SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 3/7/2024 (month/day/year)

Version 2.02

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name
Product code: PPG VIKOTE 56 GREEN 4199200445141

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Product use Use of the substance/ mixture | Professional applications, Used by spraying.Coating. |
|--|--|
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. |
| C. Supplier's or Importer's information Email Address | : PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM |
| Emergency telephone number: | : <mark>⊭</mark> 82-52-210-8331 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| A. Hazard classification | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
|--|---|
| | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - |
| | Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 |
| $- \pi (1, 2, \dots, 2, 2, \dots, 2, 2, \dots, 2, 2, \dots, 2, 2, 2, \dots, 2, \dots,$ | |

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements



Product code 00445141

Date of issue 3/7/2024 (month/day/year)

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 GREEN 4199

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | Hazard statements | : | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|----|---|----|--|
| | Precautionary statements | \$ | |
| | Prevention | : | P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| | Response | : | P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| | Storage | : | P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool. |
| | Disposal | : | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| C. | Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

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Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 GREEN 4199

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Chemical name | Common name | Identifiers | % |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light | SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), | CAS: 64742-95-6 | 20 - |
| aromatic | LIGHT AROMATIC | | <30 |
| Xylene | XYLENES | CAS: 1330-20-7 | 10 -<20 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE | CAS: 95-63-6 | 10 -<20 |
| chloroalkanes(C= $14 \sim 17$) | C14-C17 CHLORINATED | CAS: 85535-85-9 | 1 - <5 |
| | HYDROCARBONS | | |
| ethylbenzene | ETHYLBENZENE | CAS: 100-41-4 | 1 - <5 |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE | CAS: 51274-00-1 | 1 - <5 |
| mesitylene | 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | CAS: 108-67-8 | 1 - <5 |
| propylbenzene | PROPYLBENZENE | CAS: 103-65-1 | 1 - <5 |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | 1,2,3-TRIMETHYL BENZENE | CAS: 526-73-8 | 1 - <5 |
| polychloro copper phthalocyanine | COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE GREEN | CAS: 1328-53-6 | 1 - <5 |
| cumene | CUMENE | CAS: 98-82-8 | 0.1 - <1 |
| ethanol | ETHYL ALCOHOL | CAS: 64-17-5 | 0.1 - <1 |
| Toluene | TOLUENE | CAS: 108-88-3 | 0.1 - <1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Α. | Eye contact | : | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|----|----------------------------|---|--|
| В. | Skin contact | : | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| C. | Inhalation | : | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| D. | Ingestion | : | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Е. | Notes to physician | : | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| | Specific treatments | 1 | No specific treatment. |
| | Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| | | | - |
|------------|--|---|--|
| Α. | Extinguishing media | | |
| | Suitable extinguishing media | : | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| | Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water jet. |
| В. | Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : | Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| | Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| C . | Special equipment for fire-fighting | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| | Fire-fighting procedures | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--|---|---|
| B Environmental | | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and rupoff and contact with soil, waterways |

B. Environmental
precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------------------|---|
| X ylene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene (all |
| | isomers)] |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl |
| | benzene (mixed isomers)] |
| | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Iron oxide (Fume, as Fe)] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: Fume Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Iron oxide as Fe] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Fe) 8 hours. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| mesitylene | Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] |
| cumene | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethanol | Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| Toluene | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Personal protective equip | nent |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
| Eye protection | : Chemical splash goggles. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
|------------------|---|
| Gloves | : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: |
| | May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Α. | Appearance | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|---|-----------|--------|----------------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| | Physical state | : | Liquid. | | | | | | |
| | Color | : | Green. | | | | | | |
| В. | Odor | : | Aromatic. | | | | | | |
| С. | Odor threshold | : | Not available. | | | | | | |
| D. | рН | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| Ε. | Melting/freezing point | : | Not available. | | | | | | |
| F. | Boiling point/boiling range | ; | >37.78°C (>100°F) | | | | | | |
| G. | Flash point | : | Closed cup: 37°C (98 | .6°F) | | | | | |
| н. | Evaporation rate | : | Not available. | | | | | | |
| Т. | Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. | | | | | | |
| J. | Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Greatest known range light aromatic) | e: Lower: | 1.4% l | Jpper: 7.6% (S | olvent naph | ıtha (p | etroleum), |
| Κ. | Vapor pressure | : | | Vapor | Press | ure at 20°C | Vapor | press | ure at 50°C |
| | | | | | | | l . | | |

| | Vapo | r Pressui | re at 20°C | Vapor pressure at 50°C | | | |
|-----------------|---------|-----------|------------|------------------------|-----|--------|--|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| ethylbenzene | 9.30076 | 1.2 | | | | | |

| Section 9. Physical and chemical properties | | | | |
|---|-------|------------|--|--|
| L. Solubility(ies) | Media | Result | | |
| | - | Netesluble | | |

