# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 11 March 2024

Version 7.08

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE

- : 00327632
- Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda</li> <li>Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu</li> <li>Sumare / SP, Brasil</li> <li>55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2</li> </ul>
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Calegory 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

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Section 2. H	lazards identifi	cation			
Target organs	skin, bone Contains i lungs, the	e marrow, central nervo material which may cau	damage to the following o us system (CNS), eye, le se damage to the followi productive system, hear system, ears.	ens or cornea. ing organs: bloc	od, kidneys,
	toxicity: 52	2.1% Je of the mixture consis	ting of ingredient(s) of ur ting of ingredient(s) of ur		
		e of the mixture consis wironment: 60.6%	ting of ingredient(s) of ur	nknown hazards	s to the
GHS label elements	<u>S</u>				
Hazard pictogram				72	
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statement	May be ha Causes sl May cause Causes se Harmful if May cause Suspected May cause	e respiratory irritation. e cancer. d of damaging fertility or	on. r the unborn child. ough prolonged or repea	ited exposure.	
Precautionary sta	tements				
Prevention	and eye o flames an ventilating static disc	r face protection. Keep d other ignition sources or lighting equipment.	e use. Wear protective g away from heat, hot sur a No smoking. Use explo Use non-sparking tools. to the environment. Do	faces, sparks, o osion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	: Collect sp INHALED	illage. IF exposed or co : Call a POISON CENT	oncerned: Get medical a ER or doctor if you feel u it before reuse _IE ON S	inwell. Take of	f

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage **Disposal** 

- : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Other hazards which do not result in classification :** Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Ingredient name         Falc , not containing asbestiform fibres         Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td="">         xylene         crystalline silica, respirable powder (&gt;10 microns)         Aluminium powder (stabilized)         Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.         2-methylpropan-1-ol         ethylbenzene         Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 2% aromatics</mw<=1100)<>	70 20 - <30 15 - <20 12.5 - <15 12.5 - <15 3 - <5 3 - <5 3 - <5 3 - <5 2 - <3 2 - <3	14807-96-6           25036-25-3           1330-20-7           14808-60-7           7429-90-5           64742-94-5           78-83-1           100-41-4           64742-48-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) 4-nonylphenol, branched Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated naphthalene toluene	2 - <3 1 - <2 1 - <2 1 - <2 0.5 - <1 0.1 - <0.2	107-98-2 14808-60-7 84852-15-3 68002-19-7 91-20-3 108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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Section 4. First ai	d measur	es			
Notes to physician Specific treatments	: The expos		ition products in a fire, s be kept under medical s		
Protection of first-aiders	is suspecte mask or se providing a	ed that fumes are still peelf-contained breathing	any personal risk or with resent, the rescuer shou apparatus. It may be da uth resuscitation. Wash oving it, or wear gloves.	ld wear an app ngerous to the	ropriate person
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes se	rious eye damage.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if	inhaled. May cause res	spiratory irritation.		
Skin contact		rmful in contact with ski an allergic skin reactio	in. Causes skin irritatior n.	. Defatting to t	he skin.
	<u> </u>				

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 For non-emergency personnel
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. Ac	cidental releas	se measures			
For emergency resp			e and unsuitable material		
	environmenta	wers. Inform the rele I pollution (sewers, w ful to the environment	and runoff and contact wi vant authorities if the pro aterways, soil or air). Wa if released in large quan	duct has cause ater polluting ma	d aterial.
Small spill	: Stop leak if w and explosior Alternatively,	ithout risk. Move con -proof equipment. Di or if water-insoluble, a	tainers from spill area. L lute with water and mop absorb with an inert dry n er. Dispose of via a licer	up if water-solu naterial and place	ble. ce in an
Large spill	: Stop leak if w and explosion sewers, water effluent treath combustible, and place in o Dispose of via material may	n-proof equipment. Ap courses, basements nent plant or proceed absorbent material e. container for disposal a a licensed waste dis pose the same hazar	tainers from spill area. L oproach release from upv or confined areas. Was as follows. Contain and g. sand, earth, vermiculity according to local regula posal contractor. Contar d as the spilled product. I Section 13 for waste dis	wind. Prevent e h spillages into collect spillage e or diatomaced tions (see Secti minated absorb Note: see Secti	entry into an with non- ous earth on 13). ent

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
xylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
	11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)]
	TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Aluminum, metal and insoluble
	compounds]
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
	11/2001).
	TWA: 115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
	11/2001).
	TWA: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
toluono	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil
	11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.

national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure	<ul> <li>Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure</li> </ul>
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Color	: Various			
Odor	: Aromatic.			
рН	: Not applicable.			
Melting point	: Not available.			
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)			
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F	·)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	Not available.		
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.41			
Solubility/ico)	:	Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)		cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	200°C (392°F)			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			
Viscosity	:	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)			

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Section 11 Taxia		
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following n carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides	naterials
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	S:
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	ients.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Brazil

## Section 11. Toxicological information

₽poxy Resin (700 <mw< th=""><th><b>Result</b> LD50 Dermal</th><th>Species</th><th>Dose</th><th>Exposure</th></mw<>	<b>Result</b> LD50 Dermal	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LD50 Dermal			-
<=1100)		Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom.		Det		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	- 1 h aura
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Babbit	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	- 1 h aura
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Babbit	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,				
< 2% aromatics		<b>D</b> /		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
51 /	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

#### : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation			
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-			
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-			
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.								

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	
Not available.	

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
viene crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	- +	3 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	- +	2B 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.
naphthalene toluene	-	2B 3	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, ears.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the s May cause an allergic skin reaction.	skin.
Ingestion	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Symptoms related to the phy	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

st re in	dverse symptoms may include the following: omach pains educed fetal weight crease in fetal deaths keletal malformations
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#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
0	

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Product nar	ne	SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE				

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE	6289.2	2791.8	N/A	29.7	3.8
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
•••	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene	- -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Code 00327632 Product name SIGMAPRII	ME 200 BASE	Date of issue	11 March 2024	Version	7.08
Section 12. Ecolog	gical inforn	nation			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential	
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18	.5	Low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-		High	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-		Low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43		Low	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-		Low	
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19		Low	
naphthalene	3.4	85.11		Low	
toluene	2.73	8.32		Low	

Mobi	lity	in so	Dil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.

English (US)	Brazil	14/16

Date of issue

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### Section 14. Transport information

#### **Additional information**

Dresti	• None identified
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautio	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk	according : Not applicable

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations		(including its ingredients).
specific for the product		

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	: 4/12/2023
Version	: 7.08
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### 7.08

### Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (US)	Brazil