
	Skin - Sev	ere irrita	int	Rabbit	-		24 hours 2 mg	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabbit	-		24 hours 500 mg	-	
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin				le on the mixt				
Eyes				le on the mixt				
Respiratory	: There ar	e no dat	a availab	le on the mixt	ure itsel	T.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	:	Species			Resul	t	
Reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	skin		Mouse			Sensi	tizing	
Phenol, styrenated oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	skin skin		Mouse Guinea p	ig			isitizing isitizing	
Conclusion/Summary		I						
Skin	: There ar	e no dat	a availab	le on the mixt	ure itsel <sup>.</sup>	f		
Respiratory				le on the mixt				
Mutagenicity	. more a	e ne da						
	. Thoro or	o no dot		le on the mixt	uro itool	f		
Conclusion/Summary		e no uai	a avallar			1.		
Carcinogenicity	. There er	a na dat		le en the mint	una ita ak	£		
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There ar	e no dai	a avallad	le on the mixt	ure itsei	1.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-					
Carcinogen Classificatio	n code:		1					
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -								
Reproductive toxicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no dat	ta availab	le on the mixt	ure itsel	f.		
Teratogenicity	• <b>T</b> he and			la an 45		£		
Conclusion/Summary				le on the mixt	ure itsel	T.		
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>y (single ex</u>	posure)	1					

### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

```
Target organs
```

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
benzyl alcohol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate	effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

# Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

		5
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		•
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>city</u>	

# Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553 reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	5566.7 2500	2811.0 2500	N/A N/A	87.2 N/A	8.2 N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol Phenol, styrenated ethylbenzene	5200 3550 3500	13000 N/A 17800	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A 17.8	N/A N/A 1.5
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A

### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 3.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Feaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days	-	-
Phenol, styrenated ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	7 % - Not readily - 28 c 79 % - Readily - 10 da		- -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	P	hotolysis	Biodegradability
Reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	-	-		Not readily
xylene benzyl alcohol Phenol, styrenated	- -	- - -		Readily Readily Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-		Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Peaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
xylene benzyl alcohol 1-methoxy-2-propanol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. ethylbenzene	3.12 0.87 <1 2.8 to 6.5 3.6	7.4 to 18.5 - - 79.43	Low Low High Low
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	3.77	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mexico Page: 12/15

### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
	waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	-		
	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	✓reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin)	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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### Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 0

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic effects

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Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	-	8/18/2023 EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

# Product name SIGMAFAST 278 BASE MIO LIGHT 9553

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.