| | | | cold water | lot soluble | | | |
|----------|--|---|---|-------------|------------|--------|--|
| | Solubility in water | : | Not available. | | | | |
| М. | Vapor density | 1 | Not available. | | | | |
| N. | Relative density | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 0. | Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. | | | | |
| Ρ. | Auto-ignition temperature | : | | | | | |
| | | | Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method | |
| | | | | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878 | | |
| | | | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 200 10 470 | 550 10 878 | | |
| Q. | Decomposition temperature | : | | 20010470 | 330 10 878 | | |
| | - | | aromatic | | | | |
| Q. R. | temperature | : | aromatic Not available. | | | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | | - | • |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Α. | Chemical stability | : | The product is stable. |
| | Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| В. | Conditions to avoid | : | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| C. | Incompatible materials | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| D . | Hazardous decomposition products | : | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| A. Information on the like routes of exposure | ly : Not available. |
|---|---|
| Potential acute health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Over-exposure signs/syn | <u>iptoms</u> |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3.48 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| chloroalkanes(C=14~17) | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >48.17 g/m ³ | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| • | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5.05 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10 g/kg | - |
| mesitylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |
| propylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6040 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 11.4 g/kg | - |
| polychloro copper phthalocyanine | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6400 mg/kg | - |
| cumene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 39000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12.3 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2260 mg/kg | - |
| ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
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| Product code | 00445141 |
|--------------|--------------------|
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| - | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|---|
| LD50 Dermal | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - |
| LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal | LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit | LD50 OralRat7 g/kgLC50 Inhalation VaporRat49 g/m³LD50 DermalRabbit8.39 g/kg |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|--|-------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------|
| ₩ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | |
| Skin : | There are no data available o | n the mixture it | self. | | |
| Eyes : | There are no data available o | n the mixture it | self. | | |
| Respiratory : | There are no data available o | n the mixture it | self. | | |
| | There are no data available on There are no data available on | | | | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary : | There are no data available or | n the mixture its | self. | | |
| Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary : | There are no data available o | n the mixture it | self. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary : | There are no data available o | on the mixture i | tself. | | |
| <u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary : | There are no data available o | n the mixture i | tself. | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Classification | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Xylene | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| mesitylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| propylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | Classification | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Xylene | Category 1 | | central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver |
| Toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-------------------------------|--|
| ethylbenzene propylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Potential chronic health effects

| General | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : May cause harm to breast-fed children. |

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

| Chemical name | Identifiers | GHS Classification |
|---|-----------------|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | CAS: 64742-95-6 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Xylene | CAS: 1330-20-7 | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | CAS: 95-63-6 | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Category 3 |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 |
| chloroalkanes(C=14~17) | CAS: 85535-85-9 | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via |
| | | lactation |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | CAS: 100-41-4 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | CAS: 51274-00-1 | Not classified. |
| mesitylene | CAS: 108-67-8 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| , | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE |
| | | EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - |
| | | Category 3 |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 |
| propylbenzene | CAS: 103-65-1 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE |
| | | EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - |
| | | Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | CAS: 526-73-8 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | CAS. 520-75-8 | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| nalvahlara cannar phthalaavanina | CAS: 1328-53-6 | Not classified. |
| polychloro copper phthalocyanine | CAS: 1328-53-6 CAS: 98-82-8 | |
| cumene | CAS: 98-82-8 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| ethanol | CAS: 64-17-5 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Toluene | CAS: 108-88-3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE |
| | | EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY |
| | | (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | + | |

Section 12. Ecological information

A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--|---|---------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | 48 hours - |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | Acute LC50 >100000 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| polychloro copper phthalocyanine | Acute LC50 356 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethanol | Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |

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Section 12. Ecological information

B. Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--|-------------------|------------|-----------------|------|--|-------------|
| e thylbenzene | - | 79 % - Rea | adily - 10 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | gradability |
| Kylene ethylbenzene ethanol Toluene | - - - | | - - - | | Readily Readily Readily Readily | , |

C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.23 | Low |
| chloroalkanes(C=14~17) | 4.7 to 8.3 | - | High |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| mesitylene | 3.42 | 186.21 | Low |
| propylbenzene | 3.69 | - | Low |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | 3.66 | 194.98 | Low |
| cumene | 3.55 | 35.48 | Low |
| ethanol | -0.35 | - | Low |
| Toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | Low |

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A. UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| B. UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| C. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| D. Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| E. Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ΙΑΤΑ

| UN | : None identified. | |
|------|--------------------|--|
| IMDG | : The marine pollu | |

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Α. | Regulation according to ISHA | | | | | |
|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) | : None of the components are listed. | | | | |
| | ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) | : None of the components are listed. | | | | |
| | Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth | : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19. | | | | |

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | | | , , |
|----|---|----|--|
| | Vylene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ethylbenzene iron hydroxide oxide yellow mesitylene 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene cumene ethanol Toluene | V | |
| | Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) | : | The following components are listed: toluene |
| | ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) | : | The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, iron oxide |
| | ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up) | : | The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene, Iron oxide (dust, fume) |
| | Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) | : | The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, iron and its compounds, copper and its compounds |
| В. | Regulation according to C | he | emicals Control Act |
| | Article 11 (TRI) | | The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Copper and its compounds |
| | Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27) | 1 | None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) | : | None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27) | : | None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) | : | Toxic |
| | Korea inventory | : | All components are listed or exempted. |
| | Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) | : | The following components are listed: chloroalkanes(C=14 \sim 17) |
| C. | <u>Dangerous Materials</u> <u>Safety Management Act</u> | : | Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited |

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Date of issue 3/7/2024 (month/day/year)

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 GREEN 4199

| D. | Wastes regulation | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
|----|--|---|
| | Regulation according to | <u>other foreign laws</u> |
| | Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product | : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients). |

| A . | References | Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System. |
|------------|--------------------------------|--|
| В. | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 3/7/2024 |
| С. | Version | : 2.02 |
| | Prepared by | : EHS |
| D. | Other | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.