SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 BROWN



Date of issue 22 March 2024

Version 4

1. Product and company identification

I. I roudet and company identification		
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 BROWN	
Product code	: 00445547	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Antifouling products	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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2. Hazards identification			
Hazard statements	Harmful if s Causes ski May cause Causes ser May cause May cause May cause May cause May cause May damag Causes dan respiratory Causes dan nervous sys	n irritation. an allergic skin reaction. ious eye irritation. allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. respiratory irritation. drowsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statements	-		
Prevention	have been eye or face surfaces, s outdoors or oreathe vap	cial instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot parks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not por. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of ce.	
Response	NHALED: POISON C symptoms: CENTER o mmediatel with plenty F IN EYES enses, if pr	age. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a ENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON r doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off y all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact esent and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get <i>v</i> ice or attention.	
Storage	Store locke	d up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal		contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national tional regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged	or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
dicopper oxide	20 - <25	1317-39-1	1-297
Rosin	15 - <20	8050-09-7	7-935
Zinc oxide	15 - <20	1314-13-2	1-561
Xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	10 - <12.5	14807-96-6	Not available.
methyl isobutyl ketone	7 - <10	108-10-1	2-542
Diiron trioxide	2 - <3	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188
Ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Oils, pine	1 - <2	8002-09-3	Not available.
copper(II) oxide	0.5 - <1	1317-38-0	1-297
carbon black	0.5 - <1	1333-86-4	5-3328; 5-5222
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	0.5 - <1	911674-82-3	Not available.
acid and octadecanoic acid and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			
Copper	0.5 - <1	7440-50-8	Not available.
Terpinolene	0.2 - <0.5	586-62-9	3-2226; 3-2228
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness o izziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptor r breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin contact	auses damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Cau kin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	ises
Ingestion	larmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if wallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/sympto		
Eye contact	dverse symptoms may include the following: ain or irritation /atering edness	

Product code 00445547	Date of issue 22 March 2024 Version 4	
Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 BROWN		
4. First aid measu	Jres	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
	

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency : personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders :	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions :	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for cor	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

	Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source.

7. Handling and storage

Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits
Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Skin sensitizer.
Inhalation sensitizer. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder, Talc)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Class 2 dusts (Dusts containing less than 3% cry stalline silica, Bakelite, Carbon black, Coal, Cork dust, Cotton dust, Iron oxide, Grain dust, Joss stick material dust, Marble, Portland cement, Zinc oxide)]

estimated.

: butyl rubber

Gloves

Body protection

8. Exposure cont	rols/personal protection	
Ethylbenzene		OEL-M: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) OEL-M: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust) Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, class)
copper(II) oxide		6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Copper		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Copper and compounds] Skin sensitizer.
Recommended monitoring procedures	: Reference should be made to appropr national guidance documents for meth substances will also be required.	iate monitoring standards. Reference to ods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep v below any recommended or statutory l	se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation vorker exposure to airborne contaminants imits. The engineering controls also need to s below any lower explosive limits. Use
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of e	cess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	ires_	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should no	d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. t be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shi	eld.
Skin protection Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling che this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	ers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,

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wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (7	5.2°F)
Relative density	: 1.67	
Solubility/ico)	Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides			

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
methyl isobutyl ketone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Oils, pine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.1 g/kg	-
copper(II) oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic			Ŭ	
acid and octadecanoic acid				
and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
Copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
Terpinolene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4390 mg/kg	-
Silica silicon dioxide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
containing crystalline and				
amorphous				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
X ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dicopper oxide	Category 1	-	whole body
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
Rosin	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs systemic toxicity
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
copper(II) oxide	Category 1	-	systemic toxicity
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Copper	Category 1	-	digestive organs
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Vylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
methyl isobutyl ketone	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
carbon black	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
X ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Oils, pine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Terpinolene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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11. Toxicological information		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	 Harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. 	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

<u>nd also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>	
Not available.	
Not available.	
Not available.	
Not available.	
repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or derm Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exp	natitis.
: : : : : : : : (is and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. is Not available. is Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonger repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or derm Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently export to very low levels.

11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

- : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 BROWN	1972.7	12105.8	N/A	26.3	13.4
dicopper oxide	500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.34
Rosin	7600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
methyl isobutyl ketone	2080	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
Oils, pine	2100	5000	N/A	N/A	N/A
copper(II) oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terpinolene	4390	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
methyl isobutyl ketone	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
Coppor	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
1	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	21 days
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Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
methyl isobutyl ketone Ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -		dily - 28 days dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	Jradability
₩ylene methyl isobutyl ketone Ethylbenzene	-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
methyl isobutyl ketone	1.9	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Terpinolene	4.47	-	High

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

: None identified.

IMDG ΙΑΤΑ

UN

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

	Category		Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Ī	Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
X ylene	11	Class 1	80
Methyl isobutyl ketone	7.9	Class 1	737
Ethylbenzene	2.0	Class 1	53

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Methyl isobutyl ketone Ethyl benzene	≤10	Special Organic Solvents Group-2 Substances under Supervision	33-2 3-3

15. Regulatory information

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	379
Rosin	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	632
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Methyl isobutyl ketone	≤10	Listed	569
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Copper and its compounds	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	379
Rosin	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	632
Zinc oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	188
Xylene	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	136
Methyl isobutyl ketone	≤10	Listed	569
Iron oxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Carbon black	≤10	Listed	130
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Version 4

Product name SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 BROWN

15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
X ylene	≥10 - ≤20	Priority assessment	125
Methyl isobutyl ketone	≤10	Priority assessment	116
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Priority assessment	50
Toluene	≤10	Priority assessment	46
Polymer of acrylic acid	≤10	Priority assessment	234
Benzene	≤10	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: 🛿 roup 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 22 March 2024
Date of previous issue	: 2/27/2023
Version	: 4
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.