# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 15 March 2024

Version

: 1



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

: SIGMARINE 28 REDBROWN
: 000001201778
n
of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
: Coating.
: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
the safety data sheet
: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
: 00966 138473100 extn 1001
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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as bazardous according to Pagulation (EC) 1272/2008 as a

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

number

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SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard pictograms	
	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> <li>P202, P280, P210, P308 + P313, P403 + P233, P501</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	: xylene butanone oxime
Supplemental label elements	: Contains butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPv
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

•			<u> </u>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	REACH #: 01-2119977130-42 EC: 939-607-9 CAS: 1474044-65-9	≤0.94	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 570 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 528 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1] [2]
		I			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2 Wost important symptom	s an	d effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: (	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: 1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: (	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: 1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	oms	
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation		Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation	(EU)
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# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.	
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	

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**SECTION 7: Handling and storage** 

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

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Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
calcium carbonate xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Total dust Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [xylene (o, m & p isomers)] STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). [xylene (all isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<ul> <li>containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</li> </ul>
diiron trioxide	<ul> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Refers to Appendix Substances of Variable Composition. Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C.</li> </ul>
ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016).</li> <li>STEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006).</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes:</li> <li>Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption.</li> </ul>
magnesium carbonate	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit

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silicon dioxide	<ul> <li>values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [silica (inhalable particle)/ (respirable particulate)] TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable particle TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable particulate</li> </ul>
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
3.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection mease Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>res</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.</li> <li>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), natural rubber (latex), Viton®

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No	. 1907/2006 (REACH),	Annex II, as amended by	Commission Regulation (EU)
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: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.	g
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	а
:	
: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>								
Physical state	: L	iquid.						
Colour	: B	rownish-red.						
Odour	: A	romatic. [Slight]						
Odour threshold	: N	lot available.						
Melting point/freezing point	0	May start to solidify at the following temperature: -94.9°C (-138.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylbenzene. Weighted average: -94.95°C (-138.9°F)						
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >	37.78°C						
Flammability	: N	lot available.						
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)						
Flash point	: C	losed cup: 28°C						
Auto-ignition temperature	: []	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		kylene		432	809.6			
Decomposition temperature	: S	table under recomn	nended st	orage a	nd handling c	onditions	(see Sec	tion 7).
рН		lot applicable.						
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s						
Viscosity	: 6	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm	ר)					
Solubility(ies)	1							
Media		Result						
cold water	1	Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	/:N	lot applicable.						
Vapour pressure	: [		Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	e	ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
Evaporation rate	:				-			
-						• •		

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.78compared with butyl acetate
Relative density	: 1.5
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	<ul> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> </ul>
Oxidising properties	: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		5	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	528 mg/kg	-
C12-14 (even-numbered)-			0.0	
alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# Irritation/Corrosion

**United Arab Emirates** English (GB)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient r	ame		Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene		Skin - I	Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary						I	
Skin	: The	ere are no data	available on the r	nixture itsel	f.		
Eyes	: The	ere are no data	available on the r	nixture itsel	f.		
Respiratory	: The	ere are no data	available on the r	nixture itsel	f.		
Sensitisation							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Teratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: Th	ere are no data	available on the	mixture itse	lf.		
Product/ing	redien	t name	Cate	gory l	Route of	Target	organs
					exposure	)	
Information on likely routes of exposure	: No	t available.					
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>						
Inhalation	: Ma	y cause respira	atory irritation.				
Ingestion	: No	known signific	ant effects or criti	cal hazards.			
Skin contact	: Ca	uses skin irritat	tion. Defatting to	the skin.			
Eye contact	: Ca	uses serious e	ye irritation.				
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical	<u>, chemical and</u>	<u>l toxicological cl</u>	<u>naracteristi</u>	<u>cs</u>		
Inhalation	res	spiratory tract in ughing	is may include the ritation	e following:			
Ingestion		specific data.					
Skin contact	irri rec dry	verse symptom tation Iness /ness acking	is may include the	e following:			
Eye contact	pa wa	verse symptom in or irritation tering Iness	is may include the	e following:			
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts as</u>	well as chron	<u>ic effects from s</u>	hort and lo	<u>ng-term</u>	<u>exposure</u>	
Short term exposure							
Potential immediate effects	: No	t available.					
Potential delayed effects	: No	t available.					
Long term exposure							

