# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 3/13/2024 (month/day/year)

Version 9.01

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : SIGMARINE 48 RAL 2004

Product code : 00375102

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/** 

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's or Importer's

information

**Email Address** 

: PPG SSC (680-090)

19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,

Ulsan, Korea

Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :









Signal word : Danger

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS))

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do

not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-82-1	30 -
heavy	HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY		<40
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	1 - <5
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	CAS: 22464-99-9	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	0.1 - <1
2-butanone oxime	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME	CAS: 96-29-7	0.1 - <1
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	KEROSINE (PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-81-0	0.1 - <1
	HYDRODESULFURIZED		
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2-ETHYL-HEXANOIC ACID;CALCIUM	CAS: 136-51-6	0.1 - <1
	SALT		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	COBALT OCTOATE	CAS: 13586-82-8	0.1 - <1
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	CAS: 149-57-5	0.1 - <1

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**B.** Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

C. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**D.** Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable** extinguishing media

from the chemical

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and

prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

C. Special equipment for fire-fighting

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Fire-fighting procedures :

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
irranium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr]  STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).  [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]  TWA: 0.02 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# controls

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B. Appropriate engineering: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental** exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### **Eye protection Hand protection**

: Safety glasses with side shields.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, neoprene

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Orange. B. Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. C. Odor threshold D. pH Not applicable.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

E. Melting/freezing point : Not available. F. Boiling point/boiling : >37.78°C (>100°F)

range

G. Flash point Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)

H. Evaporation rate : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

Result

hydrodesulfurized heavy)

K. Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	3.7503075	0.5				

Media L. Solubility(ies)

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cold water Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.02 N.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition** temperature

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
3/hydroxy-N-(o-tolyl)-4-[ (2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)azo] naphthalene-2-carboxamide	270	518	VDI 2263

**Decomposition** 

temperature

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. **Molecular weight** : Not applicable. S.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**B.** Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

C. Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

D. Hazardous decomposition products

Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
 Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

#### B. Health hazards

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₩aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heavy				
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

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Rat

Rat

>2000 mg/kg

3640 mg/kg

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**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

LD50 Dermal

LD50 Oral

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

2-ethylhexanoic acid

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy 2-butanone oxime	Category 3 Category 1	-	Narcotic effects upper respiratory tract
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2		blood system

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ethylbenzene Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Additional information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized  € 10 marrow 10	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
heavy		
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS: 22464-99-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
2-butanone oxime	CAS: 96-29-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
2 Buttarione Oxime	0/10:00 20 /	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS: 64742-81-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
,,,,		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-51-6	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
, , ,		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS: 13586-82-8	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid	CAS: 149-57-5	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

# Section 12. Ecological information

### A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tranium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ethylbenzene ethanol	-		-		Readily Readily	

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low
ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.7	-	Low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### A. Disposal methods

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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according**: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

to Youth

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

titanium dioxide

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

ethylbenzene

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt

ethanol

2-ethylhexanoic acid

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established

: The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds

for harmful factors)
ISHA Enforcement Regs
Annex 21 (Harmful

factors subject to Work

**Environment Measurement**)

: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds

ISHA Enforcement Regs

Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)

: The following components are listed: Zirconium and its compounds

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health

Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)

: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene, Cobalt and its compounds

Article 18 Prohibited (K-

Reach Article 27)

: None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach

authorization (K-Reach

: None of the components are listed.

Article 25)

Article 20 Restricted (K-

: None of the components are listed.

Reach Article 27)

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach** 

Article 20)

**Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

: Not applicable

**Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals**) : None of the components are listed.

C. Dangerous Materials **Safety Management Act**  : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for

the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act A. References

Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information

Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

B. Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 3/13/2024

C. Version 9.01 : EHS Prepared by

D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or quarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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