SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/

: 15 March 2024

Version

: 6.02

undertaking

| 1.1 Product identifier | |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| Product name | : HI-TEMP 1027 GREY |
| Product code | : 00426757 |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. |
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd. PO Box 7509 | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Dammam 31472 | |
| Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 | |
| Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34 | |
| | |
| e-mail address of person | : ndpic@sfda.gov.sa |
| responsible for this SDS | |
| | 00000 400 470400 |
| 1.4 Emergency telephone number | : 00966 138473100 extn 1001 |
| i u i i v i | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture |
|---|
| Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] |
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. |
| See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. |
| See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. |
| 2.2 Label elements |
| Hazard pictograms : |

Signal word

: Danger

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| HI-TEMP 1027 GREY | | |
| SECTION 2: Hazards | ic | lentification |
| Hazard statements | : | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response | 1 | Collect spillage. |
| Storage | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P202, P280, P210, P273, P391, P501 |
| Hazardous ingredients | : | Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | <u>ier</u> | <u>ts</u> |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : | Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : | Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB | : | This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2. |
| . | | |

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Other hazards which do not result in classification

| 3.2 Mixtures | : Mixture | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
| ₩ydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene | REACH #: 01-2119463588-24 EC: 919-284-0 CAS: 64742-94-5 | ≥10 - <20 | Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | Carc. 2, H351: C ≥ 10% EUH066: C ≥ 20% | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| | | English | (GB) United Arab E | mirates | 2/16 |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------|---|---|--------------------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| Wollastonite | EC: 237-772-5 CAS: 13983-17-0 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Not classified. | - | [2] |
| zinc oxide | REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| toluene | REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3 | <1.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | - | [1] [2] |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | REACH #: 01-2119529238-36 EC: 209-136-7 CAS: 556-67-2 Index: 014-018-00-1 | ≤0.071 | Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | M [Chronic] = 10 | [1] [2] [3] [4] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and pxylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid m | neasures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

| Potential acute health e | effects |
|--------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/s | <u>ymptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|---------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| 5.1 Extinguishing media | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | rom the substance or mixture |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| Hazardous combustion products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde. |
|--|---|
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | e equipment and emergency procedures | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitabl acuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected pe ering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ign es, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or equate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is appropriate personal protective equipment. | rsonnel from ition sources. No mist. Provide |
| For emergency responders | pecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note o ction 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the informa ergency personnel". | |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | bid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, wate vers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused env lution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. N environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. | /ironmental |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | nment and cleaning up | |
| Small spill | p leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark plosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-so f water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an posal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contrac | iuble. Alternatively, appropriate waste |
| Large spill | p leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark plosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Pre- vers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillage atment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage w nbustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diato ce in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispos ste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may po- card as the spilt product. | vent entry into es into an effluent ith non- maceous earth and e of via a licensed |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | e Section 1 for emergency contact information. e Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equ e Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. | ipment. |

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Mica-group minerals | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit | | | | | | |
| | values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). | | | | | | |
| | TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of | | | | | | |
| | the aerosol | | | | | | |
| | Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning | | | | | | |
| | Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | | | | | |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Respirable fraction; | | | | | | |
| | see Appendix C, paragraph C. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction | | | | | | |
| xylene | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit | | | | | | |
| | values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). [xylene (o, m & p | | | | | | |
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| | isomers)] STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). [xylene (all isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. |
| Wollastonite | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| zinc oxide | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: fumes STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: fumes Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol and fume TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: measured as respirable fraction of the aerosol and fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes: Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C. ACGIH 2003 Adoption STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| ethylbenzene | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| naphthalene | Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| I | English (GB) United Arab Emirates 7/16 |

