SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 27 March 2024 Version 7.02

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00393267
Product name	: SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	 PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 50%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 57% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 78.9% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 70.3%

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

ngredient name	%	CAS number
zpoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10 - <20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	10 - <20	25036-25-3
kylene	5 - <10	1330-20-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	5 - <10	14808-60-7
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3 - <5	68512-30-1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	1 - <3	64742-95-6
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	1 - <3	68609-97-2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <3	95-63-6
thylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
Cashew, nutshell lig.	1 - <3	8007-24-7
Jrea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	1 - <3	68002-19-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - <3	64742-94-5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <3	78-83-1

Philippines

Page: 2/13

Product code	00393267	Date of issue	27 March 2024	Version 7.02
Product name	SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY			

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

-	1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <3	107-98-2
	4-methylpentan-2-one	0.1 - <0.3	108-10-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.	
Harmful if inhaled.	
	e skin.
vlay be harmful if swallowed.	
<u>i</u>	
pain or irritation watering	
No specific data.	
rritation redness dryness	
No specific data.	
attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
No specific treatment.	
s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appro mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the p providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated cl	opriate person
2ts : C : H : M N : M : M : M : M : M : M : M : M	 Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to th May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be harmful if swallowed. toms Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking No specific data. Lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 4 No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable trait is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appro- mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the p providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated cl thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

	Philip	pines	Page: 4/13
	Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Co	ontaminated abso	orbent
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill are explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upw sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. V effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermi and place in container for disposal according to local re	wind. Prevent en Wash spillages ir and collect spilla culite or diatoma gulations (see Se	try into nto an ge with non- ceous earth ection 13).
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill are explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert of appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a contractor.	up if water-solubl dry material and p licensed waste d	le. blace in an isposal
Methods and materials for co			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). May be harmful to the environment if released in large of	e product has cau Water polluting	ised
For emergency responders	 No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid bre Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respira inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equ If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillag information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable mate information in "For non-emergency personnel". 	athing vapor or n itor when ventilati iipment. ie, take note of ar	nist. ion is ny
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or v Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and u entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.	nprotected perso	nnel from

Section 6. Accidental release measures

material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	I	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
x ylene	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). [Xylene]
	TLV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV-Ceiling: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TLV-Ceiling: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016).
	TLV: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Philippines

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TLV: 100 ppm 8 hours.				
Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.				
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.				
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>				
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
Gloves	: butyl rubber				
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.				
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>									
Physical state Color		Liquid.							
Odor	÷	Gray. Characteristic.							
Odor threshold	1	Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point		Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling									
point, and boiling range	1	237.78 C (2100 F)	>37.78°C (>100°F)						
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 26°C (7	8.8°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		Solvent naphtha (petrole arom.	um), heavy	220 to	250	428 to 4	482	ASTM E 659	9
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.							
рН	:	Not applicable.							
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
		Media	Re	sult					
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	No	t solubl	е				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapor pressure	;		Vapo	· Press	ure at	20°C	Va	apor pres	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Met	hod	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN E 13016				
Relative density	:	1.48			•			·	·
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate	÷	Not available.							

ection to. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽́poxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
<=1100)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	
vulana	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat		-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg >2000 mg/kg	-
Filenoi, metriyistyrenated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Solvent periods (notroloum)		Rabbit		-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		Rabbil	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.				
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.		Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesScoreExposureObservationImage: Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 500
mg-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Version 7.02

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing			
Conclusion/Summary	-					
Skin	: There are no	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no	o data available on the m	nixture itself.			

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Category 3		Narcotic effects
Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-Category 3-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

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Section 11. Toxic	logical information
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the ph	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	3395.19 mg/kg
Dermal	2614.25 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	22.33 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2.72 mg/l

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene 4-methylpentan-2-one	- OECD 301F		dily - 10 days dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	Jradability
₩ylene ethylbenzene 4-methylpentan-2-one	- - -		- -		Readil Readil Readil	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
oxirane, mono[3.77	-	Low
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]			
derivs.			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	High
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
heavy arom.			_
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low

Version 7.02

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Philippines

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 27 March 2024
Date of previous issue	: 5/20/2021
Version	: 7.02
Prepared by	: EHS
key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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