SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	
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4 April 2024

Version 8

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	:	SIGMASHIELD 460 BASE BLACK
Product code	1	00191641
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
Product type	:	Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
substance or mixture ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Cate	gory 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	

Section 2. Hazards	
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 84.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aguatic apprint 57.49/
	aquatic environment: 57.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
vystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	20 - <30	14808-60-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	20 - <30	1675-54-3
xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - <5	14807-96-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
glass, oxide, chemicals	2 - <3	65997-17-3
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
4-nonylphenol, branched	1 - <2	84852-15-3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with	1 - <2	220926-97-6
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine		
carbon black	1 - <2	1333-86-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

<u>st aid measures</u>
 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: 🗭auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and mater	ials for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
erystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
xylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
glass, oxide, chemicals	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 1 f/cc Form: Continuous filament glass fibers TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (Inhalable) Form: Continuous filament glass fibers TWA: 3 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Continuous filament glass fibers Inhalable fraction / Respirable fibers] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 1 f/cc 8 hours. Form: Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 uM; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001). TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001). TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Inhalable particle TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (inhalable dust) Form: Respirable particle
carbon black	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)				
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.				
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.				
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.				
Vapor density	1	Not available.				
Relative density	:	1.65				
Solubility(ies)		Media Result				
Solubility(les)	ľ	cold water Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

Section 11. Toxic	ological in	format	tion					
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal			Rabbit		2.14		-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	1300 mg/kg			-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation	i Vapor		Rat Rabbit		24.6	mg/l mg/kg	4 hours
	LD50 Dermai			Rat			mg/kg	-
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine			Rat		3.56		4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal			Rat			0 mg/kg	-
oorbon blook	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral			Rat Rat			0 mg/kg	-
carbon black						>10 g	ј/ку	-
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		1
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Scor	e	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant		Rabb		-		24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness	s of the	Rabb	it	0.4		24 hours	-
	conjunctivae Skin - Edema		Rabb	it	0.5		4 hours	_
	Skin - Erythema	a/Eschar	Rabb		0.8		4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irrita		Rabb				4 hours	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabb	Rabbit -			24 hours 500) -
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/Eschar R		Rabb	it	4		mg -	-
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		
Eyes	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		
Respiratory	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure					Resu	lt	
pís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin Mouse				Sensitizing		itizing	
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		
Respiratory	: There are no	data availa	able on	the mixtu	ure itse	elf.		
<u>Autagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							

Classification

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Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<pre>prystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)</pre>	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-
xylene	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
glass, oxide, chemicals	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-

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Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2	inhalation - inhalation	- hearing organs lungs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely	:	Not available.
routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	ł	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	•	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effec	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray

silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or

Section 11. Toxic		Sylcal mormation
		engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>8</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMASHIELD 460 BASE BLACK	12349.5	5537.4	N/A	16.0	2.0
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	3.56

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
øis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea)	21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	- OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test		dily - 10 days eadily - 29 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	Jradability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane xylene ethylbenzene					Not rea Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Code 00191641 Product name SIGMASI	HELD 460 BASE BLACK	Date of issue	4 April 2024	Version 8
Section 12. Ecolo	ogical inform	nation		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 1	8.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43		Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19		Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-		Low
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic	>6	-		High
acid, reaction products with				C
1,3-benzenedimethanamine				
and hexamethylenediamine				

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

UN proper shipping namePAINTPAINTPAINTPAINTTransport hazard class(es)3333Packing groupIIIIIIIIIIIIEnvironmental hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substance		UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
shipping nameImage: shipping nameImage: shipping nameTransport hazard class(es)333Packing groupIIIIIIIIIPacking groupIIIIIIIIIEnvironmental hazardsYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substance	UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
class(es)IIIIIIIIIPacking groupIIIIIIIIIIIIEnvironmental hazardsYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substance		PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Environmental hazardsYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substanceYes. The environmentally hazardous substance	-	3	3	3	3
hazardsenvironmentally hazardous substanceenvironmentally hazardous substanceenvironmentally hazardous substance	Packing group	III	III	III	
		environmentally hazardous substance	environmentally hazardous substance	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

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Section 14	. Transport inform	nation		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.
Additional inform	ation			
UN	: None identified.			
Brazil	: None identified.			
Risk number	: 30			
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.			
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation			

 Special precautions for user
 : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 3/21/2023
Version	: 8 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Other information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.