SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 1.02

Version

South Africa

PPG

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1 Product identifier Product name : SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE Product code : 000001112261 Other means of identification 00230906; 00242163

: 4 March 2024

1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Dreduction	Drefessional explications. Lload by enveying	

Product use	Protessional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Coatings PTY
9 Arnold Street,
Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng
South Africa
Tel: 0027 11 389 4800PS.ACEMEA@ppg.come-mail address of person
responsible for this SDS: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com1.4 Emergency telephone
number: +27 51 444 2134

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture <u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

English (GB)

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SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 BLUE	
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away fron heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P273, P391, P305 + P351 + P338, P501
Hazardous ingredients	 dicopper oxide rosin 5-methylhexan-2-one 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene Cashew, nutshell liq. octhilinone (ISO)
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvE
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

	-				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
dicopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X		Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]
rosin	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
5-methylhexan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119472300-51 EC: 203-737-8 CAS: 110-12-3 Index: 606-026-00-4	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361d (inhalation)	ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≥1.0 - ≤3.6	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: C ≥ 5% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.025\% \le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 3% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.025\% \le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #:	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	ATE [Inhalation	[1] [2]
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Commission Regulation (FU) forms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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SECTION 3: Com	position/informat	tion on ir	ngredients		
	01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4		Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	(vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	
copper(II) oxide	REACH #: 01-2119502447-44 EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 Index: 029-016-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	<1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N- methylene]-benzene	REACH #: 01-2119962189-26 CAS: 911674-82-3 Index: 616-198-00-2	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1] [2]
Cashew, nutshell liq.	EC: 232-355-4 CAS: 8007-24-7	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
octhilinone (ISO)	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.0010	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

above.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important sy	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs</u>	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any ir	nmediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel fron entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources fares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate on appropriate personal protective equipment.	.No ∋
For emergency responders	f specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any inform Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For r emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drain sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harm he environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	
6.3 Methods and material for	tainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alterr or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	atively,

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
dicopper oxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [copper: fume (copper oxide) as Cu]		
	TWA: 0.4 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume		
rosin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [resin acids as total Resin		
	acids] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.		
	TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable		
	fraction		
xylene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed		
	isomers] Absorbed through skin.		
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.		
zinc oxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).		
	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume, respirable fraction		
	STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume, respirable fraction		
5-methylhexan-2-one	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.		
-	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.		
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.		
titanium dioxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).		
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.		
-	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.		
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).		
	TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction		
copper oxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). [copper: fume (copper oxide) as		
	Cu]		
	TWA: 0.4 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume		

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
xylene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
ethylbenzene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Conforms to Regulation (EC) 2020/878	No	. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
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Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	1	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	1	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Blue.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour	1	Aromatic.							
Odour threshold	:	Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify at the following temperature: -74°C (-101.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 5-methylhexan-2-one. Weighted average: -87.39°C (-125.3°F)							
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 9% (5-methylhexan-2-one)		e)					
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 29.7°C							
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		29H,31H-phthalocyanina N30,N31,N32 copper	to(2-)-N29,	356		672.8		EU A.16	
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recomn	nended st	orage a	nd hand	lling co	ndition	s (see Sec	tion 7).
pH	:	Not applicable. insolu	uble in wa	er.					
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
Solubility(ies)	:								
Media		Result							
cold water		Not soluble							
Partition coefficient: n-octanol	:	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure		sure at	re at 20°C V		apour pressure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Meth	od	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value	: 0.84 (eth	ylbenze	ene) W	eighted	avera	ge: 0.66cor	mpared with
		butyl acetate							
Relative density	:	1.8							
Relative density Vapour density		•	: 3.9 (Air	= 1) (5-	-methyll	nexan-2	2-one).	Weighted	average:
	:	1.8 Highest known value	not explos	ive, but					
Vapour density Explosive properties	:	1.8 Highest known value 3.77 (Air = 1) The product itself is r	not explos ir is possi	ive, but ble.	the forr	nation			
Vapour density	:	1.8 Highest known value 3.77 (Air = 1) The product itself is r vapour or dust with a	not explos ir is possi	ive, but ble.	the forr	nation			

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		

English (GB)

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		J	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		5	
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and	mists			
octadecanoic acid and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
octhilinone (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.27 mg/l	4 hours
- ()	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	311 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	125 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

English (GB)

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Skin

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Eyes
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
octhilinone (ISO)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: There are I	no data availa	able on the mixture	e itself.
Respiratory	: There are I	no data availa	able on the mixture	e itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are I	no data availa	able on the mixture	e itself.
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are I	no data availa	able on the mixture	e itself.
Reproductive toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Maternal	Fertility	Developmental	Sn

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal	Rabbit	Inhalation: 1250 ppm	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

	Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
е	thylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on likely	

Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation : Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate offer	te	as well as chronic effects from short and long-ter

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Delayed and initiate ene	as well as enrolle encets from short and long-term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
Potential chronic health effe		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.	
General	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking ar lermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subseque exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
Other information	Not available.	

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia	48 hours
	Fresh water	magna - Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Fresh water		
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l	Algae - Nitzschia	96 hours
	Marine water	pungens	
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l	Crustaceans -	48 hours
	Marine water	Artemia sp.	
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water		
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l	Algae - Nitzschia	96 hours
	Marine water	pungens	
	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l	Fish	97 days
	Fresh water		
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> <i>magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
and octadecanoic acid and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301D -	67 % - Readily - 28 day 79 % - Readily - 10 day		-		-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photo	lysis	В	iodegradability
xylene 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene					Re	eadily eadily eadily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
5-methylhexan-2-one	1.88	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	High
octhilinone (ISO)	2.45	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

English (GB)	South Africa	14/18

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Mobility : Not available.

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
ackaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly

drains and sewers.

internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special pre user	cautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport i according to IM	

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture,

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

	has abanged from mediate by	aqued version
	has changed from previously i	
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Est CLP = Classification, Lab 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effec EUH statement = CLP-sp PNEC = Predicted No Eff RRN = REACH Registrat	pelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. et Level pecific Hazard statement fect Concentration
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liquidH301Toxic if swallowH302Harmful if swallowH304May be fatal if swallH304May be fatal if swallH304May be fatal if swallH311Toxic in contactH312Harmful in contactH314Causes severeH315Causes severeH317May cause an atH318Causes seriousH319Causes seriousH330Fatal if inhaled.H332Harmful if inhalH335May cause respH361dSuspected of dH373May cause damH400Very toxic to acH410Very toxic to acH412Harmful to aquadiation	ved. lowed. swallowed and enters airways. t with skin. act with skin. skin burns and eye damage. itation. allergic skin reaction. s eye damage. s eye irritation. ed. biratory irritation. amaging the unborn child. nage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. juatic life. juatic life with long lasting effects. atic life with long lasting effects. g lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - CATEGORY 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
History		EXPOSURE - Category 3

<u>History</u>

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)	
2020/878	

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SECTION 16: Othe	r information		
Date of issue/ Date of	: 4 March 2024		

revision	
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Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 1.02

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