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	octs
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

### Not available.

### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	, Fish Fish	96 hours 30 days
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	EC50 0.14 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 0.036 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 13.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Algae	72 hours
	NOEC 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Daphnia	21 days
	NOEC 3.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fish	28 days

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 67.77 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	- -	- -	Readily Readily Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	3.2	-	Low
butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

#### Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal<br/>of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the<br/>requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any<br/>regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products<br/>via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to<br/>the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging	
Special precautions	taken when han Empty containe residues may cr Do not cut, welc	nd its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be ndling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product reate a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. d or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly d dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, ers.	

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the
		event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to IMO	
instruments	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

• Restrictions Ifacture, he market sertain substances, d articles al and internatio	ory information : Restricted to profese mal regulations. : Not applicable. : (1005/2009/EU)		
Restrictions Ifacture, he market sertain substances, d articles al and internatio ecursors	<ul> <li>Restricted to profest</li> <li>mal regulations.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>		
ufacture, he market certain substances, d articles al and internatio ecursors	nal regulations. Not applicable.	ssional users.	
ecursors	Not applicable.		
ting substances	s (1005/2009/EU)		
safety	No Chemical Safety	y Assessment has been carried out.	
16: Other in	formation		
formation that ha	s changed from previ	ously issued version.	
and	CLP = Classificatio 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No EUH statement = C PNEC = Predicted	on, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Reg o Effect Level CLP-specific Hazard statement No Effect Concentration	gulation (EC) No.
	H226FlammabH301Toxic if sH302Harmful iH304May be faH311Toxic in cH312Harmful iH314Causes sH315Causes sH317May causH318Causes sH319Causes sH332Harmful iH335May causH36May causH370Causes sH370Causes sH370Causes sH371May causH372Harmful iH373May causH400Very toxicH410Very toxicH412Harmful i	ble liquid and vapour. wallowed. if swallowed and enters airways. contact with skin. in contact with skin. severe skin burns and eye damage. skin irritation. se an allergic skin reaction. serious eye damage. serious eye irritation. if inhaled. se respiratory irritation. se drowsiness or dizziness. se cancer. damage to organs. se damage to organs through prolonged or c to aquatic life with long lasting effects. to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	repeated exposure.
ssifications	: Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Corr. 1C	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATI LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -	TIC HAZARD - Category 7 TIC HAZARD - Category 7 B RITATION - Category 1 RITATION - Category 2 7 3
	I6: Other in formation that ha and	I6: Other information ormation that has changed from previand : ATE = Acute Toxic CLP = Classification 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived N EUH statement = C PNEC = Predicted RRN = REACH Re previated H : H225 Highly flat H226 Flammat H301 Toxic if s H302 Harmful H304 May be flat H311 Toxic in of H312 Harmful H314 Causes s H315 Causes s H315 Causes s H317 May cause H318 Causes s H319 Causes s H319 Causes s H320 Harmful H336 May cause H336 May cause H336 May cause H330 Very toxi H410 Very toxi H412 Harmful Sifications : Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3	Id: Other information         iormation that has changed from previously issued version.         and       : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Ref 1272/2008]         DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number         previated H       : H225         : H225       Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H301         : H311       Toxic if swallowed. H302         : H312       Harmful if swallowed. H302         : H314       Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315         : H314       Causes serious eye damage. H315         : Causes serious eye irritation. H318       Causes serious eye irritation. H336         : H335       May cause anallergic skin reaction. H336         : H336       May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350         : H370       Causes damage to organs. H373         : H373       May cause damage to organs. H373         : H374       Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410         : H412       Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412         : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.         : H373       ACute Tox. 3         : Acute Tox. 4       ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3         : Acute Tox. 1       SHORT-TERM (

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SECTION 16: Other information				
	Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1 STOT SE 3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXI EXPOSURE - Category 3	1 ICITY - REPEATED ICITY - SINGLE	
<u>History</u>				
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 15 March 2024			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation			
Prepared by Version	: EHS : 1			

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