SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 11 March 2024

Version 10.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name | : AMERLOCK 2 CURE |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : AK2-B |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason | |
|----------------------|--------|--|
| Not applicable. | | |

| Supplier's details: | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Supplier | PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria) |
| Email address: | : HazComLatam@ppg.com |
| Emergency telephone number | : Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM) |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 ACUTE ACTION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 ACUATIC HAZARD - CATEGORY 1 |
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| | rds identification |
|------------------------|--|
| Target organs | : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS). |
| | Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, |
| | the nervous system, the reproductive system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular |
| | system, upper respiratory tract, ears, eye, lens or cornea. |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.8% |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 27.1% |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 71.9% |
| | Fercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 51.6% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | : Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| | May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. |
| | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| | May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. |
| | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Precautionary statemen | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| - | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. |
| Response | : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

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Storage

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| Product n | ame | AMERLOCK 2 CURE | | | | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Other hazards which do not | : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and |

Other hazards which do not: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact n
cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number : Not applicable. | | |
|--|------------|---------------------|
| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
| ✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 20 - <30 | 14807-96-6 |
| barium sulfate | 20 - <30 | 7727-43-7 |
| xylene | 10 - <12.5 | 1330-20-7 |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 7 - <10 | 84852-15-3 |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil | 5 - <7 | 68082-29-1 |
| fatty acids and triethylenetetramine | | |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | 3 - <5 | 68515-49-1 |
| benzyl alcohol | 3 - <5 | 100-51-6 |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | 3 - <5 | 1477-55-0 |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -(2-aminomethylethyl)- ω - | 2 - <3 | 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6) |
| (2-aminomethylethoxy)- | | |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | 2 - <3 | 98-54-4 |
| ethylbenzene | 2 - <3 | 100-41-4 |
| Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl) | 1 - <2 | 36704-31-1 |
| oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine | | |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | 0.5 - <1 | 91672-41-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessa | ary first aid measures |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Indication of immediate med | ica | I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
|---|-----|---|
| Notes to physician Specific treatments | | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |
| Potential acute health effects | 2 | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | 1 | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | 1 | Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | 1 | May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, prote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| Methods and materials for c | ontainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent handling respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in |
|--|---|
| | must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | |
|--|---|--|--|
| ✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). | |
| barium sulfate | | TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction | |
| xylene | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. | |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine |) | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. C: 0.018 ppm | |
| ethylbenzene | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | | opriate monitoring standards. Reference to ethods for the determination of hazardous | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process | | |

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,
before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash
contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
showers are close to the workstation location.

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Eye protection Skin protection | : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | : butyl rubber |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Physical state | Liquid. | |
| Color | Clear. | |
| Odor | Characteristic. | |
| рН | Not applicable. | |
| Melting point | Not available. | |
| Boiling point | >37.78°C (>100°F) | |
| Flash point | Closed cup: 33.33°C (92°F) | |
| Evaporation rate | 0.71 (butyl acetate = 1) | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available. | |
| Vapor pressure | 1.3 kPa (9.6 mm Hg) | |
| Vapor density | Not available. | |
| Relative density | 1.42 | |
| Solubility/ico) | Media Result | |
| Solubility(ies) | cold water Not soluble | |
| Water Solubility at room temperature | 0.8 g/l |] |

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not applicable. | |
|--|---|--|
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. | |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|---|
| : The product is stable. |
| : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materi carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide oxides |
| |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| ite toxicity |
|--------------|
|--------------|

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|
| parium sulfate | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| dimers, oligomeric reaction | | | | |
| products with tall-oil fatty | | | | |
| acids and | | | | |
| triethylenetetramine | | | | |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 16000 mg/kg | - |
| acid, di-C9-11-branched | | | | |
| alkyl esters, C10-rich | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >60000 mg/kg | - |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >4178 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.23 g/kg | - |
| m-phenylenebis | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 700 ppm | 1 hours |
| (methylamine) | | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat - Male, | >3100 mg/kg | - |
| | | | <u> </u> | |
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| | | Female | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|---------|
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| Poly[oxy(methyl- | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 2980 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- | | | 0.0 | |
| (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- | | | | |
| (2-aminomethylethoxy)- | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2885 mg/kg | - |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.29 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.95 g/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| x ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 4 | - | - |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| 2 | Skin - Irritant | Human | - | - | - |
| m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | Skin - Severe irritant | Rat | - | 4 hours | 4 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes Respiratory

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| | | |

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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| Product n | ame | AMERLOCK 2 CURE | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|---------|-----|
| xylene ethylbenzene | - | 3 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|----------------|--|
| benzyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

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| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | : Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. |
| Symptoms related to t | the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision

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| Product nam | е | AMERLOCK 2 CURE | | | | |

for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| MERLOCK 2 CURE | 4637.6 | 2691.2 | 34180.5 | 25.0 | 2.5 |
| barium sulfate | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 1300 | 2140 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | N/A | 16000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1230 | 2000 | N/A | N/A | 1.5 |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | 930 | 2500 | 4500 | N/A | N/A |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- | 2885 | 2980 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | | | | | |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | 2950 | 2290 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Other information

: Not available.

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--|--|---------------|
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine | EC10 1.78 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- | EC50 15 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> | 48 hours - |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l | Fish - Pleuronectes americanus | 96 hours |

Date of issue

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-li | ife Photolysis | | Biodegradability |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- | - - - | - - - - | | Readily Not readily Readily Not readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| x ylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 5.4 | 251.19 | Low |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic | 8.8 | - | High |
| acid, di-C9-11-branched | | | |
| alkyl esters, C10-rich | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | - | Low |
| m-phenylenebis | 0.18 | 2.69 | Low |
| (methylamine) | | | |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | 3 | 67.61 | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |

Mobility in soil

| English (US) | Colombia | 13/15 |
|--------------|----------|-------|

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AMERLOCK 2 CURE

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | Brazil (ANTT) | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (4-nonylphenol, branched) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| UN | : None identified. |
|--------------------|--|
| Brazil | : None identified. |
| Risk number | : 30 |
| IMDG | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

| Code | AK2-B | | Date of issue | 11 March 2024 | Version | 10.02 |
|------------|-------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------|-------|
| Product na | ime | AMERLOCK 2 CURE | | | | |
| _ | _ | | _ | | | |

Section 14. Transport information

| Special precautions for user | 1 | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| | | upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Safety, health and | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| environmental regulations | | | | |
| specific for the product | | | | |

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

| Date of previous issue Version | : 7/14/2023 : 10.02 EHS |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Key to abbreviations | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations |
| References | : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.