| HI-TEMP 1027 GREY ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023), Absorbed Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A – TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the fol Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the asse by inhaliation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values an strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure biological agents) Furopean Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmosph requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurem agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods fo of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local i other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne con recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also ne vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Us ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contau Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side shields. Shin protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove mara during use that the gloves are still retaining thei pr | 15 March 2024 |
|--|--|
| Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A - TWA: 20 mg/m 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the fol Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the asse by inhaliation to chemical agents for oromparison with limit values an strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure biological agents). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of appropriate engineering controls 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local i other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne con recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also ne vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Us ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical ageing, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contau Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side shields. Skin protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove mar during use that the gloves are sult relaining their protective properti- noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be d glove marufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection time of the gloves | |
| proceduresStandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the asses by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values an strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure biological agents) European Standard EN 420 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure - biological agents) European Standard EN 420 (Workplace atmospheres - application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure - biological agents) European Standard EN 420 (Workplace atmospheres) requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurem agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods fo of hazardous substances will also be required.8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local i other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to altorne com meender astuluty limits. The engineering controls also ne vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Us wentilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially conta Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location.Eyeface protection: Safety glasses with side shields.Stin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worm at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove and direction time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Whe frequently repeated | |
| controlsother engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne con recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also ne vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Us ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical acting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contal Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Safety glasses with side shields.Bin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properti noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be d glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection during use that the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Whe frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves May be used: intrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected basi handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static eli static protective coveralls, boots and gloves. Refer to Euro 1149 for further information on material and design requi | essment of exposure ad measurement - Guide for the to chemical and heres - General ent of chemical |
| controls other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne con recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also ne vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Us ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contai Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side shields. Bin protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertite noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be d glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Whe frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection as included in the user's risk assessment. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected bas hould be | |
| Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contal Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Safety glasses with side shields.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properti noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be d glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374). When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class | itaminants below any ed to keep gas, |
| eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contan Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection | |
| Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessm necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertie noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be diglove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) when only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected to product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular as included in the user's risk assessment. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a speet handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static dis should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to Europ 1149 for further information on material and design requirements at the protective and protective or and gloves. | g period. minated clothing. |
| Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertie | |
| worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assess necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove man during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective propertie noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be d glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection clas (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection as included in the user's risk assessment.Gloves:For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®Body protection:Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spec handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static elid should include anti-static o | |
| May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spechandling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static elestatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static dis should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to Europ 1149 for further information on material and design requirements an | nent indicates this is nufacturer, check es. It should be lifferent for different substances, the n prolonged or ass of 6 is recommended. of 2 or higher s recommended. for handling this ar conditions of use, |
| Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spechandling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static elestatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static dis should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to Europ 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and selected base. | S: |
| performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spect handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electric static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static dis should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to Europ 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and | |
| | cialist before ectricity, wear anti- icharges, clothing pean Standard EN |
| based on the task being performed and the risks involved and shou specialist before handling this product. | should be selected |
| Respiratory protection : | |
| · · · | |
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| Environme controls | ntal exposure | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. | | | | | | | |
| Colour | : | Grey. | | | | | | | |
| Odour | : | Aromatic. [Slight] | - | | | | | | |
| Odour threshold | : | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | | May start to solidify at the following temperature: 0.5°C (32.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: dimethyl carbonate. Weighted average: -51.4°C | | | | | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | >37.78°C | | | | | | | |
| Flammability | : | Not available. | | | | | | | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : | Greatest known rang | Greatest known range: Lower: 4.2% Upper: 12.9% (dimethyl carbonate) | | | | | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 17°C | | | | | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Ingredient name | | °C | °F | | Method | | |
| | | xylene | | 432 | 809. | 6 | | | |
| Decomposition temperature pH Viscosity Viscosity | | Stable under recomm Not applicable. insolu Kinematic (40°C): >2 > 100 s (ISO 6mm) | ıble in wa | - | id handling | condition | s (see Sec | tion 7). | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | | | | | | | | |
| Media | | Result | | | | | | | |
| cold water | | Not soluble | | | | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | ; Va | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | | |
| | | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| | | dimethyl carbonate | 56.78 | 7.6 | OECD 104 | | | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Highest known value with butyl acetate | : 3.22 (dir | nethyl ca | irbonate) V | Veighted | average: 1 | .84compared | |
| Relative density | : | 1.91 | | | | | | | |
| Vapour density | : | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.44 (Air = 1) | | | | | | | |
| Explosive properties | 1 | The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible. | | | | | | | |
| Oxidising properties | : | Product does not pre | sent an o | xidizing h | nazard. | | | | |
| Particle characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | |
|--|--|-------|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition produce Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. | ucts. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. | |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materi carbon oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. meta oxide/oxides | |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| ₩ydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6318 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.7 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 49 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 36 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2375 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >4800 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| X ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | |

