SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 4 March 2024 Version 1

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code	: 00472191
Product name	: SIGMAZINC 100 BASE
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of t	<u>he substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>
Product use	 Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark, Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand T: 662-319-4190 #224 F: 662-319-4189
Emergency telephone	: CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 66.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 68.8%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 36%

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	ŝ

 Mixture
 IVIIALUIE

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	;	Not applicable.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

-		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	25- <50	7440-66-6
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10- <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	10- <20	25036-25-3
ethylbenzene	5- <10	100-41-4
xylene	5- <10	1330-20-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1- <3	107-98-2
zinc oxide	1- <3	1314-13-2
4-methylpentan-2-one	0.3 - <1	108-10-1

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
ndication of immediate me Notes to physician	 dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Constitution transfer	: No specific treatment.
Specific treatments	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions Methods and materials for co		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,			Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in		
	including any		accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store		
	incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated		
			area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink.		
			Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container		
			tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened		
			must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in		
			unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental		
			contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).			
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
xylene		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).			
		[xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)]			
1-methoxy-2-propanol		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).			
		STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
		TWA: $184 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$			
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
zinc oxide		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). [zinc			
		oxide fume]			
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume			
		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). [zinc			
		oxide]			
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
		dust			
		TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust			
4-methylpentan-2-one		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).			
· ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures		briate monitoring standards. Reference to those for the determination of hazardous			
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use the second s				
controls		ols to keep worker exposure to airborne			
		contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive			
	limits. Use explosion-proof ventilatio				
Environmental exposure		ocess equipment should be checked to ensure			
controls		environmental protection legislation. In some ineering modifications to the process			

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	 May start to solidify at the following temperature: -94.9°C (-138.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylbenzene. Weighted average: -95.13°C (-139.2°F)
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.81compared with butyl acetate				
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	quid				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	reatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)				
Vapor pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.06 kPa (7.95 mm Hg) (at 20°C)				
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 3.59 (Air = 1)				
Relative density	:	2.17				
	:	Media Result				
Solubility(ies)		cold water Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).				
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
<u>Acute toxicity</u>

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.4 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Eyes	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Respiratory	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Respiratory	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	1	There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.
Specific target organ tox	cit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>		

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure	ot available.	
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	auses serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	hown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	ay be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting a ay cause an allergic skin reaction.	to the skin.
Ingestion	ay be harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the phy	chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	lverse symptoms may include the following: in or irritation atering	

Inhelation I. No apositio data	
Inhalation : No specific data.	
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include irritation redness dryness cracking	e the following:
Ingestion : No specific data.	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	fects
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4512.92 mg/kg
Dermal	3573.33 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	68.95 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	7.59 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Acute EC50 0.106 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
· · · ·	Chronic EC10 6.3 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
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Section 12. Ecolo		rmation			
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >	179 mg/l	Fish		96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not availat	ble.			
Persistence/degradability					
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	D	ose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10) days -		-

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene xylene 4-methylpentan-2-one	- - -	-	Readily Readily Readily

83 % - Readily - 28 days

Bioaccumulative potential

4-methylpentan-2-one

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Other adverse effects	: No known significant

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

OECD 301F

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized))	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are	

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Harmful	Chemicals	List

: Listed

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4 March 2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.