# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 March 2024 Version : 1.03



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMAWELD 120 BASE BROWN

Product code : 00254177

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311

Fax +32-33606435

**e-mail address of person** : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com **responsible for this SDS** 

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. **Hazard statements** 

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

> protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do

not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Storage** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P260, P264, P501

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria** for PBT or vPvB according

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### : Mixture 3.2 Mixtures

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers   | %         | Classification   | Туре    |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|--|---------|
| toluene                 | REACH #:<br>01-2119471310-51<br>EC: 203-625-9<br>CAS: 108-88-3<br>Index: 601-021-00-3 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Repr. 2, H361d<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| propan-2-ol             | REACH #:<br>01-2119457558-25<br>EC: 200-661-7<br>CAS: 67-63-0<br>Index: 603-117-00-0  | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H336  | [1] [2] |
| butanone                | REACH #:<br>01-2119457290-43<br>EC: 201-159-0<br>CAS: 78-93-3<br>Index: 606-002-00-3  | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>EUH066  | [1] [2] |

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared |
|---|
| the full text of the H  |
| statements declared   |
| above.  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values                                  |
|-------------------------|--|
| toluene                 | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
|                         | through skin.  |
|                         | STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                            |
|                         | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                              |
|                         | TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours.                                |
|                         | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                   |
| propan-2-ol             | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).          |
|                         | STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                           |
|                         | STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.                              |
|                         | TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hours.                                |
|                         | TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.                                  |
| butanone                | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed |
|                         | through skin.  |
|                         | STEL: 899 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                            |
|                         | STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.                              |
|                         | TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                    |
|                         | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.                                  |

### **Biological exposure indices**

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices               |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| butanone                | BUTANONE / ETHYL METHYL KETONE |

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure              | Value                  | Population         | Effects  |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| toluene                 | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 8.13 mg/kg bw/day      | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population |          |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 192 mg/m³              | Workers            | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 192 mg/m³              | Workers            | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 226 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 384 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers            | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m³              | Workers            | Local    |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 384 mg/m³              | Workers            | Systemic |
| propan-2-ol             | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers            | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 888 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers            | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 26 mg/kg bw/day        | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Oral       | 51 mg/kg bw/day        | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 89 mg/m³               | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 178 mg/m³              | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 319 mg/kg bw/day       | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers            | Systemic |
| butanone                | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 31 mg/kg bw/day        | General population | Systemic |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 106 mg/m³              | General population |          |
|                         | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 412 mg/kg bw/day       | General population |          |
|                         | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 450 mg/m³              | General population | Systemic |

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|   | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers | Systemic |
|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------|
| 1 | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 900 mg/m³             | Workers | Systemic |
| 1 | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 1161 mg/kg bw/day     | Workers | Systemic |

#### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail     | Value            | Method Detail            |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| toluene                 | Fresh water            | 0.68 mg/l        | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Marine water           | 0.68 mg/l        | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Sewage Treatment Plant | 13.61 mg/l       | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Fresh water sediment   | 16.39 mg/kg dwt  | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|                         | Marine water sediment  | 16.39 mg/kg dwt  | -                        |
| propan-2-ol             | Fresh water            | 140.9 mg/l       | Assessment Factors       |
|                         | Marine water           | 140.9 mg/l       | Assessment Factors       |
|                         | Secondary Poisoning    | 160 mg/kg        | -                        |
|                         | Fresh water sediment   | 552 mg/kg dwt    | -                        |
|                         | Marine water sediment  | 552 mg/kg dwt    | -                        |
|                         | Sewage Treatment Plant | 2251 mg/l        | Assessment Factors       |
|                         | Soil                   | 28 mg/kg dwt     | -                        |
| butanone                | Fresh water            | 55.8 mg/l        | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Marine water           | 55.8 mg/l        | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Sewage Treatment Plant | 709 mg/l         | Sensitivity Distribution |
|                         | Fresh water sediment   | 284.74 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|                         | Marine water sediment  | 284.7 mg/kg dwt  | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|                         | Soil                   | 22.5 mg/kg dwt   | Equilibrium Partitioning |

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Eye/face protection Skin protection**

Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

### **Gloves**

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate

filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -86.64°C (-124°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: butanone. Weighted average: -91.71°C (-133.1°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

: liquid

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 2% Upper: 12% (Isopropyl alcohol)

Flash point : Closed cup: 0.4°C (32.7°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name | °C  | °F    | Method |
|-----------------|-----|-------|--------|
| butanone        | 404 | 759.2 |        |

pH : Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

|                 | Vapour Pressure at 20°C |      |        | Vapour pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------|--------|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg                   | kPa  | Method | mm Hg                   | kPa | Method |
| butanone        | 78.7564                 | 10.5 |        |                         |     |        |

**Relative density** : 1.17

Vapour density : Highest known value: 3.1 (Air = 1) (toluene). Weighted average: 2.67 (Air = 1)

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties Particle characteristics** 

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides decomposition products

metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| toluene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 49 g/m³                 | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 8.39 g/kg               | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5580 mg/kg              | -        |
| propan-2-ol             | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 12800 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5045 mg/kg              | -        |
| butanone                | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 6480 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2737 mg/kg              | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| toluene                 | 5580             | 8390              | N/A                            | 72.6                              | N/A  |
| propan-2-ol             | 5045             | 12800             | N/A                            |                                   | N/A  |
| butanone                | 2737             | 6480              | N/A                            |                                   | N/A  |

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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|--------------|---------------------|------|
|              |                     |      |

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Carcinogenicity** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Conclusion/Summary** Reproductive toxicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary** 

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs    |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| toluene                 | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |
| propan-2-ol             | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |
| butanone                | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| toluene                 | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| toluene                 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Species                                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------|
| propan-2-ol             | Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> magna | 48 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF  | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| toluene                 | 2.73   | 8.32 | Low       |
| propan-2-ol             | 0.05   | -    | Low       |
| butanone                | 0.3    | -    | Low       |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

: Yes.

### Waste catalogue

| Waste code | Waste designation   |  |
|------------|---|--|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |  |

### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Container         | 15 01 06        | mixed packaging |

### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                  | ADR/RID         | ADN             | IMDG            | IATA            |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| 14.4 Packing group               | II              | II              | II              | II              |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards | No.             | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances      | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

: None identified. ADN **IMDG** : None identified. IATA : None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification      | Justification         |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225  | On basis of test data |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method    |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319  | Calculation method    |
| Repr. 2, H361d      | Calculation method    |
| STOT SE 3, H336     | Calculation method    |
| STOT RE 2, H373     | Calculation method    |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225   | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                                |
|--------|--|
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |
| H361d  | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.                            |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.              |

### Full text of classifications

| Asp. Tox. 1   | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  |  |
|---------------|---|--|
| Eye Irrit. 2  | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                  |  |
| Flam. Liq. 2  | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                  |  |
| Repr. 2       | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2                              |  |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                          |  |
| STOT RE 2     | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |  |

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

<u>History</u>

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revision

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.03

### **Disclaimer**

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