

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision

: 22 March 2024

Version

: 3

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : SIGMA ECOFLEET 270 REDBROWN

**Product code** : 00445546

**Other means of identification**

Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/  
mixture** : Antifouling products

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL  
Tweemontstraat 104  
B-2100 Deurne  
Belgium  
Telephone +32-33606311  
Fax +32-33606435

**e-mail address of person  
responsible for this SDS** : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Dam. 1, H318

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Carc. 2, H351

Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.  
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements


Hazard pictograms

:



- Signal word
- :
- Danger
- Hazard statements
- :
- Flammable liquid and vapour.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention
- :
- Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
- Response
- :
- Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- Storage
- :
- Not applicable.
- Disposal
- :
- Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  
P280, P210, P273, P391, P305 + P351 + P338, P501
- Hazardous ingredients
- :
- dicopper oxide  
rosin  
4-methylpentan-2-one  
Oils, pine  
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene  
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene
- Supplemental label elements
- :
- Not applicable.

- Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
- :
- Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings
- :
- Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger
- :
- Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

- Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB
- :
- This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
copper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥10 - <25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]
rosin	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Oils, pine	CAS: 8002-09-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

copper(II) oxide	REACH #: 01-2119502447-44 EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 Index: 029-016-00-6	≤1.0	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene	REACH #: 01-2119962189-26 CAS: 911674-82-3 Index: 616-198-00-2	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1] [2]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	<1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	REACH #: 01-2119982325-32 EC: 209-578-0 CAS: 586-62-9	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
lead monoxide	EC: 215-267-0 CAS: 1317-36-8 Index: 082-001-00-6	≤0.10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1A, H360Df STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l Repr. 2, H361f: C ≥ 2.5% STOT RE 2, H373: C ≥ 0.5% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures


5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:  Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).


8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits




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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
 dicopper oxide	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume]</b> TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
rosin	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [resin acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.001 mg/m³, (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
xylene	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022).</b> STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 3 mg/m³, (Respirable fraction)
lead monoxide	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). [inorganic lead and its compounds]</b> TWA: 0.15 mg/m³ 8 hours. <b>EU Biological limit values (Europe, 12/2017). [lead and its ionic compounds]</b> OEL surveillance: 0.075 mg/m³, (lead) 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
 lead monoxide	<b>EU Biological limit values (Europe, 12/2017) [lead and its ionic compounds]</b> BEI surveillance: 40 µg/100 ml, lead [in blood]. BLV: 70 µg/100 ml, lead [in blood].

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs



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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
copper oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
rosin	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.041 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.082 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.0655 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.0655 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.131 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
4-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
copper(II) oxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
copper	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
copper(II) oxide	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
copper	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
copper(II) oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
copper	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
copper(II) oxide	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
copper	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
copper(II) oxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
copper	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.041 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
copper	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.082 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
copper	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.041 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
copper	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

English (GB)

Europe

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.044 mg/cm² skin	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 ng/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.52 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.9 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
dicopper oxide	-	Fresh water	0.0078 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	87.1 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water	0.0056 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	64.6 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.23 mg/l	-
	-			
rosin	-	Fresh water	0.002 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	1000 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.007 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.001 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	0 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-			
zinc oxide	-	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water	6.1 µg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Fresh water sediment	117 mg/kg dwt	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	52 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt	Assessment Factors
	-	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	Sensitivity Distribution
	-			
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
	-			
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	Fresh water	0.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	27.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	8.27 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.83 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	1.3 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-			
ethylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-			
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
	-	Fresh water	0.634 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.063 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.2 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	147 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	14.7 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	29.1 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning

8.2 Exposure controls

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Individual protection measures
- Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
- Skin protection
- Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
- Gloves

: butyl rubber
- Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
- Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Colour

Odour

Odour threshold

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

pH

Viscosity

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

Vapour pressure

Evaporation rate

Relative density

Vapour density

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Liquid.

: Not available.

: Characteristic.

: Not available.

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -84.7°C (-120.5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 4-methylpentan-2-one. Weighted average: -91.15°C (-132.1°F)


: >37.78°C

: Not available.

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.5% (4-methylpentan-2-one)

: Closed cup: 24°C

:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
 xylene	432	809.6	

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.


: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

:

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

: Not applicable.

:

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
 4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75128	2.1				

: Highest known value: 1.7 (4-methylpentan-2-one) Weighted average: 1.12compared with butyl acetate

: 1.68

: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.61 (Air = 1)

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

:

: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

<u>Acute toxicity</u>				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
copper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Oils, pine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.1 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
copper(II) oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4390 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	2011.91 mg/kg
Dermal	14920.66 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	53.5 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	13.44 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

- Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
lead monoxide	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Oils, pine	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

- Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Inhalation : No specific data.
- Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains
- Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur
- Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary : Not available.
- General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Copper oxide zinc oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene copper	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	-
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
		Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Acute LC50 810 ppb		
	Chronic EC10 8.1 µg/l		

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Posin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
p-mentha-1,4(8)-diene	4.47	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging


**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III

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14. Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	 (dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

- ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- Tunnel code : (D/E)
- ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user’s premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

[EU Regulation \(EC\) No. 1907/2006 \(REACH\)](#)  
[Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation](#)  
[Annex XIV](#)

None of the components are listed.  
[Substances of very high concern](#)

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
 Toxic to reproduction	lead monoxide	Recommended	ED/49/2014	11/10/2016

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Explosive precursors :  Not applicable.

[Ozone depleting substances \(1005/2009/EU\)](#)

Not listed.

[Seveso Directive](#)

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

[Danger criteria](#)

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category	
P5c	
E1	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA = International Air Transport Association

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1A Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 2  STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1A SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Version	: 3

Disclaimer

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