SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 15 March 2024

Version 1.07

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: SIGMAWELD 120 BASE REDOXIDE
Product code	: 000001011141
Other means of identification	: 00165056
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 60.1%

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Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: 00165056
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
toluene	20 - <30	108-88-3
Isopropyl alcohol	12.5 - <15	67-63-0
Kaolin	12.5 - <15	1332-58-7
butanone	12.5 - <15	78-93-3
diiron trioxide	10 - <12.5	1309-37-1
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	5 - <7	14807-96-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fin	st aid measures	
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. 	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. 	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	<u>ve equipment and emergency procedures</u>
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	obtain spect nandle until eyes or on s with adequate ventilated. compatible neat, spark electrical (v sparking to	opriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - al instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only te ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from s, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof entilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- ols. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. ainers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	accordance n original c area, away ocked up. container tig opened mu store in unlis	en the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store ontainer protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep while closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been at be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not abeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental fon. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
toluene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 290 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 765 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 310 ppm 8 hours.
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
butanone	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001).
	TWA: 460 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 155 ppm 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
, 5	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Respirable
Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering contro also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	<u>25</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this necessary.

Brazil

English (US)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	4	Brownish-red.
Odor	1	Characteristic.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 0.4°C (32.7°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.17
Solubility(ies)		Media Result
Solubility(les)		cold water Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides met oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhala LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	al		Rat Rabbit Rat	49 g/m ³ 8.39 g/kg 5580 mg/kg	4 hours - -
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhal LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	al		Rat Rabbit Rat	72600 mg/m ³ 12800 mg/kg 5045 mg/kg	4 hours - -
Kaolin	LC50 Inhala LD50 Oral		s and mists	Rat Rat	>5.07 mg/l >5000 mg/kg	4 hours -
butanone	LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	nal		Rabbit Rat	6480 mg/kg 2737 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhala LD50 Oral	ation Dust	s and mists	Rat Rat	>5 mg/l 10 g/kg	4 hours -
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion Not available.	: There an	e no data a	available on	the mixture it	self.	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory Sensitization Not available.	 There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. There are no data available on the mixture itself. 					
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.				the mixture it the mixture it		
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	arcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
toluene	-	3	-			

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
toluene	-	3	-
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

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IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
butanone Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Isopropyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
butanone	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	;	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Section 11. To	Section 11. Toxicological information				
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness				
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	

Short term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAWELD 120 BASE REDOXIDE	21247.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A
Isopropyl alcohol	5045	12800	N/A	72.6	N/A
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecolo	ogical inform	ation		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential
toluene Isopropyl alcohol butanone	2.73 0.05 0.3	8.32 - -		Low Low Low
<u>Mobility in soil</u> Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.			
Other adverse effects	: No known sign	ificant effects or crition	cal hazards.	
Section 13. Dispo	sal conside	rations		
Disposal methods	 Sal COnstructations The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not b disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. 			

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	II	II	II	
Environmental hazards	No.	No. No.		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

Additional information

Brazil: None identified.Risk number: 33IMDG: None identified.

Section 14. Transport information

ΙΑΤΑ

: None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 10/24/2023
Version	: 1.07
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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Section 16. Other information