# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 5 March 2024

Version 4.01

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : AMERCOAT 450H CURE
- : 00334553
- : Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3</li> </ul>

English (US)

Code00334553Product nameAMERCOA	T 45	Date of issue 0H CURE	5 March 2024	Version	4.01
Section 2. Hazard	s i	dentification			
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes da nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may caus respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or	e damage to the follow	-	
		Percentage of the mixture consisting toxicity: 1% Percentage of the mixture consisting toxicity: 1.8%			
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	:				
Signal word	:	Warning			
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed or in a Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizzines Harmful to aquatic life with long las	n. s.		
Precautionary statements					
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Keep awa and other ignition sources. No smo or lighting equipment. Use non-sp discharges. Avoid release to the e	oking. Use explosion-p parking tools. Take acti	oroof electrical, v on to prevent st	rentilating
Response	:	IF INHALED: Call a POISON CEN contaminated clothing and wash it CENTER or doctor if you feel unwe rash occurs: Get medical advice of	before reuse. IF ON S ell. Wash with plenty of	KIN: Call a POI	SON
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Ke	ep container tightly clos	sed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container and international regulations.	in accordance with all	local, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact ma	y dry skin and cause irr	ritation.	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS** number

: Not applicable.

#### 4.01

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	60 - 100	28182-81-2
n-butyl acetate	30 - <60	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1 - <2	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Description of necessary ma	
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	: The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression

See toxicological information (Section 11)

AMERCOAT 450H CURE

Date of issue

5 March 2024

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.			
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: $50^{\circ}C$ ( $122^{\circ}F$ ). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. $CO_2$ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

#### 4.01

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
<ul><li>P-butyl acetate</li><li>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</li></ul>			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Buty acetates all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	nat		riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous		
Appropriate engineering controls	vei coi als	ntilation or other engineering contro ntaminants below any recommende	se process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive n equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: En the cas	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
ndividual protection measu	res				
Hygiene measures	bet Ap Co coi	fore eating, smoking and using the propriate techniques should be use ntaminated work clothing should ne	bughly after handling chemical products, lavatory and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. of be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.		
Eye protection	: Sa	fety glasses with side shields.			
Skin protection Hand protection	be this cho sho diff sev	worn at all times when handling ch s is necessary. Considering the pa eck during use that the gloves are s ould be noted that the time to break ferent for different glove manufactu	s complying with an approved standard should emical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It athrough for any glove material may be rers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of the of the gloves cannot be accurately		
Gloves	: but	tyl rubber			
Body protection	bei bei we dis	ing performed and the risks involve fore handling this product. When the ar anti-static protective clothing. For charges, clothing should include ar	body should be selected based on the task d and should be approved by a specialist here is a risk of ignition from static electricity, or the greatest protection from static nti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	sel		nal skin protection measures should be formed and the risks involved and should be ing this product.		

Colombia

English (US)

Code	00334553		Date of issue	5 March 2024	Version	4.01
Product nam	e	AMERCOAT 450H CURE				

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	:	Not available.		
Odor	:	Characteristic.		
рН	:	Not applicable.		
Melting point	:	Not available.		
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 33.33°C (92°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	0.93 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	I.4 kPa (10.7 mm Hg)		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	:	1.03		
Solubility(ies)		Media Result		
	Ċ	cold water Not soluble		
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	0.2 g/l		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

AMERCOAT 450H CURE

:

Date of issue

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
diisocyanate, oligomers				
(isocyanurate type)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	lf.	·
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Sensitization				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Respiratory	: There are no data available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Mutananiaitu				

Mutagenicity

Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

Date of issue

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

. . .

.....

Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

.....

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	May be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Date of issue

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
he was the se	cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity estimates

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)	
MERCOAT 450H CURE	4032.4	3982.9	N/A	1753.9	2.4	
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5	
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5	

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)		Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - daphnia magna Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	48 hours 96 hours
n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish Fish	96 hours 96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) n-butyl acetate			-		Not rea Readily	,

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)		3.2	Low
n-butyl acetate 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.3 3.63	- 120.23	Low Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

# Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

4.01

#### 4.01

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Date of issue

5 March 2024

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	10/21/2023	
Version	4.01	
	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Danger Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemi IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Shi 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous G by Rail	cals ps,
	UN = United Nations	
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.