Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 11 March 2024

: 1.02 Version



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: AMERCOAT 399 CURE
Product code	: 00334418
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
1.2 Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture **Product definition Classification according to UK CLP/GHS** Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

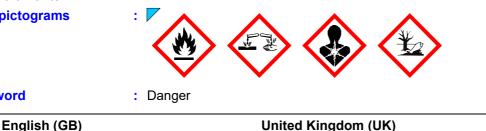
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Hazard pictograms



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SECTION 2: Hazard	s identification
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapour. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Mear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	: 🖉ollect spillage.

Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
	P 280, P210, P273, P261, P391, P501

	₱ 2 80, P210, P273, P261, P391, P5
Supplemental label	: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions	: Not applicabl
on the manufacture.	

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applica	ble.
Special packaging requirement	<u>s</u>	
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant	Not applica	ble.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according

fastenings

elements

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

01-2119488216-32 Acute Tox. 4, H312 EC: 215-535-7 Acute Tox. 4, H332 CAS: 1330-20-7 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
4-nonylphenol, branched REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, [1]	xylene	01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7	≥10 - <20	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3,	[1] [2]
	4-nonylphenol, branched	01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1,	[1] [3]

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SECTION 3: Composition	n/information on ing	gredients		
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	REACH #: 01-2119480150-50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH071	[1]
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	REACH #: 01-2119557899-12 EC: 618-561-0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3,	[1]
4-tert-butylphenol	CAS: 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6) REACH #: 01-2119489419-21 EC: 202-679-0 CAS: 98-54-4	≥1.0 - <3.0	H412 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 1,	[1] [3]
ethylbenzene	Index: 604-090-00-8 REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	H410 (M=1) Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene) bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine	CAS: 36704-31-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1A, H334 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
Nonylphenols	EC: 294-048-1 CAS: 91672-41-2	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) EUH071	[1]
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide- N-methylene]-benzene	REACH #: 01-2119962189-26 CAS: 911674-82-3 Index: 616-198-00-2	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3,	[1]
Polyamidoamine	CAS: SUB104580	<0.30	H412 Skin Corr. 1C, H314	[1]

Polyamidoamine

≤0.30

CAS: SUB104580

[1]

Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317

STOT SE 3, H335

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for
the full text of the H statements declared
above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.	for
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by traine personnel.	əd
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and wate or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	۶r
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.)
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: \overline{M} ay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Koverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 4: First a	id measures
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	: No specific treatment.

Suitable extinguishing media media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue
	measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional
	information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
ethylbenzene	 EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,p-or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. 		

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene	XYLENES
	IId be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to ce documents for methods for the determination of hazardous

substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
₩ylene	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Oral Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	12.5 mg/kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 125 mg/kg bw/day 212 mg/kg bw/day 221 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³	General population General population General population General population Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Systemic

English (GB)

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-					
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
4-nonylphenol, branched	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	7.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.08 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0		
			1 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	97.2 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
dimers, oligomeric reaction					
products with tall-oil fatty					
acids and triethylenetetramine					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	97.2 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.169 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.272 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.952 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL				
		Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.33 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Poly[oxy(methyl-	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.36 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-			-		-
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-					
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		Long term Oral	0.026 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	0.026 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	0.071 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
				• •	
		0			
					•
					Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
ethylbenzene	DNEL DNEL DMEL DMEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Oral Long term Oral Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.09 mg/m ³ 0.5 mg/m ³ 442 mg/m ³ 884 mg/m ³ 1.6 mg/kg bw/day 15 mg/m ³ 77 mg/m ³ 180 mg/kg bw/day	General population Workers Workers General population General population Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Fresh water	0.043 mg/l	Assessment Factors
English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK	()	8/19