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|--------------------|--|-------|
| Eyes | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | |
| conclusion/Summary | | |

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| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Sensitisation | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Mutagenicity | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Teratogenicity | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | | | |

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| xylene toluene | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| toluene | Category 2 | | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | | |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Symptoms related | to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | | |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking | | |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | | |
| <u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> | | | |

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| | - |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | |
| Conclusion/Summary | Not available. |
| General | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Other information | Not available. |
| | |

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--|---|----------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <pre></pre> <pre><td>EC50 3 mg/l</td><td>Daphnia</td><td>48 hours</td></pre> | EC50 3 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l | Fish Fish | 96 hours 30 days |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Algae Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 72 hours 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| BECHON 12. ECOlogical Information | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---|------|----|--------------------|--|
| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | | Dose | | Inoculum | |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene ethylbenzene | - | 2.9 % - 5 c | days adily - 10 days | 6 | - | | - | |
| Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. | | | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradability | | | | | | | | |
| ✓ydrocarbons, C10, aromatics <0.1% cumene | a, >1% naphthalene | - | | - | | No | ot readily | |
| xylene | | - | | | | | adily | |
| ethylbenzene toluene | | - | | - | | | Readily Readily | |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|------------|-------------|-----------|
| √ydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, <0.1% cumene | 2.8 to 6.5 | - | High |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | Low |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 6.488 | - | High |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | Р | В | Т | vPvB | vP | vB |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| ₩ylene | No | N/A | No | No | No | N/A | No |
| ethylbenzene | No | N/A | No | Yes | No | N/A | No |
| toluene | SVHC | N/A | No | Yes | SVHC | N/A | No |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | (Recommended) | Specified | Specified | Specified | (Recommended) | Specified | Specified |

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

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|--------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
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| SECTION 13: Dis | posal consideration | S | | | | | |
| Methods of disposal | of this product, solut requirements of env regional local author via a licensed waste | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. | | | | | |
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. | | | | | | |
| European waste cata | <u>alogue (EWC)</u> | | | | | | |
| Waste code | | Waste designatio | n | | | | |
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish | containing organic solvents or | other hazardou | is substances | | | |
| Type of packaging | recycling is not feas | e recycled. Incineration or land ible. European waste catalog | • | be considered when | | | |
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging | . , | | | | |
| Special precautions | taken when handling Empty containers or residues may create Do not cut, weld or g | container must be disposed of gemptied containers that have liners may retain some produc a highly flammable or explosiv grind used containers unless th persal of spilt material and rund | not been clean t residues. Va e atmosphere ey have been o | ed or rinsed out. pour from product inside the container. cleaned thoroughly | | | |
| SECTION 14: Tra | insport information | | | | | | |
| | ADR/RID | IMDG | | ΙΑΤΑ | | | |
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | II | II | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| ADR/RID | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. |
|-------------|--|
| Tunnel code | : (D/E) |
| IMDG | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

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SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.6 Special precautions for | 1 | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| user | | upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the |
| | | event of an accident or spillage. |

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

: Not applicable.

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Date of revision |
|--------------------|--|--------|----------------------------|
| PBT vPvB | octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | | 4/14/2021 4/14/2021 |

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market

and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. Abbreviations and : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. acronyms 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number Full text of abbreviated H : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. statements Flammable liquid and vapour. H226 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eve irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye i H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H332 Harmful if Innaled. H335 May cause respirate
 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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| | H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] | Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 SKin Irrit. 2 SKIN Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY |
| <u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of | : 15 March 2024 |
| revision | |
| Date of previous issue | : 16 December 2023 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| Version | : 6.02 |

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