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Marine water	0 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	3.84 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	434.02 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	43.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	86.78 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-	Fresh water	0.015 mg/l	Assessment Factors
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		0.044	
	Marine water	0.014 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant		Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	0.132 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.125 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	0.018 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

controlsor other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to alrborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep ga vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove waterial may be different for differer glove manufacturers, in the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time	8.2 Exposure controls	
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differen glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the gr		
 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should b worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differen glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measu	Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Skin protectionHand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should b worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment. butly rubberBody protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
 worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product. 		: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
 performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Cher skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product. 		during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber
based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	Body protection	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing
Respiratory protection :	Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
	Respiratory protection	:
English (GB)United Kingdom (UK)9/19	English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK) 9/19

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Se an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance							
Physical state	:	Liquid.					
Colour		Not ava	ailable.				
Odour	:	Charac	teristic.				
Odour threshold	:	Not ava	ailable.				
Melting point/freezing point		: May start to solidify at the following temperature: 14°C (57.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: m-phenylenebis(methylamine). Weighted average: -48.17°C (-54.7°F)					
Initial boiling point and boiling range			°C (>100°F)				
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	liquid					
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greates	st known ranç	ge: Lower: 1	.3% Upper:	13% (benzyl alcohol)	
Flash point	:	Closed	cup: 33.33°C	; (92°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	:						
Ingredient name			°C	°F		Method	
4-nonylphenol, branched			372	701.6		ASTM E 659	
рН	:	• •	blicable. blicable. insol	uble in wate	r.	•	
Viscosity	:		atic (40°C): >2				
Solubility(ies)	:						
Media		Resu	lt				
cold water		Not so	oluble				
Solubility in water	:	0.8 g/l					
Miscible with water	:	No.					
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not app	olicable.				
Vapour pressure	:	1.3 kPa	a (9.6 mm Hg)			
Evaporation rate	:	0.71 (bi	utyl acetate =	1)			
Relative density	:	1.42					
Vapour density						nzenedicarboxylic acid, di- ghted average: 6.54 (Air = 1)	
Explosive properties	:			· ·	, ,		
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

I he product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.
: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition product Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
xy lene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-	
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd.,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
dimers, oligomeric reaction					
products with tall-oil fatty					
acids and					
triethylenetetramine					
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours	
-	mists		Ū		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-	
m-phenylenebis	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 ppm	1 hours	
(methylamine)					
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>3100 mg/kg	-	
		Female			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-	
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-	
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-					
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-					
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	-	
4-tert-butylphenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.29 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.95 g/kg	-	
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-	
English (GB) United Kingdom (UK)					

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	•			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
octadecamide-N-methylene]	mists		_	
-benzene				
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-
Polyamidoamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 399 CURE	7196.9	15274.1	121466.5	89.0	39.4
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	930	N/A	4500	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-tert-butylphenol	2950	2290	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Nonylphenols	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd.,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
dimers, oligomeric reaction					
products with tall-oil fatty					
acids and triethylenetetramine					
-	Skin - Irritant	Human	-	-	-
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	4 hours	4 hours
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.	·	•	·	
Skin	There are no data available	e on the mixture it	self.		

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
✓atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mouse	Sensitising	
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising	
Conclusion/Summary	ł			
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Respiratory	iratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.			

: There are no data available on the mixture itself	•
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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

		al information		
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Reproductive toxicity** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Polyamidoamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. **Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 11: Toxico	logical information
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Water flea - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
Nonylphenols	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N-methylene]- benzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
English (GB)		United Kingdom (UK)		14/19

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol	- -	-	Readily Not readily Readily
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- ethylbenzene	-	-	Not readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	0.18	2.69	Low
4-tert-butylphenol	3	67.61	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamir	1.66 to -1.4	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.		
Hazardous waste	 Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC. 		
Waste catalogue			
Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified		

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United Kingdom (UK)

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue		
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ADN	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof	Candidate	-	12/19/2012
	4-tert-butylphenol	Candidate	-	7/16/2019

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Catego	ory
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P5c

E1

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGC = Segregation Group
	RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
F am. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361fd	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Resp. Sens. 1A	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

<u>History</